

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2010
MOTTOES, ABBREVIATIONS, AND QUOTATIONS

I. Abbreviations

1. et al.
a. and all b. and others c. and the following d. and the rest
2. ad lib.
a. at pleasure b. in the same place c. freely given d. that is
3. cf.
a. correct b. by the hundred c. compare d. against
4. D.V.
a. by the grace of God b. God willing c. God's truth d. God's word
5. A.U.C.
a. author of urban planning b. golden currency
c. from the founding of the city d. according to usage
6. op. cit.
a. afterwards b. for the time being
c. on the opposing page d. in the work mentioned
7. viz.
a. against b. which see c. mentioned d. namely
8. without dissent
a. nem. con b. s.d. c. non seq. d. s.p.
9. Which abbreviation would be used on a medical prescription?
a. p.o. b. d.s.p. c. f.v. d. et ux.
10. Which abbreviation is part of the title of the queen of England?
a. D.O.M. b. C.R. c. V.D.M. d. F.D.

II. Mottoes

11. Ditat Deus
a. Oklahoma b. Arizona c. South Carolina d. Mississippi
12. Which of the following states has the shortest motto?
a. Kansas b. South Carolina c. New Mexico d. Maine

13. U.S. Coast Guard
a. semper fidelis b. semper potens c. semper paratus d. semper fortis

14. Tulane University
a. non sibi, sed suis b. perstare et praestare
c. terras irradiant d. nil sine magno labore

15. Veritas vos liberabit
a. Harvard b. Columbia c. Johns Hopkins d. Brown

16. Chicago
a. sicut Patribus, sit Deus nobis b. res gestae res futuri
c. consilio et animis d. urbs in horto

17. A mari usque ad mare
a. Canada b. U.S. Naval Academy c. Panama d. Navy SEALS

18. Semper Eadem
a. Marie Antoinette b. Catherine the Great c. Elizabeth I d. Mary Queen of Scots

19. Which is NOT a state motto?
a. Esto perpetua b. Regnat populus c. Dum spiro, spero d. Salus populi

20. Which state's motto contains an imperative?
a. Michigan b. North Carolina c. Wyoming d. Arkansas

21. Which motto is found on Maryland's state seal?
a. Qui transtulit sustinet b. Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem
c. Animis opibusque parati d. Scuto bonae voluntatis tuae coronasti nos

22. Which motto contains the word "semper"?
a. North Carolina b. West Virginia c. District of Columbia d. New Mexico

23. Which of these is NOT the motto of Florida university?
a. Vires, Artes, Mores b. Ecce quam bonum
c. Civium in moribus rei publicae salus d. Magna est veritas

24. Which of the following mottoes contains the Latin word "mind"?
a. University of Nebraska b. University of Oregon
c. University of Washington d. University of Chicago

25. Omnia subiecisti sub pedibus, oves et boves
a. Butchers of London b. Dyers of London
c. Barbers of London d. Innholders of London

III. Phrases

26. On first appearance:
 a. prima facie b. ut supra c. primus inter pares d. ex post facto
27. Concerning:
 a. de facto b. in re c. per se d. pro forma
28. A problem that tests the ability of those less able:
 a. horribile dictu b. ne plus ultra c. pons asinorum d. mens rea
29. a misleading illusion:
 a. nolens volens b. lapsus calami c. delirium tremens d. ignis fatuus
30. An indispensable condition:
 a. vade mecum b. deus ex machina c. sine qua non d. mandamus
31. Which phrase does NOT have a religious connotation?
 a. nil sine numine b. annuit coeptis c. Anno Domini d. modus vivendi
32. Which phrase would be most applicable to people attending a funeral?
 a. errare humanum est b. festina lente c. de mortuis nil nisi bonum d. habeas corpus
33. Which phrase would most likely be used in a courtroom?
 a. ex cathedra b. quod erat demonstrandum c. sursum corda d. non compos mentis
34. The union formed a(n) _____ committee to address the issue of salaries.
 a. ad hoc b. ex officio c. pro bono d. per diem
35. The wealthy socialite considered it _____ to use public transportation.
 a. nolle prosequi b. infra dignitatem c. in extremis d. nil desperandum
36. In 1954, the Supreme Court ruled that separate educational facilities were inherently unequal and thus ended _____ segregation in U.S. public schools.
 a. de iure b. ipso facto c. quid pro quo d. in toto
37. Which phrase could be used to justify refusal by a court to hear a frivolous lawsuit?
 a. nihil ad rem b. nemo iudex in causa sua
 c. de minimis non curat lex d. parvum parva decent
38. Mark lives way out in the country, far away from any neighbors or towns. Which Latin phrase could you use to describe the location of Mark's house?
 a. fides Punica b. ultima Thule c. locus classicus d. pari passu

39. An outspoken person
 a. extinctus amabitur idem b. ligonem ligonem vocat
 c. qui timide rogat docet negare d. qui tacet consentit
40. Which phrase contains a passive periphrastic?
 a. ex nihilo nihil fit b. memento mori
 c. morituri te salutamus d. de gustibus non est disputandum

IV. Quotations

41. Plus uno maneat perenne saeclo
 a. Catullus b. Ovid c. Pliny d. Horace
42. Difficile est tenere quae acceperis nisi exerceas
 a. Cato the Elder b. Cicero c. Pliny the Younger d. Phaedrus
43. Dux femina facti
 a. Cicero b. Horace c. Cato d. Vergil
44. Semper ad eventum festinat et in medias res, non secus ac notas, auditorem rapit
 a. Ovid b. Juvenal c. Vergil d. Horace
45. Nil posse creari de nilo
 a. Martial b. Lucretius c. Tibullus d. Propertius
46. Necessitas dat legem non ipsa accipit
 a. Publilius Syrus b. Quintilian c. Seneca d. Sallust
47. Tempus edax rerum
 a. Terence b. Horace c. Ovid d. Vergil
48. Rident stolidi _____ Latina
 a. lingua b. femina c. verba d. res
49. Homines dum _____ discunt
 a. docent b. augent c. spectant d. monstrant
50. Dulce et decorum est _____
 a. esse quam videri b. pro patria mori
 c. nullam sperare salutem d. miseris succurrere