

DISTRICT 2 LATIN FORUM 1991

GRAMMAR 1

1. A verb does NOT have  
a. tense. b. degree. c. voice. d. person.
2. Which of the following does NOT translate navigo?  
a. I sail b. I do sail c. I can sail d. I am sailing
3. The ablative can NOT be used to express  
a. accompaniment. b. agent. c. advantage. d. means.
4. An enclitic is found at the  
a. end of a sentence. b. end of a word. c. beginning of a sentence. d. beginning of a word.
5. Which of the following is NOT a conjunction?  
a. nam b. sed c. sine d. atque
6. Which of the following sentences would use the accusative place to which in Latin?  
a. I will go to sleep. b. Give the book to Marcus.  
c. We are going to Rome. d. I want to eat.
7. Which noun/adjective pair does NOT agree?  
a. pulchra agricola b. pulcher puer c. pulchra puella  
d. pulchrum corpus
8. Which of the following is NOT nominative singular?  
a. bella b. filia c. nauta d. stella
9. The ablative of mare is  
a. mare b. maris c. maria d. mari
10. Which verb is in the future tense?  
a. mittam b. scribo c. amabam d. fuero

What construction is illustrated in each of the sentences?

11. The soldier was armed with a sword.  
a. Ablative of Means b. Ablative of Accompaniment  
c. Ablative of Agent d. Ablative of Manner
12. This house is suitable for a large family.  
a. Dative of Advantage b. Dative of Indirect Object  
c. Dative with Certain Adjectives d. Dative of Purpose

Numbers 13 to 17 are based on the verb eo, ire, ii, itum.

13. Present active infinitive  
a. ire b. iri c. itus d. ii

14. 1st person singular present tense  
a. imus b. ibo c. eo d. is
15. Perfect active stem  
a. e b. ir c. i d. it
16. 3rd person singular perfect active indicative  
a. et b. iret c. it d. iit
17. Future perfect active indicative  
a. irent b. ieritis c. ieratis d. eunt

Choose the word that does NOT belong grammatically.

18. a. nauta b. poeta c. lingua d. agricola
19. a. vulnere b. videre c. portare d. ducere
20. a. ab b. sine c. ad d. pro
21. a. serve b. itinere c. fratre d. sorore
22. a. vulneratus est b. gerebantur c. cogor d. timeberis
23. a. gravi b. brevi c. mali d. forti
24. a. ponentur b. regentur c. ducentur d. terrentur
25. a. datum est b. mota sunt c. iutum est d. occupati sunt
26. a. scripsimus b. iuimus c. tradimus d. vicimus
27. a. tempus b. ludus c. annus d. campus
28. a. consulum b. virum c. nautarum d. liberorum
29. a. et b. atque c. -ne d. -que

Choose the word which correctly completes the analogy.

30. via : viarum :: \_\_\_\_\_ : templorum  
a. templi b. templis c. templum d. templa
31. navis : naves :: gladi : \_\_\_\_\_  
a. gladios b. gladiatorum c. gladius d. gladiis
32. regit : rexit :: \_\_\_\_\_ : timuit  
a. timeat b. timebat c. timet d. timebit
33. scribit : scripsit :: \_\_\_\_\_ : iuivit  
a. iuivet b. iuvat c. iuivaret d. iuivabit

34. videris : videbis :: \_\_\_\_\_ : ages  
 a. agis b. ageris c. egisti d. ageris

Choose the correct translation.

35. Didn't you like my spinach omelette?  
 a. nonne amavistis b. non amabas c. num amavisti  
 d. amavistine
36. I lived in Tallahassee for many years.  
 a. habitavi b. habitaveram c. habitavero d. habitabam
37. The farmer gave his daughters some good advice.  
 a. filiis b. filias c. filiae d. filiabus
38. They leaped from the fire into the water.  
 a. ab igne in aqua b. ab ignem in aqua c. ab igne in aquam  
 d. ab ignem in aquam
39. Send the letter, Marcus.  
 a. Mitte epistulam, Marce. b. Mittis epistulam, Marce.  
 c. Mittes epistulam, Marcus. d. Mitte epistulam, Marcus.
40. Where are you going?  
 a. ubi b. unde c. quin d. quo
41. The boys and girls were happy while playing with their toys.  
 a. laeti b. laetae c. laetos d. laetas
42. They had traveled far.  
 a. longi b. longe c. longa d. longum
43. Children, you must be kind to your friends.  
 a. tuis b. vestros c. tuos d. vestris
44. The Greeks seized the town of Troy.  
 a. Troiam b. Troianam c. Troiae d. Troianae
45. The queen was called Helen.  
 a. Helenam b. Helena c. Helenae d. Helena

Use this passage to answer questions #46-50.

#### AT AN AUCTION

- Aponius ad auctionem venit. Imperator Caligula gladiatores vendebat. Aponius tamen fessus erat. Quod fessus erat, mox nutabat. Diu dormiebat et nutabat. Tum amicus, "Surge, Aponi!" clamavit. Aponius subsellia circumspexit. Prope eum erant duo murmilliones, tres bestiarii, octo retiarii.  
 5 "Quid est?" rogavit Aponius. "Cuius sunt hi gladiatores?"  
 "Nunc sunt tui," respondit amicus.

46. Caligula was \_\_\_\_\_ gladiators.  
a. buying b. exhibiting c. selling d. rewarding
47. The form of surge (line 3):  
a. ablative b. imperative c. vocative d. infinitive
48. Aponius found himself surrounded by \_\_\_\_\_ gladiators.  
a. 3 b. 5 c. 8 d. 13
49. Aponius got into trouble because he  
a. was tired. b. nodded. c. slept. d. got up
50. The tone of this story is  
a. tragic. b. humorous. c. sad. d. angry