

## Greek Derivatives

### FJCL State Forum 2019

**Choose what best completes the sentence or means the same as the underlined word.**

1. The hydraulic system was so durable because of the quality of its \_\_\_\_.  
A. construction      B. pipes      C. maintenance      D. operator
2. The most likely place to find a dryad is a \_\_\_\_.  
A. forest      B. sea      C. mountain      D. desert
3. At the beginning of his career, the writer adopted a pseudonym.  
A. fictitious name      B. little son      C. new style      D. bad habit
4. If name is identity, Alexander the Great looked after \_\_\_\_.  
A. men      B. honor      C. gods      D. strangers
5. The officer issued a ticket for disregarding the red octagonal traffic-sign.  
A. 6-sided      B. 12-sided      C. 8-sided      D. 20-sided
6. Her telepathic ability enabled her to \_\_\_\_.  
A. transform by thought      B. perceive from a distance  
C. move by her thought      D. talk with another
7. The cyclops is so named because of the \_\_\_\_ of his eye.  
A. power      B. number      C. size      D. shape
8. The language students spent the whole first year working on orthography.  
A. syntax      B. vocabulary      C. penmanship      D. spelling
9. An anemometer is most likely to be used by a \_\_\_\_.  
A. meteorologist      B. astronomer      C. physician      D. marine biologist
10. By etymology, a squirrel might best be described as a \_\_\_\_ critter.  
A. perceptive      B. skittish      C. happy      D. shady

**Choose the English word that is derived from the given Greek word.**

11. ἄγω (ago)  
A. bag      B. strategy      C. beg      D. agriculture
12. πατέρ (pater)  
A. potato      B. patio      C. sympathy      D. patriotic
13. τείνω (teino)  
A. tuna      B. tongue      C. contain      D. tune
14. σῦκον (sykon)

- |                      |              |               |              |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| A. syncopated        | B. such      | C. sycophant  | D. synopsis  |
| 15. νεκρός (nekros)  |              |               |              |
| A. neck              | B. negative  | C. necromancy | D. neigh     |
| 16. ὄδοις (odous)    |              |               |              |
| A. orthodontist      | B. odor      | C. orthodoxy  | D. odometer  |
| 17. σῶμα (soma)      |              |               |              |
| A. psychosomatic     | B. lonesome  | C. son        | D. somber    |
| 18. τέλος (telos)    |              |               |              |
| A. thorn             | B. telemetry | C. toll       | D. tail      |
| 19. λύω (luo)        |              |               |              |
| A. lye               | B. lust      | C. lynch      | D. paralytic |
| 20. κιθάρα (kithara) |              |               |              |
| A. chicken           | B. kite      | C. guitar     | D. cytoplasm |
- Identify the Greek word from which the given English word is derived.**
- |                        |                          |                     |                     |
|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 21. petrify            |                          |                     |                     |
| A. πέτρα (petra)       | B. πετάννυμι (petannumi) |                     |                     |
| C. πέσσω (pesso)       | D. πατέω (pateo)         |                     |                     |
| 22. epitome            |                          |                     |                     |
| A. τέμνω (temno)       | B. τημελής (temeles)     |                     |                     |
| C. ἐπιτείνω (epiteino) | D. θέμις (themis)        |                     |                     |
| 23. torso              |                          |                     |                     |
| A. τόπος (topos)       | B. τρέφω (trepheo)       | C. στρέφω (strepho) | D. θύρσος (thrysos) |
| 24. dinosaur           |                          |                     |                     |
| A. νόσος (nosos)       | B. δειπνέω (deipneo)     | C. δεινός (deinos)  | D. διά (dia)        |
| 25. catechism          |                          |                     |                     |
| A. τέχνη (techne)      | B. ἔχω (echo)            | C. χέω (cheo)       | D. ἡχέω (echeo)     |
| 26. apostolic          |                          |                     |                     |
| A. ὄστεον (osteon)     | B. θάλασσα (thalassa)    |                     |                     |
| C. στέλλω (stello)     | D. στῆθος (stethos)      |                     |                     |
| 27. music              |                          |                     |                     |
| A. μύζω (myzo)         | B. μῦθος (mythos)        | C. μοῦσα (mousa)    | D. μῦς (mys)        |
| 28. jealous            |                          |                     |                     |

A. ἵζω (hizo)

B. ιάομαι (iaomai)

C. λαός (laos)

D. ζῆλος (zelos)

29. elixir

A. λεῖος (leios)

B. ῥῆλιξ (helix)

C. ἔλιξ (helix)

D. ξηρός (xeros)

30. slander

A. σάνδαλον (sandalon)

B. συλλαμβάνω (syllambano)

C. ράδιος (rhaidios)

D. σκάνδαλον (skandalon)

**Choose the meaning of the Greek word from which the given English word is derived.**

31. homily

A. a crowd

B. to stand

C. to serve

D. lesson

32. poem

A. to imagine

B. to make

C. to speak

D. to rhyme

33. lexicon

A. law

B. to cheat

C. to speak

D. knowledge

34. arctic

A. cold

B. bear

C. frost

D. circle

35. nausea

A. nonsense

B. repetition

C. ship

D. stomach

36. pompous

A. to drink

B. to send

C. to think

D. to scorn

37. encryption

A. to hide

B. to weep

C. to steal

D. to kill

38. stomach

A. hunger

B. mouth

C. belly

D. food

39. rhododendron

A. to follow

B. rose

C. to run

D. twelve

40. carat

A. weight

B. horn

C. diamond

D. root

**Choose the word that does NOT belong by derivation.**

41. A. monarchy

B. Monday

C. monotony

D. monopoly

42. A. archives

B. architect

C. hierarchy

D. march

43. A. anomaly      B. homophone      C. omelet      D. homogeneous  
44. A. astronomy      B. numismatics      C. nominal      D. metronome  
45. A. to penalize      B. to repine      C. to pause      D. to punish

**Choose the word derived from the same Greek root as the given word.**

46. prototype  
A. broth      B. proud      C. protest      D. protein  
47. emblem  
A. diabolic      B. base      C. bias      D. blame  
48. thesaurus  
A. treasury      B. parenthesis      C. tyrannosaurus      D. treason  
49. ammonia  
A. hammock      B. amnesty      C. vitamin      D. monk  
50. butler  
A. psalter      B. acrobat      C. bottle      D. spittle