

**2010 FJCL Regional Certamen  
Level 2 – Round 1**

1. Which two Greek goddesses had to go to Zeus to mediate their dispute over the lovely youth Adonis?

**Aphrodite and Persephone**

B1. According to one version, it was not Zeus who mediated the dispute, but one of the Muses. Aphrodite, enraged that she had not been given Adonis on a full-time basis, caused the death of that Muse's son, Orpheus. Which Muse?

**Calliope**

B2. Adonis was killed a young age by a wild animal and was turned into a flower. Name both the animal which killed him and the type of flower that his blood became.

**wild boar; anemone**

2. The Latin word *quam* can mean many things. Identify the meaning of *quam* in the following sentence: *Puellam pulchriorem quam Juliam numquam vidi.*

**than**

B1. What does *quam* mean in this sentence: *Haec est puella quam vidī.*

**whom**

B2. The *quam* in bonus 1 is of course a relative pronoun. In what two ways must a relative pronoun agree with its antecedent?

**gender and number**

3. What university has as its motto, "Virēs, Artēs, Morēs"?

**Florida State University**

B1. What university has as its motto, "Artēs, Scientia, Veritās"?

**University of Michigan**

B2. What university has as its motto, "Respice, Adspice, Prospice"?

**City College of New York**

4. Give the Latin verb and its English meaning at the root of the word "manacle".

**manus – hand**

B1. What other derivative of *manus* means "a handwritten statement declaring publicly the views or intent of its author".

**manifesto**

B2. What other derivative of *manus* and a Latin verb means quite literally "to make by hand"?

**manufacture**

5. What man was appointed Praetorian Prefect in 15 AD by the emperor Tiberius?

**Lucius Aelius Sejanus**

B1. What man succeeded Sejanus?

**Naevius Sutorius Macro**

B2. What son of Tiberius had Sejanus openly feuded with until that man's suspicious death in 23?

**Drusus**

6. Give a Latin noun that means “rock”.

**saxum OR lapis**

B1. Give another.

**see above**

B2. What is the meaning of the related Latin noun *calculus*?

**pebble**

7. When might the Roman garment known as the *synthesis* be worn?

**dinner party; special occasion, etc.**

B1. What was the only time of year that a Roman would wear a *synthesis* outside the house?

**Saturnalia**

B2. The *synthesis* fell into the category of clothing known as *amictus*. What does that mean about a garment?

**That it was tied/fastened in some way**

8. Translate the following sentence into English: “*Fabulam, poēta, virīs narrā*”.

**Poet, tell the men a story**

B1. Now, say in Latin, “Friend, give the girl a gift”.

**Donum, amice, puellae dā (donā)**

B2. Finally, say in Latin, “Lucius, lead the soldiers to water”.

**Militēs, Lucī, ad aquam duc**

9. What king of Elis was honored above other men by being allowed by Zeus to choose his fate? He chose to go to Mount Latmus and sleep forever, never growing old.

**Endymion**

B1. Which goddess had once fallen in love with Endymion and, according to one story, borne him 50 daughters?

**Selene**

B2. In one Greek story, Endymion did not sleep, but was sent to Tartarus for attempting to seduce Hera. This fate, however, is usually ascribed to what king of Thessaly who was punished in Tartarus by being lashed to a flaming wheel?

**Ixion**

10. In 451 BC, what codification of Roman law was drawn up by a group of ten selected men?

**Laws of the Twelve Tables**

B1. What was the name given to that group of ten men?

**decemvirī**

B2. Who was the chairman of the *decemvirī*?

**Appius Claudius**

**2010 FJCL Regional Certamen  
Level 2 – Round 2**

1. In English, the abbreviation M.A. on a diploma means “Master of Arts”. For what Latin phrase meaning exactly the same thing does M.A. truly stand?

**Magister Artium**

B1. Similarly, for what does Ph.D stand?

**Philosophiae Doctor**

B2. A law degree can be abbreviated J.D. For what Latin does this stand?

**Iuris Doctor**

2. According to legend, one of Numa Pompilius’ first acts as king was to build a temple to which god as an indicator of whether Rome was at peace or at war?

**Janus**

B1. Also according to legend, during the reign of Numa, the *ancile* fell from the sky. What was the *ancile*?

**a shield (from Jupiter)**

B2. What group of priests of Mars carried the *ancilia* once a year in a religious procession?

**Saliī**

3. Translate this sentence into English, “Nolite currere, puerī, in scholā!”

**Boys, do not run in school!**

B1. Using a negative imperative, say “Do not walk away from me!”

**Nolī(te) ambulare ā mē**

B2. Negative imperatives can also be formed by using the negative particle *nē* and which tense of the subjunctive?

**perfect**

4. In terms of Roman gaming, what were *tesserae*?

**dice**

B1. What object used while gaming was a *fritillus*?

**box used for throwing the dice**

B2. What four numbers were printed on the four sides of Roman *talī*? As a hint, it was NOT 1, 2, 3, 4!

**1, 3, 4, 6**

5. Which two of the following four words both derive from the Latin verb *regō*: ratify, rectify, religion, region?

**rectify and region**

B1. Which two of these four words both derive from *regō*: rule, ravine, rage, rail?

**rule and rail**

B2. Which two of these four words both derive from *regō*: surrogate, alert, abrupt, dress?

**alert and dress**

6. Who was responsible for the great Greek seer Teiresias' blinding?

**Hera**

B1. Teiresias once joined in the rites of Dionysus, after vainly warning which son of Cadmus not to oppose him?

**Pentheus**

B2. During the Argive invasion of Thebes, whom did Teiresias tell to sacrifice his son Menoecus in order to save Thebes?

**Creon**

7. Which Roman emperor was forced to abandon his relationship with the Jewish queen Berenice upon his ascension to the imperial throne in 79 AD?

**Titus**

B1. Titus once famously exclaimed "Diem perdidit!", or, "I have lost a day". Why did he say this?

**He had shown generosity/kindness to no one (accept close equivalents)**

B2. Titus also impressed senators by promising to hold what position in Rome as a show of good faith that he would never put a Roman senator to death during his reign?

**Pontifex Maximus**

8. Which two mythological brothers were killed by Heracles because they had convinced Jason to sail on while he searched for Hylas?

**Zetes & Calais**

B1. Zetes & Calais were the sons of which wind god?

**Boreas**

B2. On the journey of the Argonauts, Zetes and Calais pursued and would have killed the Harpies if not for the intervention of what messenger deity?

**Iris**

9. Differentiate in meaning between the Latin verbs *cadō* and *caedō*.

**cadō – to fall; caedō – to kill; cut**

B1. Differentiate in meaning between *sol* and *sal*.

**sol – sun; sal – salt**

B2. Differentiate in meaning between *mos* and *mus*.

**mos – habit, custom; mus – mouse**

10. Using the Latin verb *possum*, say in Latin, "He can walk".

**Potest ambulāre**

B1. What is the term for the verb form *ambulāre* in that sentence?

**complementary infinitive**

B2. Which of these verbs also regularly takes a complementary infinitive: *dō*, *doceō*, *debeō*, *demittō*?

**debeō**

**2010 FJCL Regional Certamen  
Level 2 – Round 3**

1. Which Roman emperor was called *Verissimus* as a child in the court of the emperor Hadrian?

**Marcus Aurelius**

B1. Which daughter of Antoninus Pius did Marcus marry in 145?

**Faustina (the Younger)**

B2. Although only five survived their father, how many children were born to Marcus Aurelius and Faustina?

**14**

2. What king was the foster father of the infant Heracles?

**Amphitryon**

B1. Before the birth of Heracles, Amphitryon had to rid the region of Teumessus of a vixen. Amphitryon did this by borrowing his friend Cephalus' dog, a famous inescapable hound. Name that dog.

**Laelaps**

B2. Who had sent that vixen to ravage the countryside?

**Hera or Dionysus**

3. What case do reflexive pronouns lack?

**Nominative**

B1. Give the declension of the third person singular reflexive pronoun.

**suī, sibi, sē, sē**

B2. Give the declension of the third person plural reflexive pronoun.

**suī, sibi, sē, sē**

4. What English derivative of the Latin word for name denotes a part of a fraction?

**denominator**

B1. What two English words from the same root denote two of the eight parts of speech?

**noun and pronoun**

B2. What final derivative from that same noun means "a name mistakenly given to a person or thing that is not appropriate or fitting"?

**misnomer**

5. With what letter of the alphabet could a captured runaway slave in Rome expect to be branded?

**F**

B1. If a slave made an attempt on the life of his master, he would be put to death in the manner that the Romans considered the most painful. What method did they use?

**Crucifixion**

B2. For a loyal slave, freedom could be the ultimate reward. What was the term given to the hat given to a freed slave as a mark of his new station?

**pilleus**

6. Who reportedly told his mother on a morning in 63 BC that he would come home Pontifex Maximus or not at all, expecting that he would have to flee the mountain of debt he had accrued had he lost?

**Julius Caesar**

B1. What man more noted for his oratory and writings was one of the consuls in that year?

**Cicero**

B2. What man's conspiracy did the consul Cicero expose and denounce that same year?

**Catiline's**

7. What compound of the Latin verb *faciō* means "to kill"?

**interficiō**

B1. What compound of the Latin verb *eō* means "to die"?

**pereō; obeō**

B2. What compound of the Latin verb *sum* means "to be in charge of"?

**praesum**

8. For the verb *doceō*, give the 3<sup>rd</sup> person plural, present active subjunctive.

**doceant**

B1. Translate that verb form.

**let them teach/may they teach**

B2. Give the same form for the Latin verb *sum*.

**sint**

9. What was the name of the fisherman of Seriphus who found and sheltered Danae and the infant Perseus?

**Dictys**

B1. Dictys was the brother of what cruel king of Seriphus?

**Polydectes**

B2. Dictys and Polydectes were both sons of what type of freshwater nymph?

**naiad**

10. What is the motto of the state of Missouri?

**Salus populī suprēma lex esto**

B1. What does that motto mean?

**The welfare of the people shall be the supreme law**

B2. What is the similar, yet shorter, motto of the University of Missouri?

**Salus populī**

**2010 FJCL Regional Certamen  
Level 2 – Final Round**

1. What would be the correct meaning of the Latin verb *gerō* in the following sentence: *Milēs gerit caligās*?

**to wear**

B1. What would be the correct meaning of *gerō* in this sentence: *Romanī contra Graecōs bellum gerunt*?

**to wage**

B2. What would be the correct meaning of *gerō* in this sentence: *Servī multa dona sēcum gerunt*?

**to carry; bring; bear**

2. Which of the following words, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: noose, nuisance, innocent, noxious?

**noose**

B1. From what Latin verb with what meaning do nuisance, innocent, and noxious all come?

**noceo – to harm**

B2. From what Latin noun with what meaning does noose come?

**nodus - knot**

3. Say in Latin, “I know that the city is beautiful”.

**Sciō urbem esse pulchram**

B1. Now say in Latin, “We understood that the consul was brave”.

**Intelleximus consulem esse fortem**

B2. Finally, say in Latin, “They see that the man has been wounded”.

**Vident viruum vulneratum esse**

4. Which Trojan was named from the Greek word meaning “to ransom”, commemorating the time that his sister ransomed him from a vengeful Heracles?

**Priam**

B1. Who was that sister of Priam’s who ransomed him?

**Hesione**

B2. Which child of Priam and his wife Hecuba was exposed as an infant because of a vision Hecuba had of giving birth to a firebrand that burned down the city of Troy?

**Paris**

5. What is the meaning of the Latin phrase *verbum sat sapienti*?

**A word to the wise is sufficient**

B1. What other good advice is given in Latin as *dē gustibus nōn est disputandum*?

**One ought not to argue about tastes**

B2. What other maxim in Latin is *dē mortuīs nil nisi bonum*?

**Speak nothing but good of the dead**

6. Which man's rise to the imperial throne in the third century AD was facilitated by his grandmother Julia Maesa and his mother, Julia Soaemias?

**Elagabalus**

B1. Julia Soaemias's lover Gannys helped Elagabalus overthrow what man?

**Macrinus**

B2. What third Julia was the mother of Elagabalus' cousin, rival, and eventual successor, Alexander Severus?

**Julia Mamaea**

7. What Roman died on January 13, 86 BC, just days after beginning his seventh consulship?

**Gaius Marius**

B1. What ally of Marius was his consular colleague for 86 BC – in fact, he served four consecutive consulships from 87-84 BC?

**Lucius Cornelius Cinna**

B2. Within two years, in what year did Marius secure the first of his remarkable seven consulships?

**107 BC (accept 109-105 BC)**

8. Give a Latin antonym for *claudō*.

**aperiō, pandō**

B1. Give a Latin antonym for *angustus*.

**latus**

B2. Give a Latin antonym for *maritus*.

**uxor; coniunx; fēmina**

9. Who in Rome were *pistorēs*?

**bakers**

B1. What piece of equipment used by bakers was called a *mola*, and had parts called the *mēta* and the *catillus*?

**a mill**

B2. What could be referred to as *siligineus*, *plēbeius*, *castrēnsis*, *sordidus*, or *rusticus*?

**bread**

10. After the death of Odysseus, whom did Telemachus marry?

**Circe**

B1. Penelope married Telemachus' half-brother, the child of Odysseus and Circe. Name him.

**Telegonus**

B2. The two odd couples lived out their days on Circe's island. What was the name of that island?

**Aeaea**



11. What use of the genitive is found in the following Latin sentence, “*Vir sapiens magnum amorem librōrum habet*”.

**Objective Genitive**

B1. What use of the genitive is found in this sentence, “*Iulius Caesar erat vir summae fortitudinis*”.

**Genitive of Description**

B2. Using a different case for “highest bravery”, give the sentence in the first bonus in Latin again.

**Iulius Caesar erat vir summā fortitudine**

12. What Italian city shares its motto with the state of Idaho?

**Venice**

B1. What other European city has the motto *fluctuat nec mergitur*?

**Paris**

B2. Translate that motto.

**She founders but does not sink**

13. An embassy of three men – two Greek chieftains and a herald – was sent to bring the young woman Iphigeneia to her father so that she might be sacrificed. Name any one of those three men sent to get her.

**Odysseus, Diomedes, Talthybius**

B1. Name another.

B2. Name the third.

14. What war included the battles of Baecula, Ilipa, Metaurus River, and Zama?

**Second Punic War**

B1. Which of those four battles was the earliest, in 208 BC?

**Baecula**

B2. At which of those four battles did the Romans kill Hannibal’s brother Hasdrubal?

**Metaurus River**

15. For the Latin verb *ferō*, give the future active participle.

**laturus**

B1. For the same verb, give AND spell the present passive infinitive.

**F-E-R-R-I**

B2. For the same verb, give the 2<sup>nd</sup> person plural, present passive indicative form.

**ferris**