FJCL REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2011
CERTAMEN ADVANCED
ROUND 1

TU1.   The Lotus-Eaters and the Laestrygonians were both encountered by what hero?
         Answer: **ODYSSEUS**
B1.   As a result of eating whose cattle did Zeus send a storm to destroy Odysseus' ship?
         Answer: **THE SUN'S / HELIUS'**
B2.   On what island did Helius' cattle graze?
         Answer: **THRINACIA / SICILY**

TU2.   Which of the following words is NOT a participle: **cogitāns, capturus, prudēns, agendus**?
         Answer: **PRUDĒNS**
B1.   Which of the following words is NOT an imperative: **sequere, movēte, memento, velle**
         Answer: **VELLE**
B2.   Which of the following words does NOT take the dative case: **serviō, idoneus, egeō, ignoscō**?
         Answer: **EGEŌ**

TU3.   Differentiate in meaning between **meta** and **metus**.
         Answer: **META –** TURNING POST   **METUS -** FEAR
B1.   Differentiate in meaning between **ingēns** and **ingenium**.
         Answer: **INGĒNS** – HUGE   **INGENIUM –** CHARACTER / TALENT
B2.   Differentiate in meaning between **ordo** and **ordior**.
         Answer: **ORDO—**DECORATE, ORDER   **ORDIOR –** BEGIN

TU4.   What Roman author from Rudiae wrote an 18 book epic history called *Annales*?
         Answer: **QUINTUS ENNIUS**
B1   What three languages did Ennius speak, prompting one writer to claim he had three hearts?
         Answer: **GREEK, LATIN, & OSCAN**
B2   Which 2nd century A.D. Roman author made the claim that Ennius had three hearts?
         Answer: **AULUS GELLIUS**

TU5.   Which Roman general won victories at Aquae Sextiae and Vercellae?
         Answer: **MARIUS**
B1.   What tribes did Marius defeat at Aquae Sextiae and Vercellae?
         Answer: **CIMBRI (VERCELLAE) & TEUTONES (AQUAE SEXTIAE)**
B2.   Where did the Cimbri and Teutones defeat two Roman armies in 105 B.C.?
         Answer: **ARAUSIO / ORANGE**

TU6. Translate the motto of New York University: **Perstāre et Praestāre**.
Answer: **TO PERSERVERE AND SURPASS**
B1 Translate the motto of Duke University: **Eruditio et Religio**.
Answer: **LEARNING AND RELIGION**
B2 Translate the motto of Notre Dame University: **Crux spes unica**.
Answer: **THE CROSS IS THE ONLY HOPE**

TU7. What two brothers, the sons of Pelops, quarreled over the throne of Mycenae?
Answer: **ATREUS & THYESTES**
B1 Who was the mother of Atreus and Thyestes?
Answer: **HIPPODAMEIA**
B2 What action, taken by Pelops, is the origin of the curse on the house of Atreus?
Answer: **THE MURDER OF MYRTILUS**

TU8. What is the meaning of the Latin verb from which we derive "contort" and "torque"?
Answer: **TWIST (TORQUEO)**
B1 What is the meaning of the Latin verb from which we derive "ennui"?
Answer: **HATE (ODI)**
B2 What is the meaning of the Latin noun from which we derive "antler"?
Answer: **EYE (OCULUS)**

TU9. *Haleutica, Tristia, Ars Amatoria,* and *Amores* were all written by what author?
Answer: **OVID**
B1 Give Ovid's full name.
Answer: **PUBLIUS OVIDIUS NASO**
B2 What is the subject of Ovid's *Fasti*?
Answer: **THE ROMAN CALENDAR**

TU10. What emperor of Rome died while fighting the Parthians in 363 A.D.?
Answer: **JULIAN**
B1 By what name was Julian called, denoting his opposition to Christianity?
Answer: **APOSTATE**
B2 Who succeeded Julian as emperor of Rome?
Answer: **JOVIAN**

TU1. In ancient Rome, what was the profession of a **sutor**?
       Answer: **SHOE MAKER**
B1   What was the profession of a **publicanus**?
       Answer: **TAX COLLECTOR**
B2   What was the profession of a**n argentarius**?
       Answer: **BANKER**

TU2. Translate the following sentence into English: **Discipulī putāvērunt omnēs magistrōs esse insanōs.**
       Answer: **THE STUDENTS THOUGHT THAT ALL OF THE TEACHERS WERE CRAZY**
B1   Translate this sentence: **Sī omnēs magistrī insanī essent, discipulī quam celerrime discēderent.**
       Answer: **IF ALL THE TEACHERS WERE CRAZY, THE STUDENTS WOULD LEAVE AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE**
B2   Identify the type of conditional clause illustrated in the previous sentence.
       Answer: **PRESENT CONTRARY TO FACT**

TU3. Complete the following analogy: Aeneas : Iulus :: Mezentius :
       Answer: **LAUSUS**
B1   Complete this analogy: Aeneas : Anchises :: Pallas :
       Answer: **EVANDER**
B2   Complete this analogy: Aeneas : Venus :: Lavinia :
       Answer: **AMATA**

TU4. What author, born at Aquinum, wrote a work of 16 *Satires* during the reign of Domitian?
       Answer: **JUVENAL**
B1   Which of Juvenal's *Satires* includes his infamous derision of women?
       Answer: **SIXTH**
B2   What contemporary of Juvenal referred to the satarist as **facundus**, meaning eloquent?
       Answer: **MARTIAL**

TU5. What king of Dacia fought two wars against the Roman Empire?
       Answer: **DECEBALUS**
B1   What name is given to Decebalus' capital in Dacia?
       Answer: **SARMIZIGETHUSA**
B2   At what battle site did Decebalus fight two battles with Rome in 88 and 101 A.D.?
       Answer: **TAPAE**

TU6.   **Quid anglice significat "spondeō"?**
        Answer: **TO PROMISE**
B1   **Quid anglice significat "proprius"?**
        Answer: **CHARACTERISTIC / ONE'S OWN / SPECIAL**
B2   **Quid anglice significat "gelū"?**
        Answer: **FROST / ICE**

TU7.   What work of Latin Literature begins with the line: "**Quō usque tandem abutēre, Catilina, patientiā nostrā**"?
        Answer: **CICERO'S FIRST CATILINARIAN**
B1   In which temple did Cicero deliver this speech?
        Answer: **JUPITER STATOR**
B2   How many orations *In Catilinam* did Cicero deliver?
        Answer: **FOUR**

TU8.   Pelorus, Cithaeron, Udaeus, Hyperenor, and Echion are collectively known by what name?
        Answer: **SPARTOI**
B1   Which of the Spartoi married the daughter of Cadmus and Harmonia?
        Answer: **ECHION**
B2   Who was the child of Echion and Agave, the second king of Thebes?
        Answer: **PENTHEUS**

TU9.   Give **one** of the **two** Latin words from which we derive "biscuit"?
        Answer: **BIS / COQUO**
B1   Give the other.
        Answer: **SEE ABOVE**
B2   Give both Latin words from which we derive "crucify".
        Answer: **CRUX & FIGO**

TU10.   Change the phrase **fēlix augur** to the genitive singular.
        Answer: **FĒLICIS AUGURIS**
B1   Change **fēlicis auguris** to the ablative singular.
        Answer: **FĒLICĪ AUGURE**
B2   Change **fēlicī augure** to the nominative plural.
        Answer: **FĒLICĒS AUGURĒS**

TU1.   What law of 445 B.C. legalized marriages between Plebeians and Patricians?
        Answer: **LEX CANULEIA**
B1   What law of 66 B.C. gave Pompey command in the war against Mithridates?
        Answer: **LEX MANILIA**
B2   What law of 59 B.C. gave Caesar command over Cisalpine Gaul and Illyricum?
        Answer: **LEX VATINIA**

TU2   For the verb **pellō**, give the 3rd person plural, imperfect, active, subjunctive.
        Answer: **PELLERENT**
B1   Change **pellerent** to the corresponding pluperfect.
        Answer: **PEPULISSENT**
B2   Change **pepulissent** to the passive.
        Answer: **PULSĪ ESSENT**

TU3.   What mythological group was transformed from ants into men by Zeus?
        Answer: **MYRMIDONS**
B1   Whose prayers was Zeus answering when he transformed the Myrmidons?
        Answer: **AEACUS'**
B2:   On what island did this transformation take place?
        Answer: **AEGINA**

TU4.   What Silver Age author wrote 124 philosophical letters addressed to his friend Lucilius?
        Answer: **SENECA THE YOUNGER**
B1   What is the Latin title of these letters?
        Answer: **EPISTULAE MORALES**
B2   Where in Spain was Seneca the Younger born?
        Answer: **CORDOBA**

TU5.   Identify the use of the dative case in the following line of Catullus: **ēripit sensūs mihi**.
        Answer: **SEPARATION**
B1   Identify the use of the ablative case in the following line of Catullus: **multō mī tamen es
        vīlior et levior**
        Answer: **DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE**
B2   Identify the use of the ablative case in this line of Catullus: **ārīdā modo pumice
        expolītum**
        Answer: **MEANS**

TU6.   Complete this well-known Latin phrase: **nē plūs** _____
       Answer: **ULTRA**
B1   Complete this well-known phrase: **Ad maiorem deī**_____
       Answer: **GLORIAM**
B2   Complete this well-known Latin phrase: **Vox populī** _____
       Answer: **VOX DEĪ**

TU7.   What mythological seer died after a chasm opened in the earth and swallowed his
       chariot?
       Answer: **AMPHIARAUS**
B1   Which sons of Amphiaraus fought with the Epigoni?
       Answer: **ALCMEON**
B2   What distinction did Alcmeon have amongst the Epigoni?
       Answer: **HE LED THE EPIGONI**

TU8.   Which of Vergil's three major works did he publish first?
       Answer: **ECLOGUES**
B1   How many *Eclogues* are there?
       Answer: **TEN**
B2   To whom did Vergil dedicate the 4th, often known as the "Messianic," Eclogue?
       Answer: **ASINIUS POLLIO**

TU9.   Give a synonym of **poena**.
       Answer: **SUPPLICIUM / PUNITIŌ / CASTIGATIO / SATISFACTIO**
B1   Give a synonym of **mons.**
       Answer: **COLLIS / RUPES / CAUTES / CORNU / PROMONTURIUM**
B2   Give a synonym of **nectō**
       Answer: **VINCIŌ / LIGŌ / ALLIGO / ASTRINGO**

TU10. What battle of 206 B.C. won Spain for Scipio Africanus?
       Answer: **ILIPA**
B1   Where had Scipio won a previous engagement two years prior to Ilipa?
       Answer: **BAECULA**
B2   What Carthaginian stronghold in Spain had Scipio captured in 209 B.C.?
       Answer: **CARTHAGO NOVA / NEW CARTHAGE**

TU1.   Translate the following sentence into English: **Tantī est mihi ut Latīnam sciam.**
        Answer: **IT IS WORTHWHILE FOR ME TO KNOW LATIN**
B1   In that sentence, what is the case and use of **tantī**?
        Answer: **GENITIVE OF VALUE / PRICE**
B2   Name one other common adjective used with the genitive of value.
        Answer: **MAGNUS / PARVUS**

TU2.   The Argonauts encountered many perils on their journey. What bronze giant did the
        encounter when passing by Crete?
        Answer: **TALUS**
B1   Who removed the pin in Talus' ankle, thus spilling the Ichor inside of him?
        Answer: **MEDEA**
B2   According to a different account, which Argonaut dislodged Talus' pin with an arrow?
        Answer: **POEAS**

TU3.   What work of literature was the first work of prose in Latin?
        Answer: **DE AGRI CULTURA / DE RE RUSTUICA**
B1   Who is the author of this work?
        Answer: **CATO THE ELDER**
B2   What work of Cato was the first prose history in Latin?
        Answer: **ORIGINES**

TU4.   Differentiate in meaning between **salūs** and **saltus**.
        Answer: **SALUS – HEALTH / SAFETY / WELFARE**
        SALTUS – DANCE / LEAP / NARROW PASSAGE
B1   Differentiate in meaning between **pangō** and **mangō**.
        Answer: **PANGO – TO FASTEN / FIX   MANGŌ – SLAVE DEALER**
B2   Differentiate in meaning between **nascor** and **nancīscor**.
Answer: **NASCOR – BE BORN   NANCISCOR – FIND / OBTAIN**

TU5.   Which Roman king could trace his family lineage to Corinth?
        Answer: **TARQUINIUS PRISCUS**
B1   What was Tarquinius Priscus' Etruscan name?
        Answer: **LUCUMO**
B2   What was the name of Lucumo's father, a native of Corinth?
        Answer: **DEMARATUS**

TU6. What derivative of a 3rd conjugation deponent verb means "obedient to a servile degree"?
Answer: **OBSEQUEOUS**

B1 What derivative of a 3rd conjugation deponent verb means "able to exist or occur together without conflict"?
Answer: **COMPATIBLE**

B2 What derivative of a 3rd conjugation deponent verb means "carried out with minimum effort or reflection"?
Answer: **PERFUNCTORY**

TU7. Identify the use of the subjuntive in the following sentence: **Quī sunt quī deōs nōn timeant?**
Answer: **RELATIVE CLAUSE OF CHARACTERISTIC**

B1 Translate that sentence.
Answer: **WHO ARE THEY WHO DO NOT FEAR THE GODS**

B2 Identify the use of the subjunctive in this sentence: **Nobīs imperabit ne hostibus crēdamus.**
Answer: **INDIRECT COMMAND**

TU8. What Roman historian served as consul with Nerva in 97 A.D.?
Answer: **TACITUS**

B1 In which of his works did Tacitus claim that the first crime of Tiberius' regime was the murder of Agrippa Postumus?
Answer: **ANNALES**

B2 Give the full the manuscript title of Tacitus' *Annales*.
Answer: (**ANNALES**) **AB EXCESSU DIVI AUGUSTI**

TU9. Which son of Poseidon did Achilles kill by strangling him with the straps of his helmet?
Answer: **CYCNUS**

B1 Why was Achilles forced to kill Cycnus in this way?
Answer: **POSEIDON HAD MADE HIM INVULNERABLE TO WEAPONS**

B2 Where was Cycnus king?
Answer: **COLONAE**

TU10. **Libitinarius** and **designator** are both terms for what profession in ancient Rome?
Answer: **UNDERTAKER**

B1 In respect to funerary customs, what were **ustrinae?**
Answer: **CREMATORIA**

B2 What was a **cenotaphium**?
Answer: **EMPTY TOMB**

TU11. What emperor of Rome was defeated by Decius near Verona in 248 A.D.?
Answer: **PHILLIP THE ARAB**
B1 Who succeeded Decius as emperor?
Answer: **TREBONIANUS GALLUS**
B2 Who succeeded Trebonianus Gallus
Answer: **AEMILIAN / AEMILIUS AEMILIANUS**

TU12. For the verb **complector**, give the 3rd person singular, imperfect subjunctive.
Answer: **COMPLECTERETUR**
B1 Change **complecteretur** to the pluperfect.
Answer: **COMPLEXUS ESSET**
B2 Change **complexus esset** to the present.
Answer: **COMPLECTATUR**

TU13. Who, having become tired and hot from walking through Africa, dared to draw his bow at the sun?
Answer: **HERACLES**
B1 How did Helius respond to this act of boldness?
Answer: **GAVE HERACLES A GOLDEN CUP IN WHICH TO SAIL**
B2 Which of the giants had, at one time, stolen Helius' famous cattle?
Answer: **ALCYONEUS**

TU14 Which Plautine comedy is the author's only play about a mythological subject?
Answer: **AMPHITRUO / AMPHYTRION**
B1 Who delivers the prologue of *Amphitruo?*
Answer: **LAR FAMILIARIS**
B2 Complete this analogy: Jupiter : Mercury :: Amphytrion :
Answer: **SOSIA**

TU15 Using your knowledge of well-known phrase, say in Latin: "Let them remember to die."
Answer: **MEMINERINT MORI**
B1 Along with **memini**, name two other common Latin verbs which express their imperatives in the future?
Answer: **SCIO & HABEO**
B2 Using the verb **sciō** and a future imperative, say in Latin: "Let him know himself"
Answer: **SE SCITO**