

Grammar ½ and I
2023 FJCL Regional Forum

I. Choose the answer that best fills in the blank.

1. Agricolae post bellum errant _____.
a. laetum b. laeti c. laetae d. laetorum
2. Spectamus poetam _____ sub arbore.
a. claram b. clarum c. clare d. clarus
3. Tu _____ puer benignus.
a. es b. sum c. est d. estis
4. Mox _____ munientur
a. oppidi b. oppido c. oppida d. oppidum
5. Nautae _____ sunt.
a. bonae b. boni c. bonos d. bonas
6. Quinque plus duo sunt _____.
a. sex b. septem c. novum d. octo
7. Necesse est mihi hospitem in hortum _____.
a. ducere b. duco c. dicit d. ductus est
8. Servi _____ frumentum portant
a. casam b. casae c. ad casum d. in casa
9. Cornelia prope _____ stabat.
a. arbor b. arbori c. arbore d. arborem
10. Novem gladiatores in arena pugnant. Tres a leonibus necantur. Quot remanent?
a. duo b. quatter c. sex d. septem
11. Et dolor _____ periculum me terrent.
a. et b. sed c. aut d. quod
12. Hodie librum _____ debemus.
a. legemus b. legi c. legere d. legite
13. Meus frater _____ amicum habuit.
a. forte b. fortium c. fortii d. fortēm

II. Choose the answer that does not belong grammatically.

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|----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 14. a. nautam | b. fugiam | c. regem | d. gladium |
| 15. a. sine | b. saepe | c. prope | d. per |
| 16. a. portare | b. servare | c. trahere | d. itinere |
| 17. a. legem | b. servum | c. nautam | d. civium |
| 18. a. signa | b. casa | c. verba | d. auxilia |
| 19. a. capere | b. facere | c. ponere | d. iacere |
| 20. a. rivus | b. cibus | c. corpus | d. ramus |
| 21. a. alma | b. puella | c. porta | d. silva |
| 22. a. duo | b. tertius | c. quattor | d. quinque |
| 23. a. pacis | b. salutis | c. virtutis | d. locis |
| 24. a. cum | b. ab | c. pro | d. circum |
| 25. a. milite | b. scribite | c. ducite | d. legite |

III. Choose the answer that best translates the underlined word(s).

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|--|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| 26. Her love <u>of money</u> often got her into trouble. | a. pecuniae | b. pecunia | c. pecuniam | d. pecuniis |
| 27. <u>They will be home soon.</u> | a. ibunt | b. erant | c. erunt | d. sunt |
| 28. I walked to school <u>with my friend</u> today. | a. meo amico | b. cum meo amico | c. mei amici | d. cum meis amicis |
| 29. Where are you going, <u>Marcus?</u> | a. Marcu | b. Marce | c. Marci | d. Marcum |
| 30. Slaves, <u>prepare</u> the dinner. | a. parare | b. parant | c. parate | d. para |

31. The horses freely run through the fields.
a. libere b. liber c. libero d. liberi
32. Aurelius gave the boys the horses.
a. pueri b. pueris c. puerorum d. pueros
33. I used to walk five miles to school every day.
a. ambulaveram b. ambulabam c. ambulavi d. ambulavero

IV. Answer the question.

34. Adjectives must agree with their nouns in _____.
a. person b. tense c. case d. declension
35. Which of the following is NOT in future tense?
a. habet b. ponet c. ducet d. incipiet
36. Which of the following is NOT in the vocative case?
a. puellae b. vir c. Iuli d. Marcus
37. Which of the following is NOT in the Imperative mood?
a. liberatare b. nuntiate c. celebrate d. adiuvate
38. Which of the following nouns is in the genitive plural case?
a. consulum b. periculum c. pretium d. caelum
39. Which of the following is NOT in the nominative case?
a. duo b. tria c. unius d. duae
40. All neuter nouns always end in _____.
a. is in the dative plural
b. a in the accusative plural
c. um in the nominative singular
d. orum in the genitive plural
41. Which of the following contains an ablative of manner?
a. The river flows with great speed.
b. The boy was wounded with a long sword.
c. The girl writes with a little stylus.
d. The tops of the mountains were covered with white snow.
42. Which of the following is not passive?
a. poneris b. caperis c. videris d. docueris

43. Which of the following is NOT part of the perfect system?
 a. future perfect b. perfect c. pluperfect d. imperfect

V. Questions 44 through 50 refer to the following passage.

Duo amīcī ad rīvum ambulant. Mārcus pecūniam	1	
in mediā viā videt et clāmat, "Spectā pecūniam in viā!"	2	
Iūlius ad pecūniam festīnat. Pecūniam in manū tenet	3	<i>manū</i> = hand
et clāmat, "Pecūnia est mea!"	4	<i>Mox</i> = Soon
"Sed ego prīmus pecūniam vidēbam," Mārcus respondet.	5	<i>pugnant</i> = fight
Mox amīcī pugnant. Nauta venit. Amīcōs videt et clāmat,	6	<i>Nōlīte</i> = Don't
"Nōlīte pugnāre! Necesse est vōbīs certāre!"	7	<i>certāre</i> = hold contest
Iūlius dīcit, "Nōs circum īnsulam nāvigāre dēbēmus."	8	<i>dēbēmus</i> = we ought
"Minimē! Ego natāre volō," Mārcus respondet.	9	<i>natāre volō</i> = I want to swim
Nauta dīcit, "Mārcus natāre dēbet et Iūlius nāvigāre dēbet."	10	<i>Ventus</i> = The wind
"Ita vērō!" amīcī clāmant.	11	<i>celerius</i> = faster Mārcus
Nauta signum dat et amīcī ad aquam festīnant. Ventus est	12	<i>dēsinit</i> = stops
bonus; Iūlius celerius nāvigat. Sed mox ventus dēsinit, et	13	<i>metam contingit</i> = touches the finish line
Mārcus prīmus metam contingit.	14	
Nauta clāmat, "Mārcus est victor!" et Mārcō pecūniam dat.	15	

44. In lines 1–2, Marcus shouts because he is _____.
 a. afraid b. excited c. sad d. embarrassed
45. What does Marcus tell Julius to do (line 2)?
 a. run b. hide c. look d. swim
46. What does Julius hold in his hand (line 3)?
 a. food b. a letter c. an oar d. money
47. In line 4, what does Julius decide to do with this item?
 a. share it b. hide it c. keep it d. throw it away
48. In line 5, what does Marcus claim about the item?
 a. he saw it first b. he dropped it c. it is bad luck d. belongs to someone else
49. In lines 6–7, what does the sailor do after he stops the fight?
 a. steals a boat b. offers a solution c. gets help d. sails quickly away
50. What kind of race does Julius propose (line 8)?
 a. foot b. chariot c. boat d. horse