

1995 REGIONAL LATIN FORUM

ADVANCED DERIVATIVES

I. Choose the word(s) which best completes the sentence or analogy.

1. The governor _____ the death sentence to life imprisonment.
a. committed b. commissioned c. commuted d. communed
2. Although he dreaded the assignment, he did not make his _____ obvious.
a. ambiguity b. disinclination c. obscurity
d. inscrutability
3. He could not hire his own son because of the company's policy against _____
a. seniority. b. egotism. c. paternity. d. nepotism.
4. With a(n) _____ smile, the kind old man patted the child on the head.
a. avuncular b. atavistic c. cerebral d. connubial
5. Disparaging the efforts of small children makes them feel
a. unequal to the task.
b. satisfied with their attempts.
c. happy about their accomplishments.
d. alienated from society.
6. Isaac Asimov, who wrote over 300 books, could certainly be called a _____ author.
a. perfunctory b. voracious c. prolific
d. efficacious
7. An indolent person could also be described as
a. egregious. b. otiose. c. deleterious.
d. lachrymose.
8. In order to reflect the _____ use of the imperfect, she translated capiebat as "He kept trying to catch . . ."
a. credible b. sequential c. incipient d. conative
9. Coruscation is a characteristic of a
a. diamond. b. horse. c. soldier. d. tree.
10. succinct : verbose ::
a. ridiculous : ludicrous b. eloquent : suppliant
c. febrile : gelid d. terrific : soporific

11. A venial crime
a. involves bribery.
b. is committed with poison.
c. is of primary concern to the Fish and Game Commission.
d. is an excusable offense.

12. The incunabula of human life:
a. its defeats b. its infancy c. its history
d. its laws

II. Choose the meaning of the Latin root from which the given word is derived.

13. oblivious
a. unclear b. forget c. turn away d. blind

14. recondite
a. build b. give c. hide d. settle

15. insinuate
a. bay b. nose c. enter d. wave

16. camera
a. office b. picture c. box d. vault

17. torsion
a. be stiff b. barber c. bull d. twist

18. ingurgitate
a. swallow b. stomach c. taste d. abyss

19. eburnation
a. sleep b. fire c. ivory d. drink

20. palpable
a. throb b. be anxious c. touch d. straggle

21. pronate
a. inclined b. be born c. swim d. displayed

III. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

22. salient
a. salio b. salus c. salvus d. salum

23. hesitate
a. haurio b. hiatus c. haereo d. horreo

24. create
a. crepo b. creo c. crebresco d. cresco

25. remorse
a. molior b. mucro c. mugio d. mordeo
26. astonish
a. tollo b. tondeo c. tolero d. tono
27. sparse
a. parco b. arx c. spargo d. spatium
28. adept
a. adimo b. adipiscor c. adeo d. adigo
29. scale
a. seco b. scando c. scio d. scindo
30. varsity
a. verto b. varius c. virus d. varus

IV. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.

31. grex
a. egregious b. egress c. aggressive d. aggrieve
32. ala
a. adult b. alacrity c. aisle d. alarm
33. tingo
a. tine b. taint c. tension d. tickle
34. cavea
a. veil b. jail c. precaution d. avarice
35. iacto
a. castigate b. jonquil c. jetsam d. excite
36. niteo
a. iterative b. annihilate c. tent d. neat
37. artus
a. articulate b. artichoke c. artificial d. artery
38. dirigo
a. draw b. drench c. dredge d. dress
39. plaudio
a. deplore b. explosion c. splay d. plaintiff
40. fundo
a. defunct b. foundry c. defuse d. profundity

V. Choose the word which does NOT belong by derivation.

41. a. joy b. jovial c. gaudy d. rejoice
42. a. abound b. undulate c. unction d. inundate
43. a. void b. vacation c. vague d. vacuity
44. a. salad b. saucepan c. salmon d. saucy
45. a. distort b. torpedo c. torch d. torment
46. a. strenuous b. district c. strait d. astringent
47. a. dire b. consider c. undesirable d. sidereal
48. a. surprise b. appraise c. impregnable d. comprehend
49. a. compact b. propagate c. impinge d. trespass
50. a. vanish b. vain c. vaunt d. vary