REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 1999

HEPTATHLON

I. Vocabulary

- 1. subito
 a. below b. far away c. moreover d. suddenly
- 2. threaten a. condo b. arguo c. exuro d. impendeo
- 3. on the contrary a. immo b. idcirco c. vixdum d. verum
- 4. pareo a. spare b. please c. obey d. demand
- Choose the <u>ANTONYM</u> of <u>fateor</u>.
 a. nego b. ignoro c. aio d. assequor
- 6. Choose the <u>SYNONYM</u> of <u>turpis</u>.a. imperitus b. taeter c. nefarius d. atrox
- 7. Which word does **NOT** belong by meaning? a. grex b. caterva c. turba d. contumelia

II. Derivatives

- 8. The word <u>exorbitant</u> comes from the Latin word meaning a. honor. b. circle. c. order. d. price.
- 9. The word <u>radical</u> comes from the Latin word meaning a. ray. b. root. c. rage. d. rude
- 10. Choose the word which does **NOT** belong by derivation? a section b sickle c sect d segment
- 11. Which word is **NOT** derived from moles?

 a. demolish b. molecule c. molest d. immolation
- 12. From what Latin word do we derive <u>tension</u>? a. teneo b. tener c. tendo d. tenuis
- 13. From what Latin word do we derive <u>impair</u>?

 a. peior b. patior c. peritus d. pauper

14. The arrogant driver obviously thought the traffic laws could be violated with a immunity. b. impunity. c. impudence. d. imputability.

III. Mythology

- 15. Zeus had important offspring by all of the following **EXCEPT** a. Danaë. b. Maia. c. Thetis. d. Alcmena.
- 16. The friend of Orestes:a. Pylades b. Pythias c. Iphicles d. Ion
- 17. Which of the following does **NOT** belong?

 a. Aglaia b. Thalia c. Lachesis d. Euphrosyne
- 18. Which of the following was the only survivor of the Seven Against Thebes?
 a. Tydeus b. Capaneus c. Hippomedon d. Adrastus
- 19. Which of the following were **NOT** brother and sister?

 a. Cadmus and Europa b. Boreas and Cleopatra
 - c. Hector and Polyxena d. Orestes and Electra
- 20. With whom is Mentor associated?

 a. Achilles b. Telamon c. Telemachus d. Aeacus
- 21. Which of the following is correctly matched?
 a. Ladon Io b. Sirius Hesperides c. Argus Pittheus d. Laelaps Cephalus

IV. Customs

- 22. The most elaborate and binding type of wedding ceremony: a. confarreatio b. usus c. manus d. coemptio
- 23. Which of the following was known to the Romans?
 a. cheese b. pasta c. chocolate d. potatoes
- 24. The <u>pompa</u>, <u>carceres</u>, and <u>oppida</u> are all associated with a religious services. b chariot racing. c. gladiatorial games. d theater performances.

	25.	a. the chest containing the imagines b. a fast-food restaurant c. the slave who took care of the household pets d. a type of tomb
	26.	What were scrinia? a. writing instruments b. cylindrical boxes for storing books c. seats in a theater d. children's toys
	27.	Which of the following statements about Rome's water supply is <u>NOT</u> true? a. More water went to the baths in the afternoon. b. Water was regulated within a Roman house by a stopcock and faucets. c. The reservoir was called a <u>caput aquarum</u> . d. The water-tight pipes in an aqueduct were made from sheets of lead.
	28.	Which of the following was used for transporting farm produce? a. arcera b. carruca c. plaustrum d. pilentum
V.	Mo	ottoes, etc.
	29.	What is the abbreviation for "namely"? a. q.v. b. viz. c. h.s. d. quotid.
	30.	Complete this famous line by Catullus: "ave atque" a. salve b. ama c. ora d. vale
	31.	Choose the modern equivalent of this quotation: "Pares cum paribus facillime congregantur." a. Big trees from little acorns grow. b. A stitch in time saves nine. c. Birds of a feather flock together. d. You can't make a silk purse out of a sow's ear.
•	32	Alis volat propiis is the motto of a. Colorado. b. New Mexico. c. Oregon. d. Michigan.
	33	. Who coined the phrase, "Errare est humanum"? a. Seneca b. Cicero c. Horace d. Vergil
	34	. Complete this well-known phrase: Dux femina a. est b. regni c. videtur d. facti
		그는 그는 그는 이번 사람이 있지 않을 사용하는 것이 하는 모습이다. 그리고 있는 이 작은 사람

- 35. Which of the following is the motto of London?
 - a. Fluctuat nec mergitur b. Nisi Dominus frustra
 - c. Praemonitus praemunitus d. Domine, dirige nos

VI. History

- 36. Who was the mother of Octavia and Britannicus?
 - a. Agrippina the Younger b. Aetia c. Messalina d. Urgulanilla
- 37. How did Hannibal die?
 - a. old age b. killed in battle c. committed suicide
 - d. murdered by his host
- 38. The Cimbri and Teutoni inflicted a severe defeat on the Romans near
 - a. Arausio. b. Aquae Sulis c. Antium. d. Aquae Sextiae.
- 39. Which two emperors died at Eboracum in Britain?
 - a. Hadrian and Septimius Severus b. Septimius Severus and Constantius Chlorus
 - c. Constantius Chlorus and Claudius d. Claudius and Hadrian
- 40. What two cities fell to the Romans in 146 B.C.?
 - a. Corinth and Carthage b. Carthage and Numantia
 - c. Numantia and Athens d. Athens and Corinth
- 41. Roman general who put down the Pannonian revolt in A.D. 9:
 - a. Tiberius b. Germanicus c. Varus d. Drusus
- 42. According to tradition, how many different men held the consulship during the first year of the Republic?
 - a. 2 b. 3 c. 4 d. 5

VII. Grammar

- 43. Rogavit
 - a. quid factum esset. b. quod factum esse. c. quod factum esset.
 - d. quid factum esse.
- 44. Catilina mansit.
 - a. in Roma b. Romam c. Roma d. Romae
- 45. Let's go eat!
 - a. Nobis licet ut edemus. b. Excedamus ut edamus.
 - c. Excedimus edere. d. Nobis licet ut iremus et ederemus.

46.	Credimus agricolas ex agris a. expulsos esse b. expulsi sint c. expulsas esse d. expulsae sint
47.	Hic orator dicendi utitur. a. genere novo b. genus novum c. generis novi d. generi novo
48.	After encouraging his soldiers, Caesar led them into battle. a. Militibus hortantibus b. Milites hortatus c. Militibus hortatis d. Milites hortatos
49.	Si Cornelia mihi imperavisset, a. eam pararem b. ei paraverim c. ei paruissem d. eam paruissem

50. Take the number of gerund forms, multiply it by the number of times Julius Caesar invaded Britain, multiply it by the number of days a Roman mourned after the death of a family member, divide it by the number of letters in the word from which we derive "ceiling," multiply it by the number of words in the Latin phrase meaning "one of a kind," add the number of letters in the Latin word meaning "how many," and divide by the number of children Leda had. What is your answer?

a. 7 b. 8 c. 9 d. 12