

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 2001

ADVANCED GRAMMAR

- I. Choose the form which does NOT belong grammatically.
1. a. malit b. it c. iuuet d. prosit
 2. a. meminisse b. coepisse c. tacuisse d. odisse
 3. a. mirabilis b. acceptus c. funestus d. imprudens
 4. a. fortiter b. parum c. saepe d. male
 5. a. iste b. ipse c. ille d. idem
 6. a. ascripsi b. celebrari c. metiri d. sumi
 7. a. amentes b. ingenti c. libentis d. ascendentem
 8. a. coram b. adversus c. iuxta d. secundum
 9. a. sedēs b. palus c. turris d. pecus
 10. a. vi b. mense c. tergo d. ruri
- II. Choose the best translation for the underlined words or the best answer to fill in the blank.
11. Qui est extra istam coniurationem qui eum non _____.
a. metuit b. metueret c. metuat d. metuerit
 12. They hindered him from going away.
a. ne abiret b. ut abiret c. ut non abiret d. quin abiret
 13. Unless you do this, you will be blamed.
a. facis b. feceris c. faceres d. facias
 14. While he was watching, they attacked the city.
a. vigilabat b. vigilaret c. vigilet d. vigilat
 15. Auxilium is to be sent.
a. mittetur b. mittitur c. mittendum est d. missum est

29. The perfume was much more expensive than he had thought.
 a. multo b. a multo c. multum d. multus
30. The out-of-date material was of no use to him.
 a. nullius usus b. nulli usui c. nullo usu d. nullus usus
31. Know thyself.
 a. Scito te. b. Sci te. c. Scite te. d. Scire te.
32. Which does NOT take the ablative case?
 a. palam b. absque c. prae d. penes
33. Which of the following does NOT correctly translate "Don't leave!?"
 a. Ne reliqueris. b. Noli relinquere. c. Ne relinquis. d. Noli reliqui.
34. That water is not suitable for drinking.
 a. bibendum b. bibere c. bibendi d. bibendo
35. I must not show my fear.
 a. ego b. mihi c. a me d. mei
36. Envoys arrived at Rome.
 a. ad Romam b. Romae c. Romam d. in Roma
37. He moved closer in order to see better.
 a. ut b. quo c. qui d. quin
38. If you had not been late, he would not have left.
 a. non fueras...non discessit b. non fuisses...non discessisset
 c. non fuisses...non discederet d. non fueras...non discesserat
39. Which does NOT express purpose?
 a. monitum b. ad monendum c. ut monerent d. monitu
40. The ditch was seven feet in depth and full of water.
 a. altitudinem...aqua b. altitudine...aquae
 c. altitudinis...aquae d. altitudine...aqua
41. If I had known that you were thinking about leaving, I would have warned you.
 a. arbitraris b. arbitratus es c. arbitrari d. arbitratus sis

III. Questions 42 - 50 are based on the following passage from Cicero: Pro Lege Manilia II.2.

Causa quae sit videtis: nunc quid agendum sit considerate. Primum mihi videtur de genere belli, deinde de magnitudine, tum de imperatore deligendo esse dicendum. Genus est enim belli eius modi quod maxime vestros animos excitare atque inflammare ad persequendi studium debeat; in quo agitur populi Romani gloria, quae vobis a maioribus cum magna in omnibus rebus tum summa in re militari tradita est; agitur salus sociorum atque amicorum, pro qua multa maiores vestri magna et gravia bella gesserunt; aguntur certissima populi Romani vectigalia et maxima, quibus amissis, et pacis ornamenta et subsidia belli requiretis; aguntur bona multorum civium, quibus est a vobis et ipsorum et rei publicae causa consulendum.

42. In line 1, why is sit subjunctive? (causa quae sit videtis)
- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a. result | b. hortatory |
| c. indirect question | d. relative clause of characteristic. |
43. What is the best translation for agendum in line 1?
- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| a. to be done | b. must be done | c. has been done | d. is being done |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
44. Debeat in line 4 is subjunctive because it is in a
- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| a. result clause. | b. relative clause of characteristic. |
| c. subordinate clause in indirect statement. | d. purpose clause. |
45. What is the best translation for cum...tum (line 5)?
- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------|
| a. when...then | b. since...then | c. not only...but also | d. as...when |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------|
46. The case and usage of maioribus (line 5)?
- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| a. ablative of agent | b. ablative, degree of difference |
| c. ablative of comparison | d. ablative of specification |
47. In line 6, to what does qua refer?
- | | | | |
|----------|----------|----------------|----------|
| a. bella | b. multa | c. re militari | d. salus |
|----------|----------|----------------|----------|
48. What tense and mood is requiretis in line 8?
- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| a. future indicative | b. present indicative |
| c. present subjunctive | d. imperfect subjunctive |
49. To whom does ipsorum refer (line 9)?
- | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|-----------|---------|
| a. vobis | b. rei publicae | c. civium | d. bona |
|----------|-----------------|-----------|---------|
50. According to the passage, all are to be discussed EXCEPT the
- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| a. nature of the war. | b. size of the war. |
| c. casualties of the war. | d. selection of a leader. |