

2001 REGIONAL LATIN FORUM

PENTATHLON

I. A. Vocabulary

1. An **ANTONYM** of longus:
a. prope b. magnus c. celer d. brevis
2. The Latin equivalent of "order":
a. lego b. iubeo c. iuvo d. libero
3. A **SYNONYM** of lapis:
a. levis b. mons c. ius d. saxum
4. Which word does **NOT** belong by meaning?
a. autumnus b. ver c. hiems d. aetas
5. A **SYNONYM** of tum:
a. mox b. umquam c. deinde d. semper

B. Derivatives

6. Select the Latin word from which "novel" is derived.
a. nosco b. novus c. novem d. nomen
7. What is the meaning of the Latin word from which we derive "careers"?
a. wagon b. reason c. dear d. rule
8. Which English word is derived from altus?
a. alternate b. alimony c. alacrity d. alto
9. We followed the mewling cries and found the kitten immured in the basement.
a. entangled in some fishing lines b. buried under a pile of potatoes
c. trapped in the fruit cellar d. caught between the walls
10. Which does **NOT** belong by derivation?
a. remarry b. rosemary c. marine d. marinate

II. Customs

11. Where would the impluvium be located?
a. peristylum b. atrium c. triclinium d. tablinum

12. Where would a Roman find metae, delphini, and a spina?
a. Colosseum b. Circus Maximus c. Temple of Venus and Rome
d. Basilica Iulia
13. Murmillio, retiarius, and bestiarius were types of
a. chariots. b. fish. c. actors. d. gladiators.
14. The term for a Roman wedding dress:
a. flammeum b. tunica recta c. toga praetexta d. stola
15. To which social order did Romans belong who were worth 400,000 sesterces?
a. patricians b. optimates c. plebeians d. equites
16. These structures were called columbaria because of their resemblance to pigeon houses:
a. warehouses b. military quarters c. tombs d. hotels
17. What room of a Roman bath most resembles a modern-day sauna?
a. tepidarium b. caldarium c. apodyterium d. laconicum
18. Horologia, clepsydrae, and solaria were types of
a. clocks. b. shoes. c. carriages. d. constellations.
19. Which wheeled vehicle was so comfortable that it could be used as an ambulance?
a. lectica b. cisium c. raeda d. plaustrum
20. Which of the following was NOT commonly used on Roman coins?
a. the head of Jupiter b. the fasces c. the head of Roma with a helmet
d. horse-drawn chariots

III. History

21. Which of these Julio-Claudians ruled first?
a. Nero b. Caligula c. Tiberius d. Claudius
22. The title of Augustus was given to Octavian in
a. 31 B. C. b. 29 B.C. c. 27 B.C. d. 23 B.C.
23. Which future emperor is famous for the capture of Jerusalem in A.D. 70?
a. Trajan b. Titus c. Domitian d. Nerva
24. Who sought re-election to the tribunate in 132 B.C.?
a. Livius Drusus b. Tiberius Gracchus c. Gaius Marius d. Gaius Gracchus

25. Which Severan emperor derived his nickname from the long hooded Celtic cloak he loved to wear?
a. Geta b. Commodus c. Elagabalus d. Caracalla
26. Whom did Constantine defeat at the battle of the Mulvian Bridge in A.D. 312?
a. Licinius b. Maxentius c. Galerius d. Diocletian
27. The Roman general who defeated the Teutones at Aquae Sextiae in 102 B.C.:
a. Q. Caecilius Metellus b. L. Cornelius Sulla c. Cn. Pompeius Strabo
d. C. Marius
28. In 45 B.C. Julius Caesar defeated the last Pompeian army at
a. Munda. b. Thapsus. c. Zela. d. Pharsalus.
29. Who served four successive consulships from 87 to 84 B.C.?
a. C. Marius b. L. Cornelius Sulla c. L. Cornelius Cinna
d. M. Licinius Crassus
30. What law legalized the Second Triumvirate?
a. Lex Iulia b. Lex Vatinia c. Lex Aurelia d. Lex Titia

IV. Mythology

31. Which sister of Zeus was the mother of Hebe?
a. Rhea b. Hestia c. Demeter d. Hera
32. Whom did Zeus punish by chaining him to an eternally revolving fiery wheel?
a. Tantalus b. Sisyphus c. Ixion d. Tityus
33. Which of the following heroes did **NOT** accomplish the purpose of his visit to the Underworld?
a. Orpheus b. Hercules c. Aeneas d. Odysseus
34. After their ten-year war with Zeus, the Titans were confined
a. in Tartarus. b. under Mt. Aetna. c. on the Plain of Asphodel.
d. in Oceanus.
35. Hector : Patroclus :: _____ : Achilles
a. Aeneas b. Paris c. Penthesileia d. Priam
36. Which of the following pairs did **NOT** love each other?
a. Pyramus and Thisbe b. Baucis and Philemon c. Perseus and Medusa
d. Ares and Aphrodite

37. Who placed his duty as commander-in-chief above his feelings as a father?
a. Agamemnon b. Odysseus c. Oedipus d. Perseus
38. Who went mad and killed himself when he did not win Achilles' armor?
a. Ajax b. Scyrus c. Neoptolemus d. Odysseus
39. Which statement about the homecoming of Odysseus is **NOT** true?
a. Eumaeus was the first to learn of his return.
b. The shepherd recognized the scar on Odysseus' leg.
c. Argos died after welcoming his master home.
d. Odysseus strung his hunting bow and won the shooting contest.
40. Who bore Odysseus three children, one of whom, according to one story, accidentally killed him?
a. Penelope b. Circe c. Calypso d. Iole

V. Grammar

41. What part of speech is illustrated by aut, sed, and nam?
a. prepositions b. adverbs c. conjunctions d. nouns
42. Is the teacher teaching today?
a. Docetne magister hodie? b. Non magister hodie docet?
c. Nonne magister hodie docet? d. Num magister hodie docet?
43. Julia, entrust your money to me.
a. mandas b. mandat c. manda d. mandatis
44. We shall walk out of the fields and into the town.
a. Ex agris et in oppidum ambulabimus.
b. Ab agris et in oppidum ambulaverimus.
c. Ex agris et in oppido ambulabimus.
d. Ab agris et in oppido ambulaverimus.
45. The adjective boni can modify all of the following **EXCEPT**
a. praedae. b. anni. c. belli. d. agricolae.
46. Which form is in the perfect tense?
a. vidit b. viderat c. videt d. viderit
47. Which of the following is **NOT** a vocative?
a. Luci b. Cornelia c. Caesar d. Marcus

48. Choose the correct imperative forms of duco.
a. duc, ducite b. duce, ducete c. duce, ducite d. duc, ducete
49. Which verb indicates the event that happened first?
a. erit b. fuit c. est d. fuerat
50. Which of the following is **NOT** in the same tense as the others?
a. agit b. mansit c. cepit d. debuit