

2012 FJCL State Latin Forum

Greek Derivatives

Choose the word or phrase which best completes the sentence or means the same as the underlined word.

1. The young girl was a hippophile, a person
a. fond of snakes b. fond of horses c. fond of sleeping d. hypocritical
2. The archaeologists' find was neolithic.
a. bronze age b. medieval c. stone age d. classical
3. Since his childhood, he had been iatrophobic.
a. afraid of doctors b. afraid of snakes c. afraid of fish d. afraid of priests
4. She was unable to work for long periods, because she had cephalalgia.
a. backaches b. eye strain c. anemia d. headaches
5. A necropolis is of interest to which of the following?
a. architects b. archaeologists c. biologists d. businessmen
6. After a stroke, the man experienced aphasia, an inability to
a. walk b. stand c. speak d. see
7. A person who is gamophobic fears
a. marriage b. writing c. knowledge d. nudity
8. A caustic substance is one which
a. soothes b. burns c. heals d. neutralizes
9. Ecesis is a surgical process which involves
a. transplantation b. excision c. fertilization d. rhinoplasty
10. Dendrochronology is the process of determining age through
a. tooth wear b. tree rings c. pottery styles d. morphology

Choose the English word that is derived from the Greek word.

11. horao (ὅράω)
a. horizon b. panorama c. phosphorescent d. heresy
12. potamos (πόταμος)
a. symposium b. potion c. hippopotamus d. potassium
13. conops (κόνοψ)
a. canapé b. cannon c. connive d. cannibal

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| 14. hodos (όδός) | a. melody | b. method | c. aphorism | d. aphelion |
| 15. aeiro (άειρω) | a. meteor | b. dieresis | c. aerial | d. malaria |
| 16. mēli (μελι) | a. calomel | b. caramel | c. melancholy | d. mellifluous |
| 17. phero (φέρω) | a. periphery | b. pharmacopeia | c. phalanges | d. phosphate |
| 18. speiro (σπείρω) | a. sporadic | b. hemisphere | c. asphyxiate | d. spasm |
| 19. didomi (δίδομι) | a. diadem | b. didactic | c. diet | d. dose |
| 20. demos (δῆμος) | a. paradigm | b. hypodermic | c. pandemonium | d. epidemic |

Choose the Greek root of the given English word.

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| 21. date | a. didasko (διδάσκω)
c. daktylos (δάκτυλος) | b. didomi (δίδομι)
d. diaita (δίαιτα) |
| 22. talisman | a. talanton (τάλαντον)
c. teino (τείνω) | b. telos (τέλος)
d. thallo (θάλλω) |
| 23. Timothy | a. temno (τέμνω)
c. timao (τιμάω) | b. theaomai (θεάομαι)
d. tatto (τάττω) |
| 24. catastrophe | a. trepho (τρέψω)
c. speiro (σπείρω) | b. trypao (τρυπάω)
d. strepho (στρέψω) |
| 25. taxidermy | a. taxis (τάξις)
c. tatto (τάττω) | b. tachus (ταχύς)
d. techne (τέχνη) |
| 26. symptom | a. pteron (πτερόν)
c. temno (τέμνω) | b. pipto (πίπτω)
d. tithemai (τίθημι) |

27. xenophobic
 a. xeros (ξηρός)
 c. chaino (χαίνω) b. koimáō (κοιμαω)
 d. xenos (ξένος)
28. oxygen
 a. gignomai (γίγνομαι)
 c. gignosko (γιγνώσκω) b. gyne (γυνή)
 d. gamos (γάμος)
29. enthusiasm
 a. thymos (θυμός)
 c. thyra (θύρα) b. theos (θεός)
 d. theaomai (θεάομαι)
30. catalytic
 a. leipo (λείπω)
 c. lepo (λέπω) b. lambano (λαμβάνω)
 d. luo (λύω)

Choose the meaning of the Greek word from which the English word is derived.

31. cynical
 a. time b. blue c. spring d. dog
32. cathedral
 a. sleep b. burn c. call d. sit
33. hegemony
 a. leader b. honor c. day d. priest
34. thalassocracy
 a. land b. theater c. wonder d. sea
35. Polynesia
 a. ship b. island c. victory d. night
36. pause
 a. drink b. fall c. stop d. put
37. ephemeral
 a. night b. day c. half d. dawn
38. thyroid
 a. door b. wild beast c. watch d. breastplate
39. hendiadys
 a. half b. one c. day d. six

40. anachronism

- a. color b. green c. time d. cold

Choose the word that does NOT belong by derivation.

41. a. eclipse b. liposuction c. epilepsy d. lipogram

42. a. basil b. anabasis c. basilica d. basilisk

43. a. problem b. devil c. symbol d. obelisk

44. a. canyon b. cannon c. canopy d. canister

45. a. idea b. idol c. iodine d. kaleidoscope

Choose the word that is derived from the same Greek root as the word given.

46. energy

- a. argon b. agoraphobic c. eremite d. neuritis

47. elixir

- a. ellipse b. xylophone c. xeriscape d. embalm

48. apothecary

- a. theater b. apotheosis c. anabolic d. boutique

49. telegraph

- a. glamor b. hieroglyph c. glycerin d. griffin

50. platypus

- a. planet b. plaza c. plutocrat d. plasma