

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1997

ADVANCED GRAMMAR

I. Choose the word that does NOT belong grammatically.

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|---------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 1. a. audeo | b. gaudeo | c. ludo | d. fido |
| 2. a. prae | b. praeter | c. prope | d. propter |
| 3. a. servio | b. credo | c. iubeo | d. impero |
| 4. a. nolimus | b. potuimus | c. ferimus | d. fuimus |
| 5. a. decet | b. taedet | c. libet | d. pendet |
| 6. a. plenus | b. notus | c. ignarus | d. avidus |
| 7. a. animus | b. pelagus | c. ventus | d. remus |
| 8. a. fungor | b. metior | c. potior | d. utor |
| 9. a. nihil | b. instar | c. fas | d. vis |
| 10. a. laedo | b. caedo | c. pello | d. tango |

II. Choose the best translation for the underlined words or the best answer to fill in the blank provided.

11. Do you prefer to live in the country?

- a. Mavisne vivere ruri? b. Malisne vivere ruri?
 c. Mavisne vivere in rure? d. Malisne vivere in rure?

12. We had to cross a river ten feet deep.

- a. decem pedibus altitudinem b. decem pedibus altis
 c. decem pedes altos d. decem pedum altitudine

13. Omnes iudicamus eum dignissimum _____.

- a. honore b. honoris c. honori d. honorem

14. Liberi Romam ierunt _____.

- a. ut ludos videant b. causa ludorum videndi
 c. ad ludos videndos d. quo ludos viderent

15. Pedes _____.

- a. a Caesare laudandi sunt b. Caesari laudandi sunt.
 c. Caesare laudandus est d. Caesari laudandus est.

16. We have come to work.

- a. ut laboremus b. nos laborare
 c. ad laboranda d. laboratum

17. Do you have his money?
 a. sua b. ei c. sibi d. eius
18. Would that I had come sooner!
 a. me venisse b. veneram c. venissem d. venirem
19. Caesar dixit milites qui _____ interfectos esse.
 a. fugerunt b. fugissent c. fugerant d. fugerint
20. There are those who say that the journey is too long.
 a. qui dicant iter difficillimum esse.
 b. qui dicant iter difficilius esse.
 c. qui dicunt iter difficilius esse.
 d. qui dicunt iter difficillimum esse.
21. Imperator iussit _____.
 a. militibus ut castra ponerent.
 b. milites castra ponere.
 c. milites ut castra ponent.
 d. militibus castra poni.
22. Scio _____.
 a. quem vestri pecuniam amisit.
 b. quis vestrum pecuniam amiserit.
 c. quem e vobis pecuniam amisisset.
 d. quis vestram pecuniam amiserat.
23. Marcus agrum _____ vendidit.
 a. septem milia sestertium
 b. septem milium sesterium
 c. septem milibus sesterium
 d. septem milibus sesteribus
24. He ran so that no one would find him.
 a. ne quis eum inveniret.
 b. ut nemo eum inveniat.
 c. ne aliquis eum inveniat
 d. ut nemo eum inveniret.
25. I am afraid that I have forgotten you.
 a. ne te obliscerem. b. ne tui oblitus sim.
 c. ut tibi oblitus sim. d. ut tu obliscerem.
26. The fire started while we were sleeping.
 a. dum dormiremus b. dum dormiamus
 c. dum dormimus d. dum dormiebamus
27. What was I to say?
 a. dicere eram b. dicam c. dicere debo d. dicerem

28. Since he had lost many soldiers, the general was forced to surrender.
a. multis militibus amissis
b. cum multi milites amissi erant
c. multos milites amittens
d. quod multi milites amissi essent
29. If he had been happy, he would have stayed.
a. manserit b. maneret
c. mansisset d. mansurus erat
30. I am waiting for him to arrive.
a. dum perveniat b. ut perveniat
c. donec perveniet d. ei pervenire
31. I do not doubt that he will win.
a. ut vincat. b. quin vincat.
c. eum victurum esse. d. vincet.
32. I regret that deed.
a. me illius facti paenitet.
b. mihi ilud factum paenitet.
c. me illi facto paenitet.
d. mei illud factum paenitet.
33. We must believe him.
a. credere ei debemus.
b. credere eum debeamus.
c. ei a nobis credendum est.
d. eum nobis credendum est.
34. There is need of courage at this time.
a. virtutis b. virtuti c. virtutem d. virtute
35. If you ran, you would escape.
a. si curreres b. si curras
c. si curris d. si cucurreris
36. To finish the job more quickly we worked all night.
a. ut perficiamus b. quo perficeremus
c. ut perficeremus d. quo perficiamus
37. He hopes to see you soon.
a. videre b. ut videat
c. ad videndum d. se visurum esse
38. Tempestas impedit _____ discedamus.
a. quominus b. ut c. quin d. donec

39. _____ ad rem nostram interest.
 a. magni b. magnum c. magnus d. magno

40. Nunc _____ usus est.
 a. ducem b. ducis c. duce d. duci

III. Questions 41 - 50 refer to the following passage from one of Cicero's letters to Tiro.

Quo in discrimine versetur salus mea et bonorum omnium atque universae rei publicae ex eo scire potes domos nostras et patriam ipsam vel diripiendam vel inflammandam reliquimus. In eum locum res deducta est ut, nisi qui deus vel casus aliquis subvenerit, salvi esse nequeamus. Evidem ut veni ad urbem, non destiti omnia et sentire et dicere et facere quae ad concordiam pertinerent; sed mirus invaserat furor non solum improbis, sed etiam eis qui boni habentur, ut pugnare cuperent, me clamante nihil esse bello civili miserius.

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41. Identify the use of the subjunctive illustrated by versetur (line 1)
 a. relative clause of characteristic
 b. purpose clause
 c. indirect question
 d. subordinate clause in indirect discourse
42. Identify the form of diripiendam (line 3).
 a. future passive participle b. gerund
 c. present subjunctive d. future indicative
43. Identify the kind of adjective illustrated by qui in line 4.
 a. demonstrative b. interrogative
 c. distributive d. indefinite
44. What is the best translation for ut (line 5)?
 a. so that b. how c. as d. that
45. Identify the use of the subjunctive illustrated by pertinerent (line 7).
 a. relative purpose clause
 b. indirect question
 c. relative clause of characteristic
 d. subordinate clause in indirect discourse
46. Identify the case and usage of improbis (line 8).
 a. dative, reference b. dative, with compound verbs
 c. ablative, cause d. ablative, description

47. Identify the case and use of bello (line 9).
 - a. dative, purpose b. dative, with adjectives
 - c. ablative, specification d. ablative, comparison
48. What is the best translation of me clamante in line 9?
 - a. While shouting at me b. Because I was shouting
 - c. If I shouted d. Although I shouted
49. What is Cicero's purpose in writing this letter?
 - a. to express his concern for Tiro's safety
 - b. to inform Tiro of events in Rome
 - c. to ask Tiro to send assistance
 - d. to advise Tiro of his plans
50. Cicero's mood in this letter could best be described as
 - a. despairing. b. self-congratulatory.
 - c. indifferent. d. belligerent.