

FJCL REGIONAL FORUM 2020
DERIVATIVES II

I. Choose the response which completes the sentence, means the same as the underlined word, or is most closely suggested by the underlined word by derivation.

1. The atmosphere at the office so far this year is congenial.
A. optimistic B. competitive C. agreeable D. festive
2. Her latest play is more pedestrian than her earlier work.
A. ambitious B. satirical C. unimaginative D. popular
3. The parapet protected the archer well.
A. trench B. wall C. shield D. armor
4. The scientific paper expounded several theories.
A. tested B. set forth C. disproved D. unified
5. Marco finished the task with facility.
A. ease B. help C. disinterest D. difficulty
6. It was unrealistic to expect the prodigal elder son to manage his father's investments well.
A. wasteful B. absent C. forgetful D. unenthusiastic
7. The distinctive sound could have come from nothing other than a chanticleer.
A. rooster B. brass instrument
C. woodwind instrument D. dove
8. The best part of the opera was the overture.
A. scenery B. introduction C. conclusion D. costuming
9. Marissa voted by proxy.
A. nodding B. substitute C. silence D. writing
10. We have a surfeit of resources.
A. deficit B. wide variety C. surplus D. reserve

II. Choose the English word that is derived from the given Latin word.

11. haereo
A. coherent B. hierarchy C. hireling D. hereditary
12. duco
A. duck B. deuce C. caducean D. redoubt
13. ante
A. flaunt B. antenna C. antelope D. advantage

14. credo
A. incredulous B. decree C. sacred D. screed
15. homo
A. homily B. homage C. home D. homogenous
16. similis
A. disseminate B. semblance C. simple D. simultaneous
17. sedeo
A. besiege B. seize C. aside D. sedition
18. corpus
A. corset B. cordial C. escarpment D. scorpion
19. pars
A. partake B. rampart C. sparse D. parsec
20. sine
A. sine B. sans C. sanity D. insinuate

III. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

21. pilgrim
A. ligo B. lego C. gravis D. ager
22. contiguous
A. tego B. tingo C. tango D. texo
23. negligence
A. ago B. nego C. lego D. ligo
24. imperative
A. per B. pario C. paro D. peritus
25. invoice
A. vox B. vas C. via D. vis
26. obey
A. audio B. eo C. impero D. dubito
27. auctioneer
A. aveo B. aio C. augeo D. ago

28. impeach
 A. pes B. pono C. peto D. pax
29. execrate
 A. cresco B. curo C. acer D. sacer
30. overt
 A. verus B. operio C. verito D. aperio

IV. Give the meaning of the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

31. tentacle
 A. touch B. hold C. stretch D. try
32. predilection
 A. choose B. lean C. tie D. eat
33. mutineer
 A. fortify B. warn C. move D. change
34. obstinacy
 A. keep B. stretch C. stand D. touch
35. precision
 A. cut B. house C. fall D. approach
36. derision
 A. strive B. laugh C. red D. grate
37. adulteration
 A. any B. beyond C. nourish D. another
38. chateau
 A. fall B. camp C. field D. pure
39. insolence
 A. ground B. sun C. be accustomed D. alone
40. manor
 A. stay B. hand C. greater D. entrust

V. Choose the word which does NOT belong by derivation.

41. A. hotel B. hospital C. hostage D. host
42. A. contact B. tangent C. taste D. contain

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| 43. | A. import | B. opportunity | C. sport | D. support |
| 44. | A. revelry | B. duel | C. rebel | D. bully |
| 45. | A. briefcase | B. brief | C. abbreviate | D. bravado |
| 46. | A. dirge | B. rail | C. rule | D. rein |
| 47. | A. trait | B. treaty | C. traitor | D. entreat |
| 48. | A. manicure | B. procure | C. sinecure | D. obscure |
| 49. | A. convey | B. voyage | C. envoy | D. survey |
| 50. | A. capillary | B. inception | C. deception | D. capacity |