

STATE LATIN FORUM - 1985

ADVANCED DERIVATIVES

I. From which Latin word is the English word derived?

1. nonchalant
a. caleo b. caligo c. calamitas d. callis e. calx
2. dishevelled
a. capio b. seco c. misceo d. senex e. capillus
3. succinct
a. cerno b. cinis c. citus d. cingo e. cieo
4. unveil
a. velox b. vellus c. velum d. vello e. veluti
5. combustion
a. utor b. uro c. ignis d. buteo e. urgeo
6. collision
a. fero b. laetor c. linquo d. lito e. laedo
7. default
a. fas b. falx c. fateor d. fallo e. faveo
8. feign
a. fero b. firmo c. fingo d. ferus e. figo
9. passage
a. pando b. pateo c. paro d. pango e. pars
10. salient
a. salvus b. salio c. saevio d. salus e. sal

II. Which English word is derived from the Latin word given?

11. fateor
a. fatigue b. profession c. fascination d. fastidious
e. infatuation
12. voveo
a. volume b. omnivorous c. disavow d. vouch e. devout
13. arcus
a. coerce b. arson c. argue d. arcade e. exercise
14. cano
a. charming b. candle c. changeable d. canary e. cancel

15. pendeo
a. penetration b. pencil c. penury d. indispensable
e. penthouse
16. minae
a. mess b. minuet c. promontory d. diminish e. menu
17. texo
a. subtle b. tint c. contrition d. intestate e. nasturtium
18. collum
a. colonial b. tricolor c. column d. percolator e. accolade
19. for
a. forfeit b. famous c. deformity d. foreign e. fountain
20. memini
a. demented b. mention c. commentary d. eminent
e. commensurate

III. Select the best meaning for the underlined words.

21. Peccant saints
a. peaceful b. pure of heart c. wealthy d. sinful
e. barefoot
22. A minatory gesture
a. insignificant b. helping c. weakening d. false
e. threatening
23. Opulent citizens
a. wealthy b. important c. oppressive d. hard-working
e. aristocratic
24. Ululant hounds
a. fierce b. howling c. wet d. avenging e. wounded
25. Mellifluous music
a. sweetly flowing b. contemporary c. gently moving
d. sleep-inducing e. abundant
26. Mollient words
a. strong b. admonitory c. assuaging d. sharp e. passionate
27. A susurrant audience
a. bored b. irritated c. murmuring d. appreciative e. quiet
28. A proliferous couple
a. successful b. argumentative c. wealthy d. fruitful
e. loving

29. Mordant remarks
a. humble b. funereal c. pretentious d. inane e. sarcastic
30. A soporific afternoon
a. hot b. sleep-inducing c. lazy d. troublesome e. busy
31. Vaticide is the murder of a
a. prophet b. grandfather c. pope d. aunt e. hunter
32. Coruscating wit
a. sparkling b. offensive c. intelligent d. acetic
e. maniacal
33. A pennate-shaped object looks like a
a. flag b. tooth c. reed d. penny e. wing
34. A humifuse plant
a. lies on the ground b. is found in a swamp c. is shaped
like the shoulder d. lives in a desert e. gives water
35. Hymeneal poems
a. religious b. athletic c. sad d. marriage e. esoteric
36. The graminivorous herd ate
a. seeds b. ants c. rodents d. greedily e. grass
37. The crinigerous stranger
a. refined b. hairy c. poorly dressed d. arrogant e. crippled
38. The anguineous animal resembled
a. a deer b. an owl c. a goose d. a snake e. a boar
39. "All affairs in human life are concatenate."
a. fated b. evil c. linked d. noisome e. endurable
40. The eburnean figurine
a. wooden b. ivory c. polished d. ebony e. shiny
41. A pinguid form
a. colorful b. fat c. well-dressed d. lifeless e. pleasing
42. He suffered from avoirdupois.
a. shortness of breath b. a limp c. a bad heart d. stomach
cramps e. obesity
43. Horses are ungulate animals because they
a. whinny b. have manes c. race d. have hoofs e. are
trainable
44. A venatic person is
a. kind b. hungry c. talkative d. a peddler e. fond of
hunting

45. People endure many vicissitudes in their lives.
a. changes b. periods of boredom c. illnesses d. hard times e. worries

IV. Which of the following is NOT derived from the same Latin word?

46. a. promiscuous b. misery c. miscellaneous d. medley e. melee
47. a. molecule b. molest c. mollusk d. molestation e. demolish
48. a. mutilate b. molt c. mutable d. transmute e. commute
49. a. apace b. expand c. compass d. spawn e. propaganda
50. a. expend b. pendant c. appendicitis d. independent e. propensity