

1TU . Give a Latin preposition meaning *on account of*

Answer: **OB/PROPTER**

B1. Give a synonym of the preposition *post*

Answer: **PONE**

B2. Give a synonym of the preposition *prope*

Answer: **AD/PROPTER**

2TU . What Latin legal phrase means *you are to produce the body* and is an important point in English common law that demands a person have his day in court rather than be deprived of liberty without cause or charge.

Answer: **HABEAS CORPUS**

B1. What Latin phrase refers to someone or something that suddenly solves what seems to be an insoluble problem just in time?

Answer: **DEUS EX MACHINA**

B2. What Latin phrase refers to the characters in a play?

Answer: **DRAMATIS PERSONAE**

3TU . Although this young woman was exposed at birth by her father Iasus, she was nursed by a she-bear and became both athletic and a great huntress because of her upbringing in the forests of Greece. Eventually reunited with her parents she refused to marry any except the man who could defeat her in a foot race. Name her.

Answer: **ATALANTA**

B1. Name the young man who finally won a foot race with Atalanta.

Answer: **HIPPOMENES/MILANION**

B2. Atalanta and Hippomenes are eventually turned into lions for sleeping together in the temple of Cybele, but it was Aphrodite who caused them to lose their self control there. Why did Aphrodite do this?

Answer: **HIPPOMENES DID NOT SHOW PROPER THANKS FOR THE GOLDEN APPLES SHE GAVE TO HIM.**

4TU . What Roman commander defeated the Carthaginians of Cape Ecnomus in 256 BC?

Answer: **REGULUS**

B1. Regulus was himself defeated in North Africa. What commander defeated him?

Answer: **XANTHIPPIUS**

B2. Xanthippus was not a Carthaginian. Where was this mercenary from?

Answer: **SPARTA**

5TU . Give the dative singular of *nullus*

Answer: **NULLI**

B1. Give the genitive singular of *hic*

Answer: **HUIUS**

B2. give the accuative masculine singular of *idem*

Answer: **EUNDEM**

6TU . Which of the following is NOT derived from the same root as the others?

accident, cadence, ACCESS, decay,

Answer: **ACCESS**

B1. From what root is *access* derived?

Answer: **CEDO**

B2. From what root are the others derived?

Answer: **CADO**

7TU . The Romans elected most of their officials every year, but one of the offices was elected every five years. Which one?

Answer: **CENSOR**

B1. The frequency of election was not the only odd thing about the censorship because the time that he served was unusual too. How long did a censor serve?

Answer: **18 MONTHS**

B2. The office of *dictator* was also unusual in the time of service and in the fact that *dictator* was not the original name for the office. Give me the original name for the *dictator* which was similar to the name of his lieutenant.

Answer: **MAGISTER POPULI**

8TU . This important Greek god is said to have first been born at Thebes when his mother demanded to see Zeus in his godly form. Name this god.

Answer: **DIONYSUS**

B1. Dionysus was said to have been born twice. How was he born the second time?

Answer: **FROM ZEUS' THIGH**

B2. Who was Dionysus' mother?

Answer: **SEMELE**

9TU . Give the superlative form of the adjective *stultus*

Answer: **STULTISSIMUS**

B1. Give the superlative form of the adjective *facilis*

Answer: **FACILLIMUS**

B2. Give the superlative form of the adjective *magnus*

Answer: **MAXIMUS**

10TU . Which emperor made Britain a Roman province?

Answer: **CLAUDIUS**

B1. In what year had Julius Caesar first invaded Britain

Answer: **55 BC**

B2. Another emperor had started an expedition to Britain, but had his soldiers collect sea-shells instead of actually carrying out the invasion. Which Emperor was this?

Answer: **CALIGULA**

11TU . Give the principal parts of the Latin verb meaning *drive out*

Answer: **EXPELLŌ, EXPELLERE, EXPŪLĪ, EXPULSUS**

B1. Give the principal parts of the Latin verb meaning *throw*

Answer: **IACIO, IACERE, IĒCĪ, IACTUS (IACTO, 1)**

B2. Give the principal parts of the Latin verb meaning *seek* or *attack*

Answer: **PETO, PETERE, PETĪVI, PETITUS**

12TU . What young woman falls in love with Jason at first sight?

Answer: **MEDEA**

B1. Medea's father had set a task for Jason that would kill him. What does Medea do for Jason to save him?

Answer: **CREATES AN OINTMENT/POTION THAT MAKES JASON INVULNERABLE/INVINCIBLE**

B2. Spell Medea's father's name

Answer: **A-E-E-T-E-S (A-I-E-T-E-S)**

13TU . Who won the battle of Caudine Forks?

Answer: **SAMNITES**

B1. In what year did that battle occur?

Answer: **321 BC**

B2. How did the Samnites punish the Roman army

Answer: **SENT THEM UNDER THE YOKE**

14TU . Give the Latin noun and its meaning which give us *domestic*

Answer: **DOMUS, HOME**

B1. What English verb meaning to rule, control, or to be the most important part of something is from the same root?

Answer: **DOMINATE**

B2. What English verb meaning to rule, control, or to bring into danger or peril is from the same root?

Answer: **ENDANGER**

15TU . The motto of John's Hopkins University reminds us of the importance of truth. What is the Latin and English for this motto?

Answer: **VERITAS VOS LIBERABIT, THE TRUTH WILL SET YOU FREE**

B1. Sometimes lawyers work for free to defend the truth. Give the full Latin phrase that describes such free work.

Answer: **PRO BONO PUBLICO**

B2. Some might doubt the sanity of those who work for no pay and perhaps use this Latin phrase to describe someone they think is not of sound mind.

Answer: **NON COMPOS MENTIS**

1TU . From what Latin noun is *alarm* derived?

Answer: **ARMA**

B1. From what Latin noun is *artificial* derived?

Answer: **ARS**

B2. From what verb is *artificial* also derived?

Answer: **FACIO**

2TU . Sons and mothers in myth! Sometimes they love one another dearly. The pair I have in mind, however, ended up with the son killing the mother. Name the matricidal son of Agamemnon and his parricidal mother.

Answer: **ORESTES/CLYTEMNESTRA**

B1. Which of the gods ordered Orestes to kill his mother?

Answer: **APOLLO**

B2. What goddesses pursue Orestes and make him insane for killing his mother?

Answer: **FURIES/ERINYES (Eumenides)**

3TU . Distinguish in meaning between *spero* and *sperno*

Answer: **SPERO = TO HOPE, SPERNO = TO DESPISE, REJECT, SPURN**

B1. Distinguish in meaning between *audeo* and *augeo*

Answer: **AUDEO = TO DARE, AUGEO = TO INCREASE, ENLARGE**

B2. Distinguish in meaning between *paro* and *pareo*

Answer: **PARO = TO PREPARE, PAREO = TO OBEY**

4TU . Name the brother whom Caracalla killed in order to become sole emperor?

Answer: **GETA**

B1. Who was mother to both of Caracalla and Geta?

Answer: **JULIA DOMNA**

B2. Where does Caracalla die?

Answer: **NEAR CARRHAE**

5TU . Give the dictionary entry for the Latin verb from which *audiophile* is derived.

Answer: **AUDIO, AUDIRE, AUDIVI, AUDITUS, TO HEAR, LISTEN**

B1. Give the dictionary entry for the related Latin noun from which *monaural* is derived.

Answer: **AURIS, AURIS, F. EAR**

B2. What English verb meaning “to follow the commands of” is derived from *audio*

Answer: **obey**

6TU . Say in Latin *that head*

Answer: **ILLUD CAPUT**

B1. Change that to the ablative singular

Answer: **ILLO CAPITE**

B2. Change that to the genitive plural

Answer: **ILLORUM CAPITUM**

7TU . Give the Latin and the English for the motto of the University of New Mexico

Answer: **LUX HOMINUM VITA, LIGHT, THE LIFE OF MEN**

B1. What is the motto of Washington University in St. Louis?

Answer: **PER VERITATEM, VIS**

B2. What does this mean?

Answer: **THROUGH TRUTH, STRENGTH**

8TU . What king of Thebes refused to honor Dionysus and paid with his life?

Answer: **PENTHEUS**

B1. Pentheus' mother, driven to bacchic frenzy by Dionysus, kills her own son and carries his head into the city as a trophy. What did she think she was holding?

Answer: **A LION'S HEAD**

B2. Name the unfortunate mother who killed her own son.

Answer: **AGAVE**

9TU . In terms of the number of men lost, it is hard to doubt that this battle of 216 BC was the worst Rome ever suffered.

Answer: **CANNAE**

B1. What famous enemy inflicted this defeat on Rome

Answer: **HANNIBAL**

B2. What important commander who later defeated Hannibal escaped from Cannae

Answer: **SCIPIO AFRICANUS**

10TU . Imagine yourself in ancient Rome, walking through the Forum. Suddenly, you think it would be awesome to see the Senate in session. What is the name of the building you ask for directions to?

Answer: **CURIA (IULIA/HOSTILIA)**

B1. As you make your way toward the *Curia*, you see several men in bright white togas that make them stand out from the crowd. What do you know about them?

Answer: **THEY ARE RUNNING FOR OFFICE**

B2. You also see a man wearing a *tunica angusti clavi*. What do you know about him?

Answer: **HE IS A MEMBER OF THE
EQUITES/EQUESTRIANS**

11TU . Give the Latin phrase that means "let the buyer beware"?

Answer: **CAVEAT EMPTOR**

B1. What Latin legal phrase means to adjourn without a specified date for meeting again, literally meaning "without a date"

Answer: **SINE DIE**

B2. What Latin legal phrase means "under the protection of the law" literally meaning "in the bosom of the law"

Answer: **IN GREMIO LEGIS**

12TU . What was the Latin term for the shawl-like garment a Roman woman wore outside?

Answer: **PALLA**

B1. That seemed a little easy, didn't it? Fine, let's see what you know. A Roman *matrona* had a special narrow border sewn onto the bottom of her *stola*. What was it called?

Answer: **INSTITA**

B2. That was a little more difficult, I suppose? Well, how about this. Tell me what a Roman woman's *subucula* was?

Answer: **TUNICA INTERIOR/TUNIC WORN INDOORS AND UNDER THE STOLA (not underwear)**

13TU . What kingdom was bequeathed to Rome in 133 BC?

Answer: **PERGAMUM**

B1. What tribune of that same year was assassinated?

Answer: **TIBERIUS GRACCHUS**

B2. Name the year that Caius Gracchus, Tiberius' younger brother was also assassinated while tribune

Answer: **122 BC**

14TU . Complete the analogy. Porto: portabit :: possum : _____

Answer: **POTERIT**

B1. Porto: portabit :: facio : _____

Answer: **FACIET**

B2. Porto : portare :: fio :

Answer: **FIERI**

15. TU . Name the Athenian princess who marries King Tereus of Thrace.

Answer: **PROCNE**

B1. Name Procne's sister who was abducted by Tereus.

Answer: **PHILOMELA**

B2. Procne ends up killing her own son to avenge her sister. What was his name?

Answer: **ITYS**

1TU . What Latin noun with what meaning gives us trident?

Answer: **DENS, TOOTH**

B1. *Dens* also gives us this noun that means “a space at the beginning of a line or paragraph.”

Answer: **INDENTATION**

B2. *Dens* also gives us this noun that means “a contract which binds one person to work for another for a given period of time.

Answer: **INDENTURE**

2TU . What university has the motto *perstare et praestare*

Answer: **NEW YORK UNIVERSITY**

B1. What does that motto mean?

Answer: **TO PERSEVERE AND SURPASS**

B2. What state has the motto *dum spiro, spero*?

Answer: **SOUTH CAROLINA**

3TU . Which of the following does not belong according to meaning:

vultur, aquila, corvus, APIS, cygnus

Answer: **APIS**

B1. What is an *apis*?

Answer: **BEE**

B2. What is an *aquila*

Answer: **EAGLE**

4TU . For the verb *Loquor* give the 3rd person singular imperfect indicative

Answer: **LOQUEBATUR**

B1. Change that to the subjunctive

Answer: **LOQUERETUR**

B2. Change that to the pluperfect

Answer: **LOCUTUS ESSET**

5TU . Which emperor dedicated the *Ara Pacis* in 9 BC?

Answer: **AUGUSTUS**

B1. To what god did Augustus dedicate a temple in fulfillment of a vow after the assassination of Julius Caesar?

Answer: **MARS ULTOR**

B2. To what gods temple on the Palatine did Augustus have a private connection built from his own home?

Answer: **APOLLO**

6TU . Still in Rome! While you watch the Senate, you use your excellent Latin and strike up a conversation with the fellow next to you and he invites you to dinner. He offers you some *mustum* to drink. What is *mustum* ?

Answer: **GRAPE JUICE**

B1. Your host seats you in the position of honor at his little dinner party. Which *lectus* does he put you on?

Answer: **(LECTUS) MEDIUS**

B2. Your host puts you on the third place of the *lectus medius*. What is this spot called?

Answer: **LOCUS CONSULARIS**

7TU . First named Alcaeus after his grandfather, this hero later performed many labors to expiate a crime he had committed. Name this famous hero of Greek and Roman myth.

Answer: **HERACLES/HERCULES**

B1. How many labors did Heracles finally perform?

Answer: **12**

B2. Heracles' third labor involved a year of running after the Cerynitian hind. To which goddess was this deer sacred?

Answer: **ARTEMIS/DIANA**

8TU . What 1st and 2nd declension adjective means *hostile* or *unfriendly*

Answer: **INIMICUS**

B1. What 1st and 2nd declension adjective means *disturbed* or *moved*

Answer: **COMMOTUS/MOTUS**

B2. What 1st and 2nd declension adjective means *unwilling*

Answer: **INVITUS**

9TU . For what battle is the quotation *in hoc signo vinces* significant?

Answer: **MILVIAN/MULVIAN BRIDGE/SAXA RUBRA**

B1. In what year did that battle take place?

Answer: **312 AD**

B2. Name the winner and the loser of that battle

Answer: **WINNER: CONSTANTINE, LOSER: MAXENTIUS**

10TU . Translate the relative clause in this sentence: *The friends with whom we sit today will always be.*

Answer: **QUIBUSCUM SEDEMUS HODIE**

B1. Translate the whole sentence, but change everything to the singular

Answer: **AMICUS QUOCUM SEDEO HODIE SEMPER ERIT.**

B2. Now translate *The friend to whom I give my friendship has always been.*

Answer: **AMICUS CUI AMICITIAM DO SEMPER FUIT.**

11TU . Give the principle parts of the Latin verb which gives us *incredible*

Answer: **CREDO, CREDERE, CREDIDI, CREDITUM**

B1. Also coming from *credo* is this English verb meaning to give or allow.

Answer: **GRANT**

B2. Also from the same root is this noun meaning the willingness to believe something.

Answer: **CREDULITY**

12TU . What prophetess foretells her own death and that of Agamemnon only to be disbelieved by the old men of Argos?

Answer: **CASSANDRA**

B1. Clytemnestra kills both Cassandra and Agamemnon, but what lover of hers helps her?

Answer: **AEGISTHUS**

B2. Who was Aegisthus' father?

Answer: **THYESTES**

13TU . Where did Pompey defeat Caesar in 49 BC?

Answer: **DYRRHACIUM**

B1. Where in Gaul had Caesar been defeated

Answer: **GERGOVIA**

B2. Caesar defeats Pompey at Pharsalus but does not capture him. Where does Caesar finally catch up to Pompey?

Answer: **ALEXANDRIA**

14TU . Later in the evening on your trip to ancient Rome your host takes you out onto the roof of his fine home on the Esquiline Hill. From there you have a good view and see some of Rome's ancient police/fireman walking the streets. What does your host call them?

Answer: **VIGILES**

B1. Your host gives a history lesson and tells you who organized the force of the *vigiles*. Who?

Answer: **AUGUSTUS**

B2. Several different officials were in charge of the *vigiles*. Name one.

Answer: **AEDILE/TRIBUNE/PRAEFECTUS**

15.TU . Name the wise centaur who was a trainer of heroes.

Answer: **CHEIRON/CHIRON**

B1. Who accidentally wounded Chiron with an incurable wound?

Answer: **HERCULES/HERACLES**

B2. Where did Chiron live?

Answer: **(IN A CAVE) ON MT. PELION**

1TU . What is the meaning of the Latin noun *flumen*

Answer: **RIVER/STREAM**

B1. What is the meaning of the Latin noun *telum*

Answer: **WEAPON, MISSILE, ARROW, JAVELIN**

B2. What is the meaning of the Latin noun *consilium*

Answer: **PLAN, ADVICE**

2TU . What Greek deity had the town of Dodona for his oracle, a place where the rustling of the oak leaves were interpreted to give oracles, fitting since the oak was this god's tree.

Answer: **ZEUS**

B1. As Homer says, Zeus is "father of gods and men" and some of his earliest offspring are the Seasons. Which consort of Zeus is mother to the Seasons?

Answer: **THEMIS**

B2. Name two of the three Seasons that Zeus fathered.

Answer: **EUNOMIA/DIKE/EIRENE (ORDER, JUSTICE, PEACE)**

3TU . Say in Latin *Your soldiers will never conquer our city*

Answer: **TUI/VESTRI MILITES NUMQUAM NOSTRAM URBEM
VINCENT/SUPERABUNT.**

B1. Now say: *Our city will never be conquered by your soldiers.*

Answer: **AB TUIS/VESTRIS MILITIBUS NUMQUAM NOSTRA URBS
VINCETUR/SUPERABITUR.**

B2. Now say: *Because our city is stronger, your soldiers will never conquer us.*

Answer: **QUOD NOSTRA URBS FORTIOR, TUI/VESTRI MILITES NON NUMQUAM
VINCENT/SUPERABUNT.**

4TU . Germanicus was the father of Caligula. What relationship did he have with the emperor Claudius?

Answer: **BROTHER**

B1. Germanicus had a troubled relationship with the emperor Tiberius who seemed always to be suspicious of Germanicus' motives. Where did Germanicus visit that upset Tiberius?

Answer: **EGYPT**

B2. Where did Germanicus die?

Answer: **SYRIA**

5TU . By now you probably know your Latin teacher pretty well and the know their method of working. What is the Latin phrase that describes a person's standard way of working?

Answer: **MODUS OPERANDI**

B1. Sometimes *modus operandi* - M.O. for short – is used to describe a criminals usual way of working and can be a way to predict the criminal's actions and capture him “red handed.” What is the Latin legal phrase for a person caught red-handed?

Answer: **IN FLAGRANTE DELICTO**

B2. Even if someone is caught *in flagrante*, the offence may be so slight that no one chooses to prosecute the case. What is the Latin for the maxim that says “the law does not care about trifles?”

Answer: **DE MINIMIS NON CURAT LEX**

6.TU . What piratical queen did the Romans fight against in the Adriatic sea?

Answer: **TEUTA**

B1. Of what country was she queen?

Answer: **ILLYRIA**

B2. This ally of Teuta switched sides more than once and his political maneuvers sparked the 2nd Illyrian War.

Answer: **DEMETRIUS (OF PHAROS)**

7TU . Name the ruler of Seriphos who fell in love with Danaë and sent Perseus on the quest for Medusa's head.

Answer: **POLYDECTES**

B1. Which deity gave a sword to Perseus?

Answer: **HERMES/MERCURY**

B2. Which deity gave a shield to Perseus?

Answer: **ATHENA/MINERVA**

8TU . Say in Latin “*Let's walk, not run!*”

Answer: **AMBULEMUS, NE CURRAMUS**

B1. What use of the subjunctive is that?

Answer: **HORTATORY**

B2. Now say in Latin *Don't run! You have a dagger in your hand*

Answer: **NOLI/NOLITE CURRERE! IN TUA/VESTRA MANU PUGIONEM HABES/HABETIS**

9TU . One of the other guests at the dinner party you are attending in Rome has been serving in the army and tells you that he is having his equipment repaired in the city. What does he call his leather body armor?

Answer: **LORICA**

B1. The young man says he is also having his javelin repaired. What is that called?

Answer: **PILUM**

B2. When you ask him what he does in the army he says he carries a vexillum. What is his title?.

Answer: **SIGNIFER**

10TU . Give the dictionary entry for the Latin adjective meaning *easy*

Answer: **FACILIS, FACILE**

B1. Give the dictionary entry for the 3rd declension Latin adjective meaning *lucky*

Answer: **FELIS, FELICIS**

B2. Give the dictionary entry for the 3rd declension Latin adjective meaning *sharp, keen*

Answer: **ACER, ACRIS, ACR**

11TU . Who were the consuls of 70 BC?

Answer: **POMPEY AND CRASSUS**

B1. In what other year were these men both consuls?

Answer: **55 BC**

B2. Who was sole consul in 52 BC?

Answer: **POMPEY**

12TU . Give the perfect passive participle and its translation for the verb *vinco*

Answer: **VICTUS, HAVING BEEN CONQUERED**

B1. Give the present participle and its translation for the same verb

Answer: **VINCENS, CONQUERING**

B2. Give the future active participle and its translation for the same verb

Answer: **VICTURUS, ABOUT TO/GOING TO CONQUER**

13TU . While out hunting, this prince of Thebes stumbles on a maiden bathing and dies for it?

Answer: **ACTAEON**

B1. Who is the maiden that Actaeon finds bathing?

Answer: **ARTEMIS/DIANA**

B2. How does Actaeon die?

Answer: **CHANGED INTO A DEER HE IS HUNTED DOWN AND
KILLED BY HIS OWN DOGS.**

14TU . From what Latin verb with what meaning is envy derived?

Answer: **VIDEO, TO SEE**

B1. Also from video is this adjective meaning *wise*

Answer: **PRUDENT**

B2. What English noun for a person who measures an area of land

Answer: **SURVEYOR**

15TU . Name the satyr who dared to challenge Apollo to a music contest and lost.

Answer: **MARSYAS**

B1. Marsyas was playing the flute. Who had invented this instrument and discarded it?

Answer: **ATHENA/MINERVA**

B2. What victory prize did Apollo take from Marsyas?

Answer: **FLAYED HIM ALIVE**

1TU . What deponent Latin verb means *follow*

Answer: **SEQUOR**

B1. What deponent Latin verb means *return*

Answer: **REGREDIOR**

B2. What deponent verb means *pray*

Answer: **PRECOR**

2TU . There you are at school, walking to class and one of your friends from Latin at the other end of the hall calls out: *Asta, amice, mane dum, quaeso!* What is your friend saying?

Answer: **ASKING YOU TO WAIT FOR THEM**

B1. You wait. When your friend catches up he says: *Vīdistine lusum hesterno?* what has he asked you?

Answer: **IF YOU SAW/DID YOU SEE THE GAME
YESTERDAY/LAST NIGHT**

B2. You answer him with a question in Latin (of course!) *Dicisne de lusu pilae clavaeque?* What have you asked?

Answer: **IF HE IS TALKING ABOUT THE BASEBALL GAME**

3TU . What nymph was the first love of Apollo but rejected his advances and ran from him?

Answer: **DAPHNE**

B1. Daphne knew she would be unable to escape from Apollo and prayed to her father for help. Who was Daphne's father?

Answer: **PENEUS**

B2. What does Peneus do to help Daphne?

Answer: **CHANGES HER INTO A LAUREL TREE**

4TU . *Forsan et haec olim meminisse iuvabit* is a quotation from which Latin author?

Answer: **VERGIL**

B1. What does the phrase mean?

Answer: **PERHAPS IT WILL CHEER (US) TO REMEMBER EVEN
THESE THINGS ONE DAY (or reasonable approximation).**

B2. In what work of Vergil is this line said?

Answer: **AENEID**

5TU . Give the Latin verb and its meaning from which the English noun *bib* comes

Answer: **BIBO, DRINK**

B1. Another Latin verb that means to drink or drain gives us the noun exhaust from what verb does exhaust come?

Answer: **HAURIO**

B2. Our word *draw*, on the other hand is cognate with a Latin verb that gives us tract and treaty. What is this Latin verb?

Answer: **TRAHO**

6TU . According to some modern writers, the goddess Leucothea was “unimportant,” but it is doubtful that this Greek hero found Leucothea unimportant when she gave him a life-preserving garment that kept him afloat when he was shipwrecked at sea. Name this hero.

Answer: **ODYSSEUS**

B1. The goddess Leucothea had once been a mortal woman. What had her name been before?

Answer: **INO**

B2. Where had Odysseus just come from when he was shipwrecked?

Answer: **(ISLAND OF) CALYPSO/OGYGIA**

7TU . What was a *quadriga* in Rome? I will give you a hint, an *auriga* drove it.

Answer: **(4 –HORSED) CHARIOT**

VISUAL (Pass out visual to team that gets the toss-up)

You are looking at a monument in honor of Crescens, a charioteer. You have 10 seconds to examine it. (wait 10 seconds)

B1. When did Crescens win his first race?

Answer: **DURING THE CONSULSHIP OF (L. VIPSTANIUS) MESSALLA
OR ON NERVA’S BIRTHDAY**

B2. For what racing company did he drive?

Answer: **BLUES/VENATA**

8TU . The U.S. Navy has an unofficial Latin motto: *Non sibi, sed patriae*. What does this mean?

Answer: **Not for (her)self but for (her) country**

B1. The USS John F. Kennedy, recently decommissioned, had a Latin motto that was a quotation from Kennedy’s inaugural address. *Date, nolite rogare*. What does this mean?

Answer: **GIVE, DON’T ASK**

B2. What well know English phrase does this Latin motto approximate

Answer: **ASK NOT WHAT YOUR COUNTRY CAN DO FOR YOU, BUT
WHAT YOU CAN DO FOR YOUR COUNTRY.**

9TU . What is the meaning of the Latin noun *clamor*

Answer: **SHOUT, NOISE, UPROAR**

B1. What is the meaning of the Latin noun *civis*

Answer: **CITIZEN**

B2. What is the meaning of the Latin noun *epistula*

Answer: **LETTER**

10TU . Listen to the passage which I will read twice and answer the question in Latin,

Olim puer Papirius ad ianuam Curiae stabat, audiens dum senatores de magno bello deliberabant. Tandem consul inquit “non satis temporis hodie est. Cras consilium capiemus, sed nihil de consiliis extra Curiam dicamus.” Papirius domum ivit. Ibi, mater inquit “Quid hodie senatores egerunt, mi fili?” Papirius respondit: “dicere tibi non debeo.”

Qua de re senatores deliberabant?

Answer: **(DE) BELLO (MAGNO)**

B1. Cur non hodie senatores consilium cepit?

Answer: **NON ERAT SATIS TEMPORIS**

B2. Cur Papirius dixit se dicere non debere?

Answer: **QUOD SENATORES NON VOLEBANT DICERE DE CONSILIIS EXTRA CURIAM**

11TU . Who was the father of the ill-fated Oedipus?

Answer: **LAIUS**

B1. Laius has Oedipus exposed. Name the people who adopt Oedipus?

Answer: **POLYBUS AND MEROPE**

B2. Oedipus goes into exile and dies. Where does he die?

Answer: **COLONUS**

12TU . Which of the following is NOT derived from the same root as the others?

sure, secure, sure, CURRENT

Answer: **CURRENT**

B1. From what root with what meaning is *current* derived?

Answer: **CURRO, RUN**

B2. From what root with what meaning are the others derived?

Answer: **CURA, CARE**

13TU . Roads were important to the Romans and they built them to last. How many different layers the Romans prepare beneath the large stones that paved the roadway?

Answer: **FOUR**

B1. What was the top layer of large stones called?

Answer: **DORSUM**

B2. Curbstones called *umbones* held the *dorsum* in place but outside of the *umbones* was a footpath what did the Romans call the footpath?

Answer: **SEMITAE/MARGINES**

14TU . Which nymph wandered though the world until she reached the Nile, was restored to human form and gave birth to Epaphus, the son of Zeus?

Answer: **IO**

B1. What immortal, who foretells that Io will return to human form in Egypt, does Io find in the Caucasus mountains.

Answer: **PROMETHEUS**

B2. Who was Io's father?

Answer: **INACHUS**

15TU . What king of the Dacians did Trajan defeat?

Answer: **DECEBALUS**

B1. What earlier emperor had also fought against Decebalus?

Answer: **DOMITIAN**

B2. Domitian liked to force senators to call him "Dominus et Deus" but they willingly praised Trajan, What did they call him after his death?

Answer: **OPTIMUS PRINCEPS**

16TU . From what Latin verb is *convict* derived?

Answer: **VINCO**

B1. From what Latin noun is *devious* derived

Answer: **VIA**

B2. . From what Latin verb is *adversary* derived

Answer: **VERTO**

17TU . In the sentence, "The men arrived on the seventh night" translate *on the seventh night*.

Answer: **SEPTIMA NOCTE**

B1. In the sentence, "The soldiers were sent by a god" translate *by a god*.

Answer: **A DEO**

B2. What case and use is *by a god* in that sentence?

Answer: **ABLATIVE OF PERSONAL AGENT**

18TU . Which emperor destroyed the power of Palmyra?

Answer: **AURELIAN**

B1. Aurelian also regained Gaul in the West. Who had set up an "Empire of the Gauls" there?

Answer: **POSTUMUS**

B2. What title was Aurelius given for his feat of restoring the empire in both the East and the West?

Answer: **RESTITUTOR ORBIS**

19TU . In the sentence *The brave man must be praised by the senators* translate *senators*

Answer: **SENATORIBUS**

B1. What case and use is *senatoribus*

Answer: **DATIVE OF AGENT**

B2. Now use the same construction to translate *the brave man must be praised*

Answer: **HOMO/VIR FORTIS LAUDANDUS EST**

20TU . At whose house were the Festival of the Bona Dea celebrated in 62 BC?

Answer: **JULIUS CAESAR**

B1. What office did Caesar hold at the time?

Answer: **PONTIFEX MAXIMUS**

B2. What aristocratic Roman profaned the festival that year?

Answer: **P. CLODIUS PULCHER**