

**2020 FJCL Regional Forum**  
**DERIVATIVES ADVANCED**

**I. Choose the response which means the same as the underlined word.**

1. Julius, **debilitated** by lack of sleep, stumbled to his first period class.  
A. confused      B. weakened      C. strengthened      D. empowered
2. Sabina **coveted** her best friend's new roller skates.  
A. envied      B. admired      C. detested      D. ignored
3. The doctor examined the **abscess** under the patient's arm.  
A. flab      B. scar      C. mole      D. boil
4. The politician was **vociferous** in his opposition to the proposed amendment.  
A. indifferent      B. satisfied      C. outspoken      D. silent
5. The members of the coven performed the most unusual **sepulture** on their deceased adherent.  
A. interment      B. nuptial      C. christening      D. nativity
6. There is no proof that any direct **emolument** was ever attached to the office, while the expense and trouble entailed by it must often have been very great.  
A. authority      B. involvement      C. salary      D. reimbursement
7. The serf begged his lord for **clemency** after the drought.  
A. compensation      B. severity      C. forfeiture      D. lenience
8. The book was filled with humor and levity, along with a **soupcon** of deep existential angst.  
A. multitude      B. trace      C. host      D. middling
9. The engineers frantically began the lakeside **revetment**.  
A. opening      B. barrier      C. thoroughfare      D. span
10. The supplemental information was **adscititious** and wasn't a part of the original investigation.  
A. supplemental      B. intrinsic      C. forbearing      D. foreboding

**II. Choose the meaning of the Latin word from which the English word is derived.**

11. defy  
A. faithful      B. neglect      C. make      D. wicked
12. rodeo  
A. horse      B. chariot      C. rope      D. wheel

13. lesson

- A. to write      B. to teach      C. to read      D. to learn

14. poise

- A. forgiveness      B. to weigh      C. to stand      D. grace

15. surly

- A. angry      B. youth      C. wicked      D. old man

16. hoosegow

- A. jail      B. street      C. law      D. house

17. usher

- A. mouth      B. eye      C. to lead      D. to follow

18. buckle

- A. horn      B. cheek      C. clasp      D. button

19. disheveled

- A. shovel      B. ruin      C. cling      D. hair

20. surplice

- A. skin      B. additional      C. to conquer      D. to wear

### **III. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.**

21. miscere

- A. intermittent      B. pell-mell      C. repellent      D. missive

22. habere

- A. doge      B. hidalgo      C. doubt      D. hacienda

23. pes

- A. impair      B. peasant      C. impeach      D. pearl

24. sex

- A. size      B. seize      C. sect      D. siesta

25. villus

- A. velvet      B. village      C. veal      D. vault

26. pater

- A. repast      B. repair      C. repertoire      D. repine

27. qualis

- A. foursquare      B. quotient      C. kickshaw      D. squash

28. areo

- A. arable      B. coerce      C. ark      D. arid

29. esse

- A. puissance      B. exist      C. instant      D. etude

30. super

- A. stipulate      B. spume      C. somersault      D. assume

**IV. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.**

31. several

- A. parare      B. portare      C. secare      D. secedere

32. embellish

- A. bellum      B. emo      C. emendo      D. bonus

33. second

- A. secum      B. seco      C. sequor      D. secedo

34. dainty

- A. dies      B. dens      C. domina      D. dignitas

35. betray

- A. bibere      B. dare      C. trahere      D. tangere

36. eager

- A. acer      B. eadem      C. ager      D. egere

37. ennui

- A. odisse      B. amare      C. eniti      D. agere

38. ravioli

- A. ripa      B. rabies      C. rapum      D. ravus

39. porcupine

- A. pauper      B. pullus      C. porrigo      D. spina

40. assure

- A. sumo      B. cura      C. astus      D. aequus

**V. Choose the word that does NOT belong by derivation.**

41.    A. apron      B. map      C. napkin      D. meal

42. A. bile                    B. overbalance                    C. biscuit                    D. combination  
43. A. bartender              B. tense                        C. abstinence                    D. ostensibly  
44. A. apace                    B. companion                    C. compass                        D. spawn  
45. A. cooper                    B. buttercup                    C. cupola                        D. concupiscence

**VI. Choose the word derived from the same Latin root as the given word.**

46. manure  
    A. menagerie              B. maneuver                    C. mangy                        D. malady  
47. admonish  
    A. mint                      B. mischief                    C. miscreant                    D. remnant  
48. alloy  
    A. annoy                      B. anoint                        C. ally                            D. annul  
49. suffuse  
    A. defunct                    B. furiously                    C. confound                      D. fumigate  
50. plait  
    A. plenteous                B. deplore                      C. plover                        D. complex