REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2011
CERTAMEN LEVEL I
ROUND I

TU1. Distinguish in meaning between <u>femina</u> and <u>filia</u>.
Answer: **FEMINA-WOMAN; FILIA-DAUGHTER**
B1. Distinguish in meaning between <u>saepe</u> and <u>sine</u>.
Answer: **SAEPE-OFTEN; SINE-WITHOUT**
B2. Distinguish in meaning between <u>filius</u> and <u>frater</u>.
Answer: **FILIUS-SON; FRATER-BROTHER**

TU2. Who was the Greek god of prophecy, music, medicine, and the sun?
Answer: **APOLLO**
B1. Who was Apollo's twin sister, the goddess of hunting and the moon?
Answer: **ARTEMIS**
B2. Give the Roman names for Apollo and Artemis.
Answer: **APOLLO** and **DIANA**

TU3. What office was held by both Lucius Iunius Brutus and Collatinus after they drove
Tarquinius Superbus from power?
Answer: **CONSUL**(SHIP)
B1. Name the wife of Collatinus who killed herself in the name of virtue.
Answer: **LUCRETIA**
B2. From what people did Tarquinius Superbus then seek help?
Answer: **ETRUSCANS**

TU4. For the verb <u>moveo</u>, give the 3rd person plural imperfect active indicative.
Answer: **MOVEBANT**
B1. Make <u>movebant</u> passive.
Answer: **MOVEBANTUR**
B2. Translate that form.
Answer: **They were (being) moved**.

TU5. What was the head of a Roman family called?
Answer: **PATER FAMILIAS**
B1. What was his power over the family called?
Answer: **PATRIA POTESTAS**
B2. How could a son gain his own *patria potestas*?
Answer: **MARRIAGE**, **ADOPTION**, **DEATH OF HIS FATHER**, or
EMANCIPATION

TU6. Name the daughter of Zeus and Leda whose beauty helped cause the Trojan War.
    Answer: **HELEN**
    B1. Name the twin brother of Helen, who hatched with her from the same egg.
        Answer: **POLYDEUCES / POLLUX**
    B2. Name either of Helen's other siblings, the children of Leda and Tyndareus.
        Answer: **CLYTEMNESTRA** or **CASTOR**

TU7. For the sentence, 'The girls gave the boys friendship' translate 'friendship'.
    Answer: **AMICITIAM**
    B1. For the same sentence, 'The girls give the boys friendship' translate 'gave.'
        Answer: **DEDERUNT / DABANT**
    B2. Now translate the entire sentence, 'The girls give the boys friendship.'
        Answer: **PUELLAE PUERĪS AMICITIAM DEDERUNT / DABANT**.

TU8. Which Roman emperor is associated with all of the following events: the capture of Jerusalem, the dedication of the Colosseum, and the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius?
    Answer: **TITUS'**
    B1. Although the Colosseum was dedicated in 80 A.D., it's construction began in 72 A.D. Name the emperor in that year.
        Answer: **VESPASIAN**
    B2. What was the relationship between Titus and Vespasian?
        Answer: **TITUS WAS VESPASIAN'S SON**.

TU9. What is the Latin for the abbreviation *e.g.?*
    Answer: **EXEMPLI GRATIA**
    B1. What does this phrase mean in English?
        Answer: **FOR (THE SAKE OF AN) EXAMPLE**
    B2. Give the Latin and English for *i.e*.
        Answer: **ID EST, THAT IS**

TU10. Give the principal parts for the verb from which we derive 'description'.
    Answer: **SCRIBO, SCRIBERE, SCRIPSI, SCRIPTUM**
    B1. Which of the following words is NOT derived from scribo: scribble, shrive, proscription, obsession.
        Answer: **OBSESSION**
    B2. From what verb is 'obsession' derived?
        Answer: **SEDEO**

TU1. Give the more common nickname for the emperor known as Lucius Domitius
 Ahenobarbus, who ruled from 54-68 A.D.
 Answer: **NERO**
 B1. What disaster in 64 A.D. provided enough vacant land for Nero to build his Domus
 Aurea?
  Answer: **A FIRE**
 B2. On what group did Nero blame the fire?
  Answer: **THE CHRISTIANS**

TU2. Which hero killed the Chimaera?
 Answer: **BELLEROPHON**
 B1. What mythical beast did Bellerophon use to help kill the monster?
  Answer: **PEGASUS**
 B2. What hubristic act did Bellerophon perform which caused his death?
  Answer: **HE TRIED TO RIDE PEGASUS TO OLYMPUS**

TU3. Distinguish in meaning between *terreo* and *timeo*.
 Answer: **TERREO: TO FRIGHTEN; TIMEO: TO BE AFRAID**
 B1. Distinguish in meaning between *trado* and *traho*.
  Answer: **TRADO: TO BETRAY, SURRENDER; TRAHO: TO DRAG, DRAW**
 B2. Distinguish in meaning between *dormio* and *demonstro*.
  Answer: **DORMIO: TO SLEEP, DEMONSTRO: TO SHOW,**
 DEMONSTRATE.

TU4. What is the Latin word for racing companies?
 Answer: **FACTIONES**
 B1. In English, name the first two *factiones*.
  Answer: **WHITE, RED**
 B2. In English, name the two *factiones* which lasted the longest.
  Answer: **BLUE, GREEN**

TU5. For the sentence, "The gods ought to protect men," translate 'ought to'.
 Answer: **DEBENT**
 B1. For the same sentence, "The gods ought to protect men," translate 'protect'.
  Answer: **SERVARE**
 B2. What use of the infinitive is '*servare'* in this sentence?
  Answer: **COMPLEMENTARY**

TU6.. For the verb *cado*, give the 3rd person singular present active indicative.
    Answer: **CADIT**
    B1. Change *cadit* to the future tense.
        Answer: **CADET**
    B2. Change *cadet* to the perfect tense.
         Answer: **CECIDIT**

TU7. What is the Latin for the phrase "make haste slowly?"
    Answer: **FESTINA LENTE**
    B1. The Marines are always faithful. Give the Latin motto of the Marine Corps.
        Answer: **SEMPER FIDELIS**
    B2. The Coast Guard's motto is always prepared. Give the Latin for this motto.
        Answer: **SEMPER PARATUS**

TU8. Which of the following does not belong grammatically: *fenestra*, *patria*, *agricola*, *ira*?
    Answer: **AGRICOLA**
    B1. Which of the following does not belong grammatically: *corpus*, *oculus*, *inimicus*, *lupus*?
        Answer: **CORPUS**
    B2. Which of the following does not belong grammatically: *vir*, *puer*, *arbor*, *ager*?
        Answer: **ARBOR**

TU9. Give the years of the 2nd Punic War.
    Answer: **218-201 BC**
    B1. Give the years of the 1st Punic War.
        Answer: **264-241 BC**
    B2. What Roman general destroyed Carthage in the 3rd Punic War?
        Answer: **SCIPIO AEMILIANUS**

TU10. Who is punished in the Underworld with eternal hunger and thirst?
    Answer: **TANTALUS**
    B1. Who in the Underworld must roll a boulder up a hill?
        Answer: **SISYPHUS**
    B2. What women in the Underworld are punished by having to fill leaky jars with water?
        Answer: **THE DANAIDS**.

TU1.. What state has the same motto as its University?
  Answer: **MISSISSIPPI**
  B1. What is the Latin motto?
    Answer: **VIRTUTE ET ARMIS**
  B2. What is its English meaning?
    Answer: **BY VALOR AND ARMS**

TU2. For the sentence, "Magistra mea librīs docet," give the case and use of *librīs*.
  Answer: **ABLATIVE OF MEANS**
  B1. For the sentence, "Magistra mea magnā cum arte docet," give the case and use of
  arte.
    Answer: **ABLATIVE OF MANNER**
  B2. Translate the sentence, "Magistra mea magnā cum arte docet."
    Answer: **MY TEACHER TEACHES WITH GREAT SKILL/ART/TALENT.**

TU3. Who am I? I was born in 100 BC, I served as Pontifex Maximus in 63 BC, I served as
  consul in 59 BC, and I was part of the first Triumvirate with Crassus and Pompey. Who
  am I?
  Answer: **JULIUS CAESAR**.
  B1. In what year did Caesar cross the Rubicon River, saying 'Alea iacta est,' and
  starting the civil war?
    Answer: **49 BC**
  B2. With whom did Caesar share his consulship in 59 BC, although the office was called
  'The Consulship of Julius and Caesar,' since Caesar bullied this man into staying home?
    Answer: **BIBULUS**

TU4. From which 4th conjugation verb with what meaning do all of the following derivatives
  come: nice, prescient, consciously, omniscience?
    Answer: **SCIO-TO KNOW**
  B1. From which 3rd declension noun with what meaning do all of the following come:
  achieve, mischief, captain, cabbage?
    Answer: **CAPUT-HEAD**
  B2. From which 2nd conjugation verb with what meanding do all of the following come:
  imprudent, survey, envy, supervision?
    Answer: **VIDEO-TO SEE**.

TU5. Who attacked Deianeira as he carried her across a stream?
    Answer: **NESSUS (THE CENTAUR)**
    B1. Who's second wife did Deianeira become?
      Answer: **HERACLES'**
    B2. What did Nessus give Deianera, telling her it was a love potion, although it was really a poison?
      Answer: **HIS BLOOD**

TU6. What were *imagines*?
    Answer: **BUSTS OF ANCESTORS (WHO HELD HIGH/CURULE OFFICE)**
    B1. Where were the *imagines* kept?
      Answer: **ALAE**
    B2. When were they taken out?
      Answer: **FUNERALS**

TU7. Make the phrase *malus lupus magnus* ablative plural.
    Answer: **MALĪS LUPĪS MAGNĪS**
    B1. Make the phrase *parvus canis bonus* ablative singular.
      Answer: **PARVŌ CANE BONŌ**
    B2. Make the phrase *mare nostrum* genitive plural.
      Answer: **MARIUM NOSTRORUM**

TU8. Which dynasty ruled from 193-235 AD?
    Answer: **SEVERAN DYNASTY**
    B1. Which dynasty ruled from 27 BC to 68 AD?
      Answer: **JULIO-CLAUDIAN**
    B2. Which dynasty ruled from 69-96 AD?
      Answer: **FLAVIAN**

TU9. Name the muse of tragedy.
    Answer: **MELPOMENE**
    B1. Name the muse of astronomy.
      Answer: **URANIA**
    B2. Name the muse of dance.
      Answer: **TERPSICHORE**

TU10. Translate into English: The wife of the poet is angry.
    Answer: **UXOR / MULIER / FEMINA POETAE EST IRATA**.
    B1. Translate: The wife's money was lost by the poet.
      Answer: **PECUNIA UXORIS/MULIERIS/FEMINAE AMITTEBATUR/AMISSA EST A POETĀ.**
    B2. Translate: The cowardly poet had avoided his angry wife.
      Answer: **POETA IGNAVUS AVITAVERAT UXOREM / MULIEREM / / FEMINAM IRATAM**.

TU1. Who killed the Calydonian Boar?
    Answer: **MELEAGER**
    B1. To whom did Meleager give the boar as a trophy?
        Answer: **ATALANTA**
    B2. How did Meleager die?
        Answer: **HIS MOTHER KILLED HIM BY PLACING A LOG IN THE FIRE**

TU2. What did the Romans call the gods of the cupboards?
    Answer: **PENATES**
    B1. What did the Romans call the shrine in their atrium?
        Answer: **LARARIUM**
    B2. At what festival did masters serve their slaves?
        Answer: **SATURNALIA**

TU3. Identify the use of the ablative case in the following sentence: **Multīs verbīs poēta fabulam narrābat.**
    Answer: **MEANS**
    B1. Translate this sentence.
        Answer: **THE POET TOLD THE STORY WITH MANY WORDS.**
    B2. Change the verb in that sentence to the future perfect tense.
        Answer: **NARRAVERINT**

TU4. What Roman emperor killed his brother Geta in 211 A.D.?
    Answer: **CARACALLA**
    B1. Who was the father of Caracalla and Geta?
        Answer: **SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS**
    B2. In 212 A.D., Caracalla issued the *Constitutio Antoniniana*. What did it do?
        Answer: **GRANTED ROMAN CITIZENSHIP TO ALL FREEDMEN IN THE EMPIRE**

TU5. The words *cable*, *conceive*, and *caption* are all derived from what Latin with what meaning?
    Answer: **CAPIO – TAKE / CAPTURE**
    B1. From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive *projection*?
        Answer: **IACIO - THROW**
    B2. From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive *mutiny*?
        Answer: **MOVEO - MOVE**

TU6. What son of Aethra and Aegeus slew the Minotaur?
　　Answer: **THESEUS**
　　B1. Where was Theseus born?
　　　Answer: **TROEZEN**
　　B2. Name any three of the four infamous bandits whom Theseus killed on his way from
　　　Troezen to Athens?
　　　Answer: **PERIPHETES / SINIS / SCIRON / PROCRUSTES**

TU7. Differentiate in meaning between **quis** and **quid**.
　　Answer: **QUIS – WHO?　QUID - WHAT**
　　B1. Differentiate in meaning between **per** and **perterritus**.
　　　Answer: **PER – THROUGH　PERTERRITUS – FRIGHTENED**
　　B2. Differentiate in meaning between **equus** and **aequus**.
　　　Answer: **EQUUS – HORSE　AEQUUS – EVEN / EQUAL / FAIR**

TU8. Which king of Rome built the Pons Sublicius?
　　Answer: **ANCUS MARCIUS**
　　B1. Which king of Rome built the Cloaca Maxima?
　　　Answer: **TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS**
　　B2. Which king of Rome built the Curia?
　　　Answer: **TULLUS HOSTILIUS**

TU9. Give the Latin and English for the motto of the state of Virginia.
　　Answer: **SIC SEMPER TYRANNĪS – THUS EVER TO TYRANTS**
　　B1. Give the Latin and English for the motto of West Virginia.
　　　Answer: **MONTANI SEMPER LIBERI – MOUNTAINEERS ARE ALWAYS
　　　FREE**
　　B2. Give the Latin and English for the motto of the state of Idaho.
　　　Answer: **ESTO PERPETUA – MAY IT LAST FOREVER**

TU10. Change the phrase **meus fīlius** to the vocative singular.
　　Answer: **MĪ FĪLĪ**
　　B1. Change the phrase **carus Publius** to the vocative singular.
　　　Answer: **CARE PUBLĪ**
　　B2. Give the vocative plural of the phrase *sad sisters*.
　　　Answer: **MISERAE SORORĒS**

TU11. Who imprisoned his daughter Danae in a bronze chamber because an oracle warned that her so would kill him?
Answer: **ACRISIUS**
B1. After Acrisius had cast Danae and Perseus out to sea, to what island did their chest wash ashore?
Answer: **SERIPHOS**
B2. What fisherman found and rescued Danae and Perseus?
Answer: **DICTYS**

TU12. In the Roman **Thermae**, what was the changing room called?
Answer: **APODYTERIUM**
B1. What was the cold-plunge room called?
Answer: **FRIGIDARIUM**
B2. What was the heating system called?
Answer: **HYPOCAUST(UM)**

TU13. Translate: **Mater fīliōs in culīnam vocāvit.**
Answer: **THE MOTHER (HAS) CALLED THE / HER SONS INTO THE KITCHEN**
B1. Translate: **Fēmina fuit īrāta.**
Answer: **THE WOMAN WAS ANGRY**
B2. Translate: **Puerī ē culīnā cucurērunt**.
Answer: **THE BOYS RAN OUT OF THE KITCHEN**

TU14. Ticinus River, Lake Trasimene, and Cannae were all battles fought during which war?
Answer: **2ND PUNIC**.
B1. Besides Ticinus River, what other battle took place in 218 B.C.?
Answer: **TREBIA RIVER**
B2. What battle took place in 208 B.C. in Spain?
Answer: **BAECULA**

TU15. When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: **sta et pone manum in capite.**
Answer: **STUDENT STANDS AND PUTS ONE HAND ON THEIR HEAD**
B1. Perform this command: **Dīc nobīs nomina tuōrum sociōrum**.
Answer: **STUDENT SAYS THE NAMES OF THEIR TEAMMATES**
B2. Perform this command: **State et ambulate ex ianuā.**
Answer: **TWO STUDENTS STAND AND WALK OUT OF THE DOOR**