2019 FJCL Regionals Certamen

Intermediate Round 1

1. For the verb **do, dare**, give the nominative, singular, present, active participle.   **DANS**
B1: Change **dans** to the genitive singular.   **DANTIS**
B2: Change **dantis** to the plural.   **DANTIUM**

2. From what Latin noun with what meaning is "puerile" ultimately derived?   **PUER**-BOY
B1: From what Latin noun with what meaning is "hostile" ultimately derived?
      HOSTIS-ENEMY
B2: From what Latin noun with what meaning is "senile" ultimately derived?
      SENEX-OLD MAN

3. What stoic philosopher ruled the Roman empire from 161 to 180 AD?
      MARCUS AURELIUS
B1: What son of Marcus Aurelius liked to dress as Hercules and fight in the arena?
      COMMODUS
B2: What wrestling coach of Commodus strangled him to death?   **NARCISSUS**

4. What Trojan woman dreamt that she had given birth to a firebrand rather than her son Paris, an omen predicting the fall of Troy?   **HECUBA**
B1: Which of Hecuba's daughters, who was granted the power of divination, interpreted this omen?   **CASSANDRA**
B2: What god had granted Cassandra this power of prophecy but cursed her to never be believed?   **APOLLO**

5. Translate into Latin the English adjective "eleventh".   **UNDECIMUS**
B1: Now translate the sentence: It was the eighth hour.   **HORA OCTAVA ERAT**
B2: Now translate the sentence: It has become the twelfth hour.
      HORA DUODECIMA FACTA EST

SCORE CHECK AFTER 5 QUESTIONS

6. What man, whose agnomen means "one-eyed," defended the Pons Sublicius from an invading Etruscan army?   **HORATIUS COCLES**
B1: What famous Roman girl swam the Tiber to free hostages from Porsenna's camp?
      CLOELIA
B2: A man named Gaius Mucius was captured by Porsenna after a failed assassination attempt. What agnomen was he given for bravely defying the Etruscan king and thrusting his right hand into a fire?   **SCAEVOLA**

7. After they had been refused hospitality by thousands of people, Zeus and Hermes came upon the house of what elderly couple who graciously accepted the disguised gods into their home?

BAUCIS AND PHILEMON

B1: Because of their hospitality, the gods granted one wish for the couple. What did they ask for?

THAT ONE WOULD NOT OUTLIVE THE OTHER / TO BECOME PRIESTS OF THE GODS' TEMPLE

B2: How did the gods fulfill this wish?

TURNED THEM INTO (INTERTWINING) OAK AND LINDEN TREES

8. **Quid Anglice significat "aeger"?**   SICK
B1: **Quid Anglice significat "acer"?**   SHARP, KEEN, FIERCE
B2: **Quid Anglice significat "alter"?**   OTHER, ANOTHER

9. Which of the following provinces was farthest west: Lusitania, Sicilia, Raetia, Asia?

LUSITANIA

B1: What modern country is Lusitania?   PORTUGAL
B2: In which Roman province was Aquae Sulis located?   BRITTANIA / BRITAIN

SCORE CHECK AFTER 9 QUESTIONS

10. Who was the author of the quote "**mens sana in corpore sano**"?   JUVENAL
B1: Who was the author of "**audentis fortuna adiuvat**"?   VERGIL
B2: Who was the author of "**rident stolidi verba Latina**"?   OVID

FINAL SCORE CHECK

Intermediate Round 2

1. From what Latin verb with what meaning is "retention" ultimately derived? **TENEŌ**: HOLD
B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning is "temptation" ultimately derived?
TEMPTŌ: TRY, ATTEMPT
B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning is "tense" ultimately derived?
TENDŌ: STRETCH

2. The venom of what monster encountered by Heracles on his second labor was the ultimate cause of his death when his wife confused it for a love potion?   (LERNAEAN) HYDRA
B1: What was the name of this wife whom the centaur Nessus had deceived?   DEIANEIRA
B2: After his death, Heracles married whom, the goddess of youth?   HEBE

3. For the adjective **pulcher**, give the feminine, dative, plural, superlative form.
PULCHERRIMĪS
B1: Translate that adjective into English.   TO/FOR THE MOST BEAUTIFUL (WOMEN)
B2: Now, using **pertineo** to mean "belong," translate this sentence into Latin: This apple belongs to the most beautiful of all.
(HOC) MALUM PULCHERRIMĪS OMNIS / OMNIUM PERTINET

4. What man, whose original name was Bassianus, ruled as emperor from 218-222 AD and was famous for his worship of a sun god?   ELAGABALUS
B1: What emperor immediately preceded Elagabalus?   MACRINUS
B2: What 13 year-old ruled as emperor immediately after Elagabalus?
SEVERUS ALEXANDER

5. Differentiate in meaning between **audeo** and **gaudeo.**   DARE; REJOICE
B1: Differentiate in meaning between **cogo** and **cogito**.
GATHER / FORCE / COMPEL; THINK
B2: Differentiate in meaning between **gens** and **ingens.**   RACE / PEOPLE; HUGE

SCORE CHECK AFTER 5 QUESTIONS

6. For the verb **conor**, give the first person singular, present indicative.   **CONAMUR**
B1: Change **conāmur** to the imperfect.   **CONABAMUR**
B2: Change **conābāmur** to the perfect.   **CONATI SUMUS**

7. What king of Epirus came to the aid of the Greek city of Tarentum and fought against the
Romans in the early 3rd Century BC?   PYRRHUS
B1: At what battle of 280 BC did Pyrrhus defeat the Romans?   HERACLEA
B2: Pyrrhus is famous for being the first to use what weapon of war against the Romans?
                                                                                      ELEPHANTS

8. What Ithacan woman fought off all of her suitors for 20 years until her husband Odysseus
came home from Troy?   PENELOPE
B1: Which of the suitors of Penelope did Odysseus kill first?   ANTINOUS
B2: Fittingly, what father of Odysseus killed Eupeithes, the father of Antinous?   LAERTES

9. What Latin legal phrase means "in the place of a parent"?   **IN LOCO PARENTIS**
B1: What Latin phrase is used when a person is tried without being present in court?
                                                                           IN ABSENTIA
B2: What Latin phrase, meaning "the body of the crime," is used to describe concrete evidence
in a case?   **CORPUS DELICTI**

SCORE CHECK AFTER 9 QUESTIONS

10. Which emperor added the last two chariot racing factions, the purple and gold?
                                                                                      DOMITIAN
B1: Which two **facitones** were the first?   RED and WHITE
B2: Which two **factiones** came next?   GREEN and BLUE

FINAL SCORE CHECK

Intermediate Round 3

1. Troezen to Athens was the route taken by what mythological hero, after he found a sword and sandals under a great rock?   THESEUS
B1: Which of the bandits encountered by Theseus was known as "the Stretcher"?
                                                                                PROCRUSTES
B2: What king of Eleusis forced every passerby to wrestle with him until Theseus killed him in a match?   CERCYON

2. What is the term given to the first written codification of Roman law in 449 BC?
                                                            (THE LAWS OF THE) 12 TABLES
B1: What group was established to create the 12 Tables?   **DECEMVIRI**
B2: What man served as the leader of the **decemviri**?   APPIUS CLAUDIUS

3. Give the dictionary entry and meaning of the noun **imber.**
                                                IMBER, IMBRIS, M. RAIN, STORM
B1: Give the dictionary entry and meaning of the verb **incipio**.
                                INCIPIO, INCIPERE, INCEPI, INCEPTUM: TO BEGIN
B2: Give the dictionary entry and meaning of the adjective **inimicus.**
                                INIMICUS, INIMICA, INIMICUM: ENEMY, HOSTILE

4. **Tesserae**, **aquila**, **sarcina**, and **caligae** were all relevant to what profession?
                                                    SOLDIERS / MILITARY / ARMY
B1: What were **caligae**?   SOLDIER'S BOOTS
B2: What was a **sarcina**?   CLOAK

5. For the verb **ago**, give the third person singular perfect active indicative.   **EGIT**
B1: Change **egit** to the plural.   **EGERUNT**
B2: Change **egerunt** to the subjunctive.   **EGERINT**

SCORE CHECK AFTER 5 QUESTIONS

6. From what Latin noun with what meaning is "celestial" ultimate derive?   **CAELUM**: SKY
B1: From what Latin adjective with what meaning is "celerity" ultimately derived?
                                                                CELER: QUICK
B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning is "certainty" ultimately derived?
                                                CERNŌ: DISCERN, SEE, PERCEIVE

7. What son of Helios and king of Colchis was fated to die once the golden fleece was taken off of his land, a probable reason for his distrust of the Argonauts?   AEETES
B1: What sorceress daughter of Aeetes disobeyed her father and aided Jason and the Argonauts?
MEDEA
B2: What brother did Medea chop into pieces and throw into the sea to delay the Colchian fleet allowing the Argonauts to sail away?   ABSYRTUS

8. Which of the following was NOT a river: Hiberus, Padus, Euxinus, Sequana?   EUXINUS
B1: What is the modern name of the **Pontus Euxinus**?   BLACK SEA
B2: What is the modern name of the Padus?   PO RIVER

9. What use of the ablative is found in the following sentence: **montibus ascensis, mercator lentissime Romam ambulabat.**   ABLATIVE ABSOLUTE
B1: What accuative use is **Romam** in that same sentence?   PLACE TO WHICH
B2. Now, translate that sentence (*reread the sentence*).
WITH THE MOUNTAINS HAVING BEEN CLIMBED, THE
MERCHANT VERY SLOWLY WALKED TO ROME

SCORE CHECK AFTER 9 QUESTIONS

10. What future emperor did Augustus marry to his daughter Julia?   TIBERIUS
B1: Who was Tiberius' mother?   LIVIA
B2: On what two islands did Tiberius spend much of his time?   RHODES and CAPRI

FINAL SCORE CHECK

INTERMEDIATE FINALS

1. Aurelian's capture of what queen in 273 AD helped give him the title "**restitutor orbis**"?
                                                                                    ZENOBIA
B1: In what year did Zenobia's husband die, giving her govenance over Palmyra?   268 AD
B2: Who was Zenobia's son for whom she served as regent?   VABALATHUS

2. What characteristic was shared by Caeneus, Cycnus the son of Poseidon, and the Nemean
        Lion?   THEY WERE INVULNERABLE TO
        WEAPONS
B1: Into what was Cycnus changed after Achilles killed him?   SWAN
B2: What creatures killed Caeneus?   CENTAURS

3. Which of the following words do not belong grammatically: **celer**, **alter**, **solus**, **totus**?
                                                                                    CELER
B1: Give the genitive and dative singular of **totus.**   **TOTIUS** and **TOTI**
B2: Give one of the other adjectives irregularly declined like **totus**.
                ULLUS, NULLUS, UTER, NEUTER, UNUS or ALIUS

4. What university has as its motto "**Vires, Artes, Mores**"?   FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY
B1: What is the three word Latin motto of the University of Michigan?
                                                        ARTES, SCIENTIA, VERITAS
B2: What is the three word Latin motto of the City College of New York?
                                            RESPICE, ADSPICE, PROSPICE

5. Which of the following is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: "possibility",
        "essential", "interest", "circuitous", "future".   CIRCUITOUS
B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning is "circuitous" derived?   **EO**: TO GO
B2: Which of the following IS derived from **sum**, **esse**: "summarize", "entirety", "entity",
        "perish", "presumptuous".   ENTITY

SCORE CHECK AFTER 5 QUESTIONS

6. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, then answer in <u>English</u> the question that follows:

Est quīdam magister in Floridā quī est callidus intellegēns benignusque. Ille, autem, est simillimus speciē imperātōrī Rōmānō nōmine Hadrianō. Hic erat altus et barbam gerit; ille quoque. Cum Hadrianus duōbus mīlibus annīs abhinc mortuus sit, potes crēdere hōs duōs virōs fratrēs esse.

Question: What are the English meanings of two of the adjectives that describe the teacher in the passage?   CLEVER, INTELLIGENT, KIND (accept CERTAIN)
B1: What is unusual about the teacher's appearance?
                    HE IS VERY SIMILAR IN APPEARANCE TO /
                    A DEAD RINGER FOR THE EMPEROR HADRIAN
B2: According to the end of the passage, the two men are so similar that what could someone easily believe?   THAT THE TWO MEN ARE BROTHERS

7. Who led a revolt in 73 BC in southern Italy?   SPARTACUS
B1: Who put down the rebellion, although Pompey got most of the credit?   CRASSUS
B2: Whom had Pompey been fighting in Spain before he returned to Italy?   SERTORIUS

8. In the sentence, "**quinque milia copiarum Romam navigabant**," what case and use is **copiarum**?   PARTITIVE GENITIVE
B1: What case can replace a partitive genitive?
                    ABLATIVE (with **de** or **ex**)
B2: Now change the sentence in the tossup so that it uses an ablative instead of a genitive (*reread the sentence from the tossup*).
                    QUINQUE MILIA DE COPIIS ROMAM NAVIGABANT

9. What two heroes snuck into Troy to steal the Palladium?   ODYSSEUS and DIOMEDES
B1: What Trojan seer told the heroes that they had to steal the Palladium in order for Troy to be taken?   HELENUS
B2: Who was the Thracian king whom Diomedes and Odysseus killed so that they could prevent the king's horses from drinking the waters of the Scamander?   RHESUS

10. In what year did Trajan make Dacia a province?   106 AD
B1: What king of the Dacians did Trajan defeat?   DECEBALUS
B2: What city, the capital of Dacia, did Trajan take in 106?   SARMIZEGETHUSA

SCORE CHECK AFTER 10 QUESTIONS

11. If you were stopped by a fellow Roman and asked for the **hora**, what would they be
    wondering about?   THE HOUR/TIME
 B1: If you were stopped by a fellow Roman and asked for the nearest **plaustrum** shop, what
    would they be looking for?   A CART/WAGON
B2: If you were stopped by a fellow Roman and asked how to reach the **litus**, where would they
    be going?   SHORE/BEACH

12. In the sentence "**ab aratro duxerunt Cincinnatum, ut dictator esset**" what is the use of the
    subjunctive?   PURPOSE
B1: Translate that sentence. (repeat the sentence).
                                              THEY LED CINCINNATUS FROM (HIS) PLOW,
                                                     SO THAT HE MIGHT BE DICTATOR
B2: Now translate this sentence into Latin: They led Cincinnatus to the plough so that he might
    not be dictator.
        AD ARATRUM (AD)DUXERUNT CINCINNATUM, NE DICTATOR ESSET

13. Which of the following was not located in the Campus Martius: Theater of Pompey,
    Pantheon, Mausoleum of Hadrian, Ara Pacis?   MAUSOLEUM OF HADRIAN
B1: What emperor did build a mausoleum in the Campus Martius?   AUGUSTUS
B2: By what name is the Mausoleum of Hadrian now known?   CASTEL SANT'ANGELO

14. What law of 43 BC legalized the Second Triumvirate?   LEX TITIA
B1: The Second Triumvirate was renewed in 40 BC in what town in southern Italy?
                                                                          BRUNDISIUM
B2: What battle of 43 BC had given Octavian control of the Republics legions, since the consul
    Aulus Hirtius died in the battle?   MUTINA

SCORE CHECK AFTER 14 QUESTIONS

15. What god, often referred to as "twice-born" due to his unusual birth, lost his mother Semele
    when Zeus showed her his true form?   DIONYSUS
B1: What maiden did Dionysus pick up from the island of Naxos after she had been deserted by
    Theseus?   ARIADNE
B2: Dionysus also took part in the war against the Giants. With what object did Dionysus kill the
    Giant Eurytus?   THYRSUS

FINAL SCORE CHECK