## 1984 STATE LATIN FORUM PENTATHLON TEST

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| I.<br>word | Vocabulary and Derivatives: Choose the best translation for the Latin<br>For words.                  |
|            |  |
| <b>1</b> e | legem rogare A. enforce a law B. obey the law C. propose a law D. break the law                      |
| ű,         | nocte superior<br>A. tomorrow night B. few nights C. night before last<br>D. last night              |
|            | majores<br>A. the older people B. generals C. ancestors D. important<br>citizens                     |
| 4.         | perditus<br>A. conrupt B. angry C. lost D. cruel   |
| 5.         | scelus<br>A. appearance B. stairs C. crime D. treachery  |
| Choo       | se the Latin word from which the English word is derived.  |
| 6.         | calorie - A. calix B. calo C. calvus D. caleo E. calo  |
| 7.         | venom – A. veni b. venenum C. veneror D. vendo E. venor  |
| 8.         | lesions - A. laesio B. laena C. laetans D. lacer E. laedo  |
| 9 i        | ossicle A. oson B. os C. os D. oscillum E. osculor   |
| 10.        | viridity A. virtus B. vir C. vireo D. vis E. virus   |
|            | Grammar: Select the word or words which correctly complete the ence.                                 |
| 11.        | Viri qui cupidi sunt pugnare non volunt cupidus (gen)  A. pacis B. paic C. pace D. pacem             |
| 12.        | Haec turris altiona quam illa est.<br>A. minus B. parum C. parvo D. paulo                            |
| 13.        | Dicit se heri suum librum A. amittere B. amissum esse C. amisisse D. amissurum esse                  |
| 14.        | Cognovi cur illi viri coniurationem facere A. conantur B. conarentur C. conati essent D. conati sint |
| 15.        | Meus frater esse vult.   |

Select the grammatical reason that corresponds correctly to the underlined word or words.

- 16. Scimus nostras copias hostes vincere <u>posse</u>.
  A. subjective infinitive B. indirect statement C. complementary infinitive D. objective infinitive
- 17. Nobis auxilio legatus copias mittet.
  A. ablative absolute B. ablative of means C. double dative
  D. indirect object
- 18. <u>Brevi tempore</u> ad oppidum parvum perveniemus. of A. ablative manner B. ablative of time C. ablative respect D. ablative of description
- 19. Cives dicunt se <u>pace</u> frui velle.

  A. ablative of means B. ablative of respect C. ablative with special verbs D. ablative of cause
- 20. <u>Milites.</u> quam fortissime pugnate. A. appositive B. subjunctive C. vocative case D. locative case
- III. History. Select the correct answer.
- 21. Which of the following was not a member of either the First or Second Triumvirate? A. Caesar B. Octavian C. Pompey D. Cicero E. Crassus
- 22. What was the fate of Hannibal?

  A. He was killed in battle. B. He died of old age. C. He was killed by his own people. D. He committed suicide. E. He was murdered at an Asiatic court.
- 23. How many different men held the consulship during the first year of the Republic?

  A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5 E. 6
- 24. What law gave Caesar his 5-year pro-consular command in Gaul?

  A. Lex Julia B. Lex Manilia C. Lex Vatinia D. Lex Aemilia
  E. Lex Hortensia
- 25. The final destruction of Carthage by Rome came in the year A. 146 BC B. 133 BC C. 201 BC D. 265 BC E. 216 BC.
- 26. What are the years of the Five Good Emperors?
  A. 69-117 AD B. 235-285 AD C. 96-180 AD D. 193-235 AD
  E. 285-333 AD.
- 27. Trajan set up his column to commemorate his campaigns in A. Parthia B. Africa C. Pannonia D. Spain E. Dacia.

- 28. In what year did Alaric sack Rome?
  A. 395 AD B. 410 AD C. 238 AD D. 146 AD E. 365 AD
- 29. How did Nero die?
  A. accident B. murder C. illness D. old age E. suicide
- 30. Who was the mother of Octavia and Britannicus? 'A. Messalina B. Agrippina Minor C. Urgulanilla D. Aetia E. Agrippina Maior
- IV: Customs: Select the correct answer.
- 31. Which of these is not part of a Roman House?
  A. fasces B. cella C. fauces D. compluvium
- 32. <u>Umbrae</u> were

  A. gods B. uninvited dinner guests C. relatives D. priestesses
- 33. <u>Hesperia</u> and <u>Oenotria</u> were other names for A. Italy B. Etrurua C. Greece D. Sicily.
- 34. A thermapolium would be found in A. the balneum B. Forum C. curia d. Colosseum
- 35. An <u>editor</u> referred to

  A. slave B. giver of gladitorial games C. shop keeper

  D. government official
- 36. A <u>vela</u> might be found

  A. on a bridge B. with a lady's cosmetics C. in an amphitheater D. in a soldier's pack.
- 37. The Forum at Rome was a low lying area between A. Palatine and Capitoline B. Capitoline and Aventine C. Esquiline and Capitoline D. Palatine and Quirinal.
- 38. Which of these vehicles could not be used in towns and cities?
  A. carruea B. lecticae C. sellae D. basterna
- 39. We are reminded of the Roman toga by
  A. judicial robes worn in court B. habits worn by religious orders C. panchos D. ladies' lounge wear.
- 40. The Tiber River was crossed by how many bridges?

  A. three B. five C. eight D. two
- V. Mythology: "Select the correct answer.
- 41. Dedipus' son whom Creon refused to allow to be buried and for whom Antigone died when she did bury him was
  A. Polyneices B. Ismeme C. Eteocles D. Laius.
- 42. Tree nymphs were

- A. Naiads B. Dryads C. Nereids D. Camenae.
- 43. The spirits of the good dead were

  A. Manes B. Hyades C. Lemures D. Selli.
- 44. Sisyphus eternally rolled a stone up a hill in Tartarus because he A. Killed his own children B. betrayed Zeus; secret C. thought himself better than gods D. insulted Hera.
- 45. Hercules left the Quest for the Golden Fleece because of the death of his armor-bearer named

  A. Hylas B. Lausus C. Epaphus D. Iolaus.
- 46. The daughter of the priest of Apollo taken by Agamemnon but later returned to her father was

  A. Chryseis B. celaeno C. Polyxena D. Briseis.
- 47. The one who was not the son of Europa was
  A. Minos B. Rhadamanthus C. Aeacus D. Sarpedon.
- 48. Boetia (heifer's land) got its name from the founder of Thebes who was named

  A. Cadmus B. Laomedon C. Atreus D. Tantalus.
- 49. The mother of the Minotaur was

  A. Pasiphae B. Hypermnestra C. Deianera D. Tethys.
- 50. The goddess who changed men into frogs after they denied her permission to drink the water of a pond was

  A. Maia B. Pomona C. Ariadne D. Latona.