## FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 2003 HEPTATHLON

I. Grammar
<ol> <li>Translate the underlined words into Latin: I did not know where he was going.</li> <li>a. ibat</li> <li>b. iret</li> <li>c. ire</li> <li>d. euntem</li> </ol>
2. Translate the underlined words into Latin: We must send soldiers as reinforcements for the army. a. ut exercitui auxilia essent. b. quasi auxilia exercitus. c. auxilia pro exercitu. d. auxiliis exercitui.
3. Translate the underlined words into Latin: Soon Paulus and Horatia found themselves in the forest. a. se b. ipsos c. ipsas d. eos
4. Five of the soldiers were wounded.  a. militum b. militibus c. ex militibus d. pro militibus
5. Fore is a contraction of esse and a. futurum b. fortuna c. forte d. fari
6. Which word does NOT belong grammatically: a. panis b. mater c. pubes d. animal
7. Which ut clause does NOT take a subjunctive verb? a. purpose clause b. indirect command c. substantive clause of result d. temporal clause
II. Vocabulary
8. Dives a. good b. rich c. divine d. part
9. seco a. cut b. save c. dry d. saw
10. praeco a. prayer b. prediction c. herald d. parrot
11. amplector a. include b. increase c. comb d. embrace
12. lateo a. steal b. bark c. lie hidden d. be quiet
13. ventus a. wind b. arrival c. sale d. calling
14. pons a. lake b. bridge c. priest d. skunk
III. Derivatives
15. "Mendicant" comes from a Latin word meaning "" a. liar b. mind c. beggar d. money

16. "Rival" comes from a Latin word meaning ""  a. river b. dream c. bank d. war
17. A creature which has lupine ears has ears like a a. wolf b. bean c. stick d. rabbit
18. senile: senex:: anile: a. annus b. anser c. anus d. anas
19. "Fairy" comes from the Latin word "" a. facio b. for c. aer d. aether
20. Which of the following does NOT come from caput: a. chief b. achieve c. cabbage d. casket
21. Which of the following is derived from pes?  a. peony b. penal c. pester d. pedal
IV. Customs
22. Gladiators were often trained by a former gladiator called a/an a. lanista b. primus pilus c. editor d. dominus gregis
23. The light, woolen cape which Augustus outlawed because men were wearing it instead of the toga was the a. paenula b. paludamentum c. abolla d. lacerna
24. A lectus could usually be found both in the diningroom and in the  a. alae b. tablinum c. cubiculum d. culina
25. The light supper which was eventually replaced by the heavy meal originally eaten at mid-day was  a. prandium b. cena c. vesperna d. merenda
<ul><li>26. Patria potestas did not extend over</li><li>a. a son over age 50. b. a daughter who was a Vestal. c. a son who was a pontifex. d. an adopted son.</li></ul>
27. The number of Roman feet in a passus was a. 5 b. 4 c. 10 d. 12
28. The chief guests at a banquet called a lectisternium were a. gladiators b. actors c. candidates for office d. gods
V. History
<ul><li>29. The first time in Roman history that two men were emperor at the same time was when Lucius Verus shared the throne with</li><li>a. Diocletian.</li><li>b. Constantine.</li><li>c. Marcus Aurelius.</li><li>d. Maximian.</li></ul>
30. By vanquishing Decebalus, Trajan gained control of and made it a province.  a. Dacia b. Judaea c. Armenia d. Syria
31. Claudius' wife,, actually married one ofher lovers, Gaius Silius.  a. Agarippina the Younger b. Aelia Paetina c. Octavia d. Messalina
32. The Lex Manilia gave Pompey the command against a. the pirates b. Mithradates c. Tigranes d. Manlius
33. Caesar was the first Roman general to invade Britain in a. 55 B.C. b. 58 B.C. c. 52 B.C. d. 49 B.C.

a. Camillus - Alba Longa b. Marcellus - Syracuse c. Caesar - Alesia d. Scipio Africanus - Carthage
35. The members of the second triumvirate were Octavian, Antony, and  a. Crassus b. Dolabella c. Curio d. Lepidus
VI. Mythology
36. Clytic loved Apollo. When he did not return her affection, she was changed into a  a. constellation b. sunflower c. cypress tree d. ferret
<ul><li>37. The cannibals that Odysseus encountered on his voyage home were the</li><li>a. Phaeacians. b. Doliones. c. Laestrygonians. d. Cicones.</li></ul>
38. Perseus receives magical weapons, including a large pouch in which to carry Medusa's head from a. Hermes b. Athena c. the Graeae d. the Nymphs of the North
39. Diomedes wounded the deityin battle. a. Ares b. Aphrodite c. Hera d. Poseidon
40. Hercules saved the wife of from death.  a. Admetus b. Iphicles c. Achelous d. Eurystheus
41. Aeneas encountered Deiphobus in a. Buthrotum b. Strophades c. the Underworld d. Carthage
42. The half-woman, half-snake was the snake mother a. Eriphyle b. Echidna c. Philyia d. Menlantho
43. Haemon died in defiance of his father along with his fiance a. Iphigenia. b. Alcestis. c. Philomela. d. Antigone.
44. The deity who held the Symplegades apart while the Argo sailed through was a. Poseidon. b. Triton. c. Athena. d. Thetis.
VII. Mottoes, Abbreviations, Phrases, and Quotes
45. In botany, the abbreviation exs. stands for the English word ""  a. dried b. rare c. cut d. extant
46. The Lat in abbreviation n. stands for the Latin "" a. numero b. nomen c. natus d. nihil
47. "Vigilia pretium libertatis" is the motto of a. West Point. b. Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers, Europe. c. The Chicago Tribune. d. The New York Times.
48. The quote, "Ars longa, vita brevis" is attributed to a. Ovid. b. Seneca. c. Quintilian. d. Hippocrates.
49. Who is the author of the quote, "Liberter homines id quod volunt credunt"?  a. Seneca b. Julius Caesar c. Cicero d. Cato the Elder
50. Disciplina Praesidium Civitatis is the motto of a. The University of Texas at Austin. b. The University of Tennessee at Knoxville. c. The University of Massachussetts at Amherst. d. The University of California at Berkley.