## REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 1998

## **GEOGRAPHY**

- The Ebro River marked the boundary of Carthaginian territory in
   a. Africa. b. Hispania. c. Sicilia. d. Gallia.
- Trajan's Column celebrates his victory over Dacia, the present-day country of a. Croatia. b. Bosnia. c. Yugoslavia. d. Romania.
- 3. Dido fled to Carthage from Tyre, a city in a. Phoenicia. b. Libya. c. Phrygia. d. Lycia.
- 4. Ithaca is \_\_\_\_ of Greece.
  a. north b. south c. east d. west
- 5. Veii, which was captured by the Romans in 396 B.C., was located in a. Latium. b. Campania. c. Etruria. d. Picenum.
- 6. To capture the cattle of Geryon, Heracles had to travel to Gades, a city in a. Thrace. b. Sicily. c. Thessaly. d. Spain.
- 7. Which direction did Agamemnon have to travel from Mycenae to visit his brother in Sparta?
  a. north b. south c. east d. west
- 8. Nicaea, where the emperor Constantine held two church councils, was located in a. Bithynia. b. Judaea. c. Ionia. d. Syria.
- 9. Alexander the Great died in Babylon, a city on the River.

  a. Euphrates b. Halys c. Tigris d. Orontes
- 10. Prometheus was chained to the Caucasus Mountains, a range to the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Pontus Euxinus.
  a. north b. south c. east d. west
- 11. Mytilene, whose citizens narrowly escaped annihilation for attempting to withdraw from the Delian League, is located on the island of a. Crete. b. Lesbos. c. Rhodes. d. Samothrace.
- 12. To get to Troy from Aulis, the Greeks sailed a. southwest. b. northeast. c. southeast. d. northwest.
- 13. Cumae, where Aeneas visited the Sibyl, is located closest to a. Troy. b. Carthage. c. Naples. d. Drepanum.

- 14. The Circus Maximus was located between the Palatine and the \_\_\_\_\_ hills in Rome.
  a. Capitoline b. Esquiline c. Quirinal d. Aventine
- 15. Which of the following cities is located on the Adriatic Coast?

  a. Halicarnassus
  b. Saguntum
  c. Leptis Magna
  d. Dyrrhachium
- 16. Which of the following is NOT in Africa?
  a. Cirta b. Utica c. Munda d. Zama
- 17. Eleusis, the site of a mystery religion associated with the goddess Demeter, is located near a. Sparta. b. Troezen. c. Olympia. d. Athens.
- 18. Which island is closest to Troy?
  a. Lemnos b. Chios c. Samos d. Scyros
- 19. Which body of water separated Byzantium from Calchedon?
  a. Hellespont b. Bosphorus c. Propontis d. Saronic Gulf
- 20. Antony and Octavian defeated Brutus and Cassius at Philippi, a city in a. Epirus. b. Illyricum. c. Macedonia. d. Thessaly.
- 21. Augustus banished his daughter to Pandateria, an island in the \_\_\_\_\_ Sea.
  a. Tyrrhenian b. Aegean c. Adriatic d. Black
- 22. The centaur Chiron educated many Greek heroes in a cave on Mt. Pelion, located in a. Thessaly. b. Boeotia. c. Arcadia. d. Attica.
- 23. Which of the following rivers is <u>NOT</u> in Italy? a. Allia b. Metaurus c. Baetis d. Aufidus
- 24. Mt. Graupius, where Agricola defeated the Caledonians, is located in present-day a. Ireland. b. Portugal. c. Scotland. d. Belgium.
- 25. Which of the following places visited by Alexander the Great was farthest east?
  a. Gordium b. Babylon c. Susa d. Issus
- 26. The largest lake in Italy: a. Regillus b. Moeris c. Avernus d. Trasimene
- 27. Which river flowed past Olympia?
  a. Alpheus b. Ilissus c. Maeander d. Scamander

- 28. Cilicia shared a border with all of the following EXCEPT a. Pontus. b. Cappadocia. c. Syria. d. Pamphylia.
- 29. According to Hesiod, Aphrodite rose from the foam of the sea near Cythera, an island
  a. east of Euboea. b. south of the Peloponnese.
  c. in the Cyclades. d. off the coast of Asia Minor.
- 30. Which mountain would Theseus have seen when he traveled to Knossos from Athens?
  a. Dicte b. Eryx c. Helicon d. Ida
- 31. What did the Romans call modern Lisbon?
  a. Olisipo b. Burdigala c. Narbo d. Asturica
- 32. Which of the following was closest to the Colosseum?
  a. Baths of Trajan b. Stadium of Domitian c. Pantheon
  d. Ara Pacis
- 33. Which of the following cities in Gaul is located farthest north?
  a. Alesia b. Bibracte c. Gergovia d. Uxellodunum
- 34. Which of the following Roman provinces was located farthest east?
  a. Moesia b. Cappadocia c. Pannonia d. Mysia
- 35. Which direction would you travel from Rome to reach Alba Longa, the city founded by Aeneas' son Ascanius?
  a. northeast b. east c. southeast d. south
- 36. Which mountain in Greece is farthest north?
  a. Cithaeron b. Hymettus c. Helicon d. Parnassus
- 37. Which modern-day city was re-named in A.D. 50 by Claudius after his wife Agrippina?
  a. Cologne b. Trier c. Budapest d. Augsburg
- 38. Vindolanda : Britannia :: Vindobona : a. Aquitania b. Pannonia c. Lusitania d. Cilicia
- 39. Which city is <u>NOT</u> located in the Peloponnese?
  a. Tiryns b. Argos c. Corinth d. Orchomenos
- 40. Vetera and Moguntiacum were
  a. rivers in Gaul. b. mountains in Thrace.
  c. forts on the Rhine. d. cities on the Black Sea.

Questions 41-45 refer to the map of the Roman Empire.

41. Number 41 marks the site of the battle of a. Salamis. b. Actium. c. Pharsalus. d. Plataea.

- 42. The area marked #42 was called a. Numidia. b Mauretania. c. Cyrenaica. d. Aegyptus.
- 43. The river designated by #43 is the a. Garumna. b. Sequana. c. Rhodanus. d. Liger.
- 44. Number 44 marks the city of a. Ephesus. b. Miletus. c. Adrianople. d. Pergamum.
- 45. Which city is marked by #45?
  a. Luca b. Ravenna c. Ostia d. Mediolanum

Questions 46-50 refer to the map of Rome.

- 46. Which hill is marked by #46?
  a. Caelian b. Quirinal c. Janiculum d. Viminal
- 47. The bridge marked by #47 is the Pons a. Aelius. b. Sublicius. c. Milvius. d. Fabricius.
- 48. The area marked #48 was called the a. Subura. b. Campus Martius. c. Horti Sallustii. d. Forum Boarium.
- 49. Number 49 designates the Baths of a. Trajan. b. Caracalla. c. Diocletian. d. Titus.
- 50. Number 50 marks the site of the a. Temple of Venus and Rome. b. Mausoleum of Hadrian. c. Column of Trajan. d. Theater of Pompey.



