

2012 FJCL State Forum Hellenic History

Select the best answer for each question. N.B. All years are B.C.

Match the following people with their respective city-state or colony:

1. Lycurgas
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
2. Draco
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
3. Cypselus
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
4. Solon
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
5. Leotychidas
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
6. Pausanius
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
7. Gelon
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
8. Cylon
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
9. Pheidon
a. Argos b. Lydia c. Persia d. Sicyon
10. Croesus
a. Argos b. Lydia c. Persia d. Sicyon
11. Mardonius
a. Argos b. Lydia c. Persia d. Sicyon
12. Cleisthenes
a. Argos b. Lydia c. Persia d. Sicyon
13. Thrasybulus
a. Megara b. Miletus c. Messalla d. Messenia

14. Aristodemus
a. Megara b. Miletus c. Messalla d. Messenia
15. Aristagorus
a. Megara b. Miletus c. Messalla d. Messenia
16. Theagenes
a. Megara b. Miletus c. Messalla d. Messenia

Choose the best answer for the following questions

17. What agreement ended the Archidamnian War?
a. Peace of Alcibiades b. Peace of Lamachus c. Peace of Nicias d. Peace of Philocrates
18. What agreement ended the war between Athens and Macedonia?
a. Peace of Alcibiades b. Peace of Lamachus c. Peace of Nicias d. Peace of Philocrates
19. The assembly of all Spartan citizens was
a. The Apella b. The Boule c. The Ecclesia d. The Gerousia
20. The Spartan Counsel of 30, including kings, as long as they were 60 years and older was
a. The Apella b. The Boule c. The Ecclesia d. The Gerousia
21. The Athenian assembly of 500 members was
a. The Apella b. The Boule c. The Ecclesia d. The Gerousia
22. The Athenian assembly consisting of all men 30 years and older, with at least 2 years military was
a. The Apella b. The Boule c. The Ecclesia d. The Gerousia
23. At which battle in 401 B.C. did Cyrus the Younger lead a Greek army into Persia?
a. Cunaxa b. Amphipolis c. Himera d. Gaugamela
24. The process giving all inhabitants of Attica Athenian rights was called
a. Syncretism b. Seisachtheia c. Synoecism d. Timocracy
25. Solon's policy of cancelling enslavement as a consequence of debt was known as
a. Ephors b. Seisachtheia c. Synoecism d. Timocracy
26. In Sparta, which five men exercised some power over the Spartan kings?
a. Ephors b. Seisachtheia c. Synoecism d. Timocracy
27. Which Athenian leader presided over the creation of the Demos in 508 B.C.?
a. Cleisthenes b. Miltiades c. Pericles d. Ephialtes
28. Which naval battle ended the Peloponnesian War in 405?
a. Aegospotami b. Arginusae c. Manitea d. Notium

29. What city-state founded the colony of Taras in 707?
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Syracuse
30. Lacedaemonia is better known as _____.
a. Argos b. Athens c. Thebes d. Sparta
31. In what battle of 669 did the soldiers of Argos defeat Sparta?
a. Coronea b. Haliartus c. Nemea d. Hysiae
32. What son of Pisistratus did Harmodius and Aristogiton assassinate?
a. Hippias b. Hipparchus c. Cleomenes d. Arsinoe
33. Whom did Sparta conquer upon hearing the Bones of Orestes rested there?
a. Tegea b. Taras c. Tanagra d. Thebes
34. What Persian general conquered all of Thrace and Macedonia in 492?
a. Ariobarzan b. Artaphernes c. Mardonius d. Darius
35. During the Peloponnesian war from 431-404, what leader of Athens died in 429?
a. Pericles b. Miltiades c. Solon d. Draco
36. What Athenian General caught 100 Spartans in Sphacteria in 425?
a. Stesicles b. Aristides c. Cleon d. Cimon
37. What Persian General murdered Darius?
a. Artaphernes b. Xerxes c. Datis d. Bessus
38. Where did Alexander defeat Darius III in 333 B.C.?
a. Granicus b. Tyre c. Issus d. Gaugamela
39. Who was Alexander the Great's tutor?
a. Aristotle b. Plato c. Socrates d. Chion
40. Who was the only man to defeat Phillip of Macedon in battle?
a. Onomarchus b. Pausanias c. Bardyllis d. Pelopidas
41. What Greek city-state was ruled by the Bacchiads?
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Sparta d. Thebes
42. The name of the hunchback Spartan who betrayed his countrymen at Thermopylae was
a. Eudamus b. Ephialtes c. Erigonus d. Euphetes
43. Which Athenian leader convinced his countrymen to build ships with the silver found at Laurium?
a. Themistocles b. Pericles c. Aristides d. Cleon

44. Who was the first victim of Ostracism in Athens?
a. Hipparchus b. Lysander c. Themistocles d. Miltiades
45. Who led the ill-fated Athenian expedition to Sicily?
a. Nicias b. Alcibiades c. Gelon d. Callimachus
46. At which battle of 371 B.C. did the Theban commander Epomminondas defeat Sparta?
a. Mantinea b. Leuctra c. Mycale d. Platea
- 47-50: Arrange the following events in Alexander's life
a. Chaeronea b. Granicus c. Gordian knot d. Assassination of Phillip