FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 2000

GREEK LITERATURE TEST

1.	Homer's <u>Iliad</u> is the tale of the wrath of a. Hector b. Achilles c. Odysseus d. Agamemnon
2.	The greatest female Greek poet is named a. Sappho b. Corinna c. Telesilla d. Aspasia
3.	The "father of history" is a. Lysias b. Thucydides c. Xenophon d. Herodotus
4.	The tragedy of a young woman who buries her brother in defiance of King Creon is a. Medea b. Electra c. Antigone d. Helen
5.	Which of these left no writings of his own, but is known to us through others' recollections? a. Plato b. Heraclitus c. Socrates d. Aristotle
6.	Menander wrote a. Old Comedy b. tragedy c. lyric poetry d. New Comedy
7.	Besides Homer, the greatest of early Greek epic poets was a. Crates b. Pindar c. Hesiod d. Mimnermus
8.	Most of Isocrates' writings belong to what genre of literature? a. oratory b. history c. tragedy d. philosophy
9.	Apollonius of Rhodes wrote an epic whose fourth book concerns the love of
	a. Heracles and Deianira b. Jason and Medea c. Theseus and Ariadne d. Perseus and Andromeda
10	. What work contains a cry of "Thalatta, thalatta!" in its climactic moment? a. Aeschylus' Agamemnon b. Homer's Odyssey c. Herodotus' Histories d. Xenophon's Anabasis
11	. Plato's last and longest work is his a. Republic b. Symposium c. Laws d. Timaeus
12	. Who founded his philosophical school in the Garden in 306 B.C.? a. Zeno b. Epicurus c. Speusippus d. Aristotle
13	. Callimachus wrote in the period of Greek literature. a. Mycenean b. Archaic c. Classical d. Hellenistic
14	. Thucydides wrote the history of the War. a. Trojan b. Persian c. Alexandrian d. Peloponnesian
15	. What great king in the first book of Herodotus' <u>Histories</u> learns that no man can be called happy until he is dead? a. Cambyses b. Xerxes c. Croesus d. Darius
16	. In which Aristophanes play does Socrates appear as a character? a. <u>Clouds</u> b. <u>Wasps</u> c. <u>Birds</u> d. <u>Acharnians</u>

- 17. Whose <u>Description of Greece</u> is a valuable source of information on the ancient world?
 - a. Apollodorus b. Dionysius of Halicarnassus c. Pausanias
 - d. Strabo
- 18. We have extant Homeric Hymns dealing with all except the following:
 - a. The punishment of Actaeon by Artemis
 - b. The loss and return of Persephone
 - c. The love of Aphrodite for Anchises
 - d. Hermes' theft of Apollo's cattle
- 19. Who argues in his <u>Panegyricus</u> that all Greece must unite under Athens' leadership for war against Persia?
 - a. Lysias b. Demosthenes c. Aeschines d. Isocrates
- 20. Who wrote the <u>Constitution of Athens</u>?
 a. Solon b. Plato c. Parmenides d. Aristotle
- 21. Whose <u>Lock of Berenice</u> did Catullus later translate? a. Sappho b. Callimachus c. Herodes c. Anacreon
- 22. In what Aristophanes play does the hero ride to heaven on a dung-beetle?

 a. <u>Birds</u> b. <u>Clouds</u> c. <u>Peace</u> d. <u>Knights</u>
- 23. Both Plato and Xenophon wrote works titled:
 - a. Apology and Symposium b. Republic and Symposium
 - c. Memorabilia and Apology d. Symposium and Memorabilia
- 24. Which of these was not written by Aristotle?
 - a. Prior Analytics b. Oeconomicus c. Physics d. Nichomachean Ethics
- 25. In the development of drama, who is said to have been the first to have a speaking actor interact with a chorus?
 - a. Aeschylus b. Choerilus c. Thespis d. Stesichorus
- 26. Which tragedian wrote three extant plays about Oedipus?
 a. Sophocles b. Euripides c. Aeschylus d. Agathon
- 27. Which Platonic dialogue ends with the death of Socrates?
 a. Meno b. Phaedo c. Charmides d. Phaedrus
- 28. Which of these happens <u>last</u> in Thucydides' work?
 - a. the slaughter of the Melians b. the plague at Athens
 - c. the invasion of Sicily d. the return of Alcibiades from exile
- 29. Which iambic poet from Ephesus prayed to Hermes for warm clothing and attacked the sculptor Bupalus?
 - a. Archilochus b. Hipponax c. Critias d. Semonides
- 30. At the beginning of the <u>Odyssev</u>, Zeus cites as an example of someone who creates his own troubles and blames the gods for them.
 - a. Agamemnon b. Achilles c. Aegisthus d. Aeneas
- 31. Who discusses healthy and degenerate types of constitutions in his <u>Politics</u>?
 - a. Plato b. Zeno c. Eudemus d. Aristotle

- 32. In which of Aeschylus' plays does Electra appear as a major character?

 a. Agamemnon b. The Eumenides c. The Suppliants
 - d. The Libation Bearers
- 33. Herodotus was born in _____.
 a. Athens b. Southern Italy c. Asia Minor d. Crete
- 34. Who wrote rhetorical declamations defending Helen and Palamedes?
 a. Agathon b. Polus c. Protagoras d. Gorgias
- 35. Who wrote short skits known as mimes?
 a. Theophrastus b. Herodas c. Bion d. Moschus
- 36. Who wrote an epic poem about the origins and genealogies of the earliest of the Greek gods?

 a. Pindar b. Homer c. Hesiod d. Anaximander
- 37. In which play of Euripides does Heracles rescue the wife of a friend from death?
 - a. Alcestis b. Iphigenia in Aulis c. The Trojan Women d. Helena
- 38. What last play by Euripides was presumably completed by his son?
 a. The Bacchae b. Orestes c. Helen d. Iphigenia in Aulis
- 39. Which of these was <u>not</u> included in the Alexandrian canon of the Ten Attic Orators?
 - a. Lycurgus b. Demosthenes c. Gorgias d. Lysias
- 40. Who wrote On the Mysteries?

 a. Antiphon b. Andocides c. Isocrates d. Isaeus
- 41. The founder of the Cynics was probably not Diogenes, but a. Menippus b. Crates c. Zeno d. Antisthenes
- 42. Who was born on Lesbos and wrote poems about politics and symposia?
 a. Semonides b. Alcaeus c. Stesichorus d. Anacreon
- 43. Who established the Peripatetic school and wrote a series of character sketches?
 - a. Philodemus b. Chrysippus c. Theophrastus d. Ariston
- 44. Who explained all phenomena as the mixture and separation of four changeless elements?
 - a. Empedocles b. Anaxagoras c. Democritus d. Heraclitus
- 45. Who wrote a lengthy poem in iambics called the <u>Alexandra</u>, a prophecy of Cassandra foretelling the fall of Troy?
 - a. Menedemus b. Lycophron c. Callimachus d. Zenodotus
- 46. Who wrote the <u>Philippica</u>, a work in fifty-eight books centered around Philip of Macedon?
 - a. Theopompus b. Ephorus c. Megasthenes d. Nearchus
- 47. In which book of the <u>Iliad</u> are Agamemnon, Odysseus, and Diomedes wounded? a. 11 b. 13 c. 15 d. 17

- 48. In which Aeschylus play does a ghost appear onstage?
 a. <u>Seven Against Thebes</u> b. <u>Agamemnon</u> c. <u>Prometheus Bound</u>

 - d. The Persians.
- 49. Early writings were done on vellum, or parchment, made of
 - a. the hide of cattle, sheep, or goats b. papyrus
 - c. wax tablets d. wood fibers
- 50. Who was stricken with blindness for writing insulting things, which he later recanted, about Helen?
 a. Simonides b. Alcman c. Stesichorus d. Ibycus