

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2003
LATIN LITERATURE

1. Which of the following was the first known Latin writer to write a Roman epic in hexameter verse?
a. Naevius b. Caecilius Statius c. Livius Andronicus d. Ennius
2. Which of Ovid's works begins with chaos and ends with the deification of Julius Caesar?
a. Fasti b. Heroides c. Ars Amatoria d. Metamorphoses
3. How many of Terence's plays survive?
a. 2 b. 6 c. 8 d. 12
4. De Rerum Natura is an example of
a. didactic poetry. b. elegiac poetry. c. epideictic oratory. d. deliberative oratory.
5. The poet Lucan was a(n)
a. Epicurean. b. Peripatetic. c. Cynic. d. Stoic.
6. Which historian wrote about both Jugurtha and Catiline?
a. Tacitus b. Livy c. Suetonius d. Sallust
7. The Monumentum Ancyranum is
a. a record of provincial administration.
b. a decree of the Senate honoring a local governor.
c. an account of Augustus' public life.
d. the text of a treaty between Rome and Parthia.
8. Who wrote a work entitled De Aquis Urbis Romae?
a. Flavius b. Flaccus c. Frontinus d. Fronto
9. Who is the author of the only Latin novel that survives?
a. Apuleius b. Strabo c. Vitruvius d. Petronius
10. The common setting for Terence's plays:
a. Ephesus b. Naples c. Rome d. Athens
11. Cicero supported Caesar's extended command in Gaul and attacked Lucius Calpurnius Piso in
a. In Pisonem. b. De Provinciis Consularibus. c. Pro Balbo. d. Pro Plancio.
12. Catullus : sparrow :: Horace :
a. gnat b. bees c. mouse d. sunflower

13. In addition to the Thebaid, Statius also wrote the
a. Punica. b. Argonautica. c. Germania. d. Achilleid.
14. Which poet lost his estate in the confiscation of land for army veterans by Antony and Octavian?
a. Horace b. Vergil c. Ovid d. Propertius
15. The subject of the Apocolocyntosis:
a. the deification of Claudius b. the marriage of Peleus and Thetis
c. the dedication of the Colosseum d. the low-life adventures of two young men
16. Cato the Elder wrote a seven-book history of Rome entitled
a. Historia. b. Origines. c. Annales. d. De Re Rustica.
17. Which of the following was **NOT** written by Plautus?
a. Eunuchus b. Pseudolus c. Asinaria d. Mercator
18. The famous line "Exegi monumentum aere perennius" is found in the work of
a. Horace. b. Tibullus. c. Vergil. d. Propertius.
19. Who wrote a series of anecdotes about Latin and Greek literature?
a. Fronto b. Gellius c. Apuleius d. Florus
20. Asinius Pollio saw an element he humorously called "Patavinity" in the writings of
a. Cicero. b. Horace. c. Vergil. d. Livy.
21. For what genre is Persius known?
a. satire b. elegy c. history d. oratory
22. The plot of Shakespeare's Comedy of Errors was influenced by
a. Rudens. b. Mostellaria. c. Menaechmi. d. Casina.
23. To whom did Cicero address his De Officiis?
a. his friend Atticus b. his brother Quintus c. his secretary Tiro
d. his son Marcus
24. Which of Horace's works was also called Epistula ad Pisones?
a. Ars Poetica b. Carmen Saeculare c. Carmina d. Sermones
25. Who is the central figure in Cicero's De Senectute?
a. Scipio Aemilianus b. Cato the Elder c. Laelius d. Scipio Africanus

26. All of the following statements about the orator Hortensius are true **EXCEPT**
- a. he was known for his theatrical deliveries.
 - b. he was the chief rival of Cicero in the law courts.
 - c. he was praised for his oratory by Cicero both before and after his death.
 - d. he was famous for his Attic style.
27. In which book of the Aeneid does Vergil describe Augustus' nephew Marcellus?
- a. 2 b. 4 c. 6 d. 8
28. Who is described by Juvenal as a "rara avis"?
- a. a poor but honest Roman b. his friend Umbricius
 - c. an empty-handed traveller d. a good woman
29. A story about a werewolf is found in the work of
- a. Juvenal. b. Petronius. c. Martial. d. Pliny.
30. Whom does Lucretius address at the beginning of his De Rerum Natura?
- a. Epicurus b. Venus c. Calliope d. Earth
31. Which of Cicero's works is thought to have influenced St. Augustine?
- a. Consolatio b. De Divinatione c. Hortensius d. De Fato
32. Which of the following works did Tacitus write **FIRST**?
- a. Dialogus b. Annales c. Germania d. Agricola
33. "Parcere personis, dicere divitiis" was the aim of _____ who satirized the most diverse characters of Rome in over 1500 short poems.
- a. Juvenal b. Seneca c. Martial d. Valerius Flaccus
34. Who wrote a lost treatise on grammar entitled De Analogia and addressed to Cicero?
- a. Cato b. Atticus c. Pollio d. Caesar
35. Which early Latin writer was imprisoned for an insult against the powerful family of the Metelli?
- a. Ennius b. Livius Andronicus c. Naevius d. Pacuvius
36. Which of the following was known as the "Rhetor"?
- a. Seneca the Younger b. Pliny the Elder c. Pliny the Younger
 - d. Seneca the Elder

37. Which of the following statements about Maecenas is true?
 - a. He was the patron of Propertius and Tibullus.
 - b. He was descended from a distinguished Etruscan family.
 - c. He was a man of simple tastes.
 - d. He remained politically active until his death in 8 B.C.

38. Catullus : Clodia ::
 - a. Propertius : Hostia
 - b. Tibullus : Corinna
 - c. Varius : Cynthia
 - d. Ovid : Plania

39. Of the original 102 books of Pliny's Naturalis Historia, how many survive?
 - a. 12
 - b. 37
 - c. 53
 - d. 85

40. Who wrote the Historiae Philippicae, a 44-book history of the world?
 - a. Messalla Corvinus
 - b. Livy
 - c. Pompeius Trogus
 - d. Cato the Elder

41. What poet wrote a work on months and festivals entitled Annales?
 - a. Ovid
 - b. Accius
 - c. Pacuvius
 - d. Naevius

42. According to the Bacchides, Plautus' favorite of his plays was
 - a. Epidicus.
 - b. Aulularia.
 - c. Miles Gloriosus.
 - d. Captivi.

43. Who attempted to establish a Roman school of philosophy based largely on Stoic thought?
 - a. Seneca the Younger
 - b. Quintus Sextus
 - c. Lucretius
 - d. Cicero

44. Whom did the poet Martial call "the supreme guide of wayward youth"?
 - a. Seneca
 - b. Cicero
 - c. Quintilian
 - d. Pliny

45. In which work does Cicero give a survey of the great Roman orators?
 - a. Orator
 - b. Topica
 - c. De Optimo Genere Oratorum
 - d. Brutus

46. Which Augustan poet had his own father as paedagogus?
 - a. Horace
 - b. Tibullus
 - c. Propertius
 - d. Vergil

47. What Silver Age poet starved himself to death when he found that he was suffering from an incurable disease?
 - a. Manilius
 - b. Silius Italicus
 - c. Valerius Flaccus
 - d. Gallus

48. Who wrote a work on jurisprudence in eighteen books?
 - a. Cato the Elder
 - b. Varro
 - c. Scaevola
 - d. Catullus

49. Which of the following statements about Cornelius Fronto is **NOT** true?
- a. He tutored Marcus Aurelius.
 - b. He rejected rhetoric as being unworthy of study.
 - c. He was born in North Africa.
 - d. He admired the writings of Sallust but not those of Seneca.
50. The pattern that Suetonius followed in his biographies of the emperors:
- a. family and early life, public career, physical appearance, private life
 - b. physical appearance, private life, family and early life, public career
 - c. public career, private life, physical appearance, family and early life
 - d. private life, family and early life, physical appearance, public career