

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2000
GREEK DERIVATIVES

I. Choose the answer which illustrates or means the same as the underlined word or best completes the sentence.

1. Encephalitis occurs in the
a. spine. b. head. c. stomach. d. ear.
2. The word "snafu," which means "situation normal, all fouled up," is an example of a(n)
a. acronym. b. metaphor. c. hyperbole. d. paradox.
3. A cygnet is a baby
a. owl. b. swan. c. dove. d. eagle.
4. Which of the following might be suffering from anemia?
a. Hank is prone to sudden rages.
b. Maria takes insulin daily.
c. Franco was kicked in the head during a soccer game.
d. Sally is pale and listless.
5. Dendrites are so-called because they
a. are located close to the skin. b. cause acute pain in the joints.
c. contain an electric charge. d. branch like trees.
6. Which of the following could be described as aphyllous?
a. moss b. tree c. fern d. plant
7. Which of the following is experiencing dyspepsia?
a. Brad is constantly wandering about the room.
b. Rachael can't concentrate because she's in love.
c. Sobia ate too much after a day of fasting.
d. Carlos is cleaning his yard after a recent hurricane.
8. "They arrived one after another in succession" is an example of
a. physiography. b. logorrhea. c. tautology. d. necrolatry.
9. The word "entomophagous" could be used to describe a(n)
a. elephant. b. bear. c. giraffe. d. lion.
10. The man down the street is a perfect example of a misoneist because he
a. prefers the past to the present.
b. is constantly mixing up the names of his neighbors.
c. dislikes children.
d. hates any type of reasoned discussion.

II. Give the meaning of the Greek word from which the given English word is derived.

11. comet
a. hair b. party c. light d. head
12. oxymoron
a. sharp b. gas c. liquid d. straight
13. hierophant
a. stand b. cheerful c. send d. sacred
14. leucocyte
a. milk b. stone c. white d. disease
15. sarcophagus
a. cemetery b. tomb c. flesh d. bone
16. encyclopedia
a. knowledge b. child c. foot d. paper
17. rhythm
a. flow b. rose c. break d. nose
18. idolatry
a. statue b. servant c. worship d. violet
19. crystal
a. clear b. blue c. circle d. frost
20. ink
a. write b. black c. burn d. hide

III. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Greek root.

21. skopeo
a. squirrel b. scorpion c. sceptic d. scepter
22. odous
a. odometer b. method c. period d. mastodon
23. eleos
a. elegiac b. electric c. alms d. alphabet

24. teino
a. monotonous b. talisman c. titanic d. technical
25. skelos
a. scenery b. isosceles c. skeleton d. scandal
26. chrio
a. chrysalis b. chrome c. crony d. creamy
27. telos
a. talent b. toll c. telegram d. tendon
28. meli
a. melancholy b. marble c. melon d. marmalade
29. strepho
a. strategy b. ostrich c. strychnine d. catastrophe
30. histemi
a. system b. history c. sycophant d. asylum

IV. Choose the Greek root from which the given English word is derived.

31. comrade
a. kamara b. ero c. orthos d. deo
32. chrysanthemum
a. anthos b. anthropos c. tithemi d. thymos
33. neuralgia
a. aegis b. alyo c. algos d. agon
34. malaria
a. aeido b. aer c. aristos d. aratto
35. economics
a. echo b. oikos c. konos d. chondros
36. botany
a. bous b. boutyron c. bosko d. bolbos
37. hypocrisy
a. krypto b. chrio c. chrysos d. krino

38. anomaly
a. onoma b. anemos c. homos d. nomos

39. parliament
a. pallo b. pathein c. baino d. ballo

40. surgeon
a. cheir b. ge c. schizo d. onoma

V. Choose the word which does NOT belong by derivation.

41. a. character b. chart c. discard d. cartoon

42. a. therapeutic b. theory c. amphitheater d. theorize

43. a. apotheosis b. enthusiasm c. theology d. thermos

44. a. linoleum b. vaseline c. petroleum d. eleemosynary

45. a. platypus b. plastic c. plateau d. replace

46. a. synthetic b. thorax c. theme d. anathema

47. a. archbishop b. telescope c. scandal d. episcopal

48. a. basement b. diabetes c. banister d. acrobat

49. a. diabolical b. parlor c. symbol d. balustrade

50. a. monopoly b. antipodes c. pew d. trapezoid