DISTRICT 2 LATIN FORUM 1991

LATIN LITERATURE

- Who is the author of the <u>Res Gestae</u>?
 a. Caesar b. Pompey c. Cicero d. Augustus
- 2. The modern play "A Funny Thing Happened on the Way to the Forum" is based primarily on three plays of a. Plautus. b. Seneca. c. Terence. d. Ovid.
- 3. Who wrote a famous poem about "The Ship of State"? a. Horace b. Ovid c. Catullus d. Vergil
- The vulgarity of the <u>nouveau riche</u> Trimalchio is described in a very funny account by
 Seneca the Elder. b. Statius. c. Juvenal.
 d. Petronius
- 5. What school of philosophy is the basis of the <u>Meditations</u> by Marcus Aurelius?
 a. Academic b. Stoic c. Neoplatonic d. Epicurean
- 6. What goddess is invoked at the beginning of the <u>De Rerum Natura?</u>
 a. Juno b. Venus c. Minerva d. Ceres
- 7. Who was the literary patron of the poet Tibullus?
 a. Maecenas b. Gaius Memmius c. Valerius Messalla
 d. Asinius Pollio
- 8. Where did Ovid live out his final years?
 a. Rome b. Massilia c. Tomi d. Pandateria
- According to Quintilian, the most important qualification for an orator is
 a. good acting techniques.
 b. integrity.
 c. a noble bearing.
 d. intelligence.
- 10. In what work does Cicero discuss the three basic forms of government--monarchy, aristocracy, democracy--and conclude that the ideal form is a combination of all three?

 a. <u>De Legibus</u> b. <u>De Officiis</u> c. <u>Tusculanae Disputationes</u> d. De Republica
- 11. Sallust wrote a history of the war against a king who claimed that Rome was a "city for sale." Who was that king? a. Mithridates b. Antiochus c. Ptolemy d. Jugurtha
- 12. Who wrote a work purporting to be a series of correspondences between famous historical and mythological lovers?
 a. Tacitus b. Ovid c. Catullus d. Lucan

- 13. What author and rhetorician was made the first paid professor in Rome by the emperor Vespasian?
 a. Varro b. Suetonius c. Quintilian d. Pliny the Younger
- 14. Who describes Catiline as "nobili genere natus, fuit magna vi et animi et corporis, sed ingenio malo pravoque"? a. Caesar b. Sallust c. Cicero d. Livy
- 15. Pyrgopolynices is a famous character found in a play by a. Terence. b. Accius. c. Plautus. d. Pacuvius.
- 16. Who wrote a work entitled <u>Ars Poetica</u>? a. Cicero b. Ovid c. Horace d. Vergil
- 17. Suetonius begins each of his <u>Lives</u> with the ______ of his subject.
 a. offices held b. manner of death c. genealogy d. ascension to power
- 18. What prompted Cicero to write the <u>De Consolatione</u>? a. the death of his brother's wife b. the death of his best friend c. the death of his son d. the death of his daughter
- 19. Whom does Catullus tease for attempting to condense the history of the world into an enormous multi-volume compendium?
 a. Licinius Macer b. Sallust c. Cornelius Nepos d. Asinius Pollio
- 20. Who wrote a satirical work entitled Apocolocyntosis? a. Seneca b. Lucan c. Horace d. Juvenal
- 21. "Erat Athenis spatiosa et capax domus" begins a ghost story contained in a letter of a. Cicero. b. Pliny. c. Atticus. d. Cato the Younger.
- 22. The author of the <u>Thebaid</u> and the <u>Achilleid</u>:
 a. Seneca the Younger b. Ovid c. Statius d. Apuleius
- 23. What genre of literature is associated with Accius? a. epic b. history c. tragedy d. biography
- 24. Which poet participated as a soldier in the First Punic War and later used it as the subject of his most famous work? a. Livius Andronicus b. Naevius c. Ennius d. Pacuvius
- 25. Who wrote the last book of Caesar's <u>Commentarii de Bello Gallico</u>?

 a. Titus Labienus b. Aulus Hirtius c. Sallust d. Antony

- 26. What did Horace once do which earned him the ire of the young Octavian?
 a. fought for the tyrannicides at Philippi b. wrote a poem insulting Octavian's wife c. fought for Antony at Actium d. participated in the conspiracy against Caesar
- 27. Whom does Catullus call "disertissime Romuli nepotum"?
 a. Cicero b. Vergil c. Caesar d. Horace
- 28. Which province was truly the most fertile source of literary genius during the early empire, being the birthplace of Martial, Lucan, Quintilian, and the two Senecas?

 a. Gaul b. Britain c. Germany d. Spain
- 29. What woman was loved by the poet Catullus and immortalized as Lesbia in his poems?
 a. Clodia b. Daphne c. Pompeia d. Bandusia
- 30. What writer was banished to Egypt by the emperor Domitian?
 a. Suetonius b. Pliny c. Juvenal d. Tacitus
- 31. What Roman playwright was born in Carthage?
 a. Ovid b. Plautus c. Lucilius d. Terence
- 32. In Book V of the <u>Gallic Wars</u>, what event incites the Romans to put aside fear, leave the ships, and attack the Britons?

 a. Caesar jumps overboard. b. The Britons attack the ships.

 c. A standard-bearer leads the way. d. The ships begin to sink.
- 33. Which author was commissioned to write the first Latin comedy for the Ludi Romani of 240 B.C.?
 a. Plautus b. Naevius c. Ennius d. Livius Andronicus
- 34. What actor is known to us not so much for his ability on the stage as for a lawsuit involving his citizenship which Cicero argued?

 a. Phaedrus b. Roscius c. Laberius d. Maccius
- 35. What two famous Silver Age authors were accused of participating in the Pisonian conspiracy and took their lives on account of it?

 a. Lucan and Seneca b. Lucan and Martial c. Juvenal and Tacitus d. Pliny and Persius
- 36. Whose work describes the adventures of a certain Lucius?
 a. Ovid b. Apollodorus c. Apuleius d. Cornelius Nepos
- 37. What term did Catullus use to describe his poems? a. nugae b. humera c. fabulae d. palliata

- 38. What author said he wrote "sine ira et studio"? a. Caesar b. Tacitus c. Suetonius d. Livy
- 39. Who wrote a series of works on formal rhetoric entitled Controversiae and Suasoriae?
 a. Seneca the Elder b. Varro c. Quintilian d. Pliny the Elder
- 40. Which of the following was a famous satirist and member of the Scipionic circle?
 a. Horace b. Seneca c. Terence d. Lucilius
- 41. What Roman orator is credited with 150 speeches but is perhaps most famous for his hatred of Carthage?
 a. Cicero b. Scipio Africanus c. Hortensius d. Cato the Elder
- 42. What is the title of Lucan's famous epic?
 a. Bellum Civile b. Punica c. Annales d. Origines
- 43. What author wrote a panegyric on the life of the emperor Trajan?
 a. Seneca b. Martial c. Tacitus d. Pliny the Younger
- 44. What Roman wrote an incredibly bad poem about his own consulship?a. Caesar b. Pompey c. Cato the Elder d. Cicero
- 45. What author's works include a violent attack on women in which he describes the insatiable lust of Messalina?
 a. Juvenal b. Seneca the Younger c. Tacitus d. Martial
- 46. The <u>Metamorphoses</u> of Apuleius is better known as a. <u>The Golden Ass</u>. b. <u>Pharsalia</u>. c. <u>Cena Trimalchionis</u>. d. <u>Satires</u>
- 47. Who described Caesar's writing as "nudi enim sunt, recti et venusti, omni ornationis tamquam veste detracta"?

 a. Cato the Younger b. Antony c. Augustus d. Cicero
- 48. What man, author of the <u>Menippean Satires</u>, was called by Quintilian "the most learned of the Romans"?

 a. Cicero b. Varro c. Cato the Younger d. Horace
- 49. Rope is the name of a wonderful Alfred Hitchcock movie which everyone should see, but it is also the title of a work by a. Terence. b. Juvenal. c. Plautus d. Ennius
- 50. Of what author did St. Augustine say that he read so much it was a wonder that he could write and wrote so much it was a wonder he could read?

 a. Quintilian b. Varro c. Cicero d. Cato