

2005 FJCL Certamen

Level I, Round 1

1. Give the principal parts of the Latin verb meaning "sleep." **DORMIO, -IRE, -IVI, -ITUM**
Give the principal parts of the Latin verb meaning "be near, be present." **ADSUM, ADESSE, ADFUI, ADFUTURUM**
Give the principal parts of the Latin verb meaning "save, guard, keep." **SERVO, -ARE, -AVI, -ATUM**
2. What fire-breathing monster was killed by Bellerophon? **CHIMERA**
What three animals made up the Chimera? **LION, GOAT, SERPENT**
What king of Lycia had sent Bellerophon on this labor? **IOBATES**
3. In an early Roman house, what was the only room called? **ATRIUM**
Spell the adjective from which **atrium** is derived? **ATER**
What were the two main features of the **atrium**?
(HAD A) COMPLUVIUM and IMPLUVIUM
4. What name was given to the men who published the 12 Tables in 450 B.C.? **DECEMVIRI**
Who was the only man to serve on both commissions of the **Decemviri**?
APPIUS CLAUDIUS
Who killed his daughter to save her from Appius' lust? **VERGINIUS**
5. Identify the Latin noun and its meaning from which "puerile" is derived. **PUER, BOY**
Identify the Latin noun and its meaning from which "verbose" is derived.
VERBUM, WORD
Identify the Latin noun and its meaning from which "scholastic" is derived.
SCHOLA, SCHOOL
6. Give the accusative singular of the phrase **mors multa**. **MORTEM MULTAM**
Change **mortem multam** to the accusative plural. **MORTES MULTAS**
Give the Latin for the phrase "the moon's wide light." **LUNAE LUX LATA**
7. What son of Semele was harassed by Hera? **DIONYSUS**
Who was the tutor and companion of Dionysus? **SILENUS**
What king of Phrygia was rewarded by Dionysus for his hospitality to Silenus?
MIDAS

8. Who in ancient Rome had to perform the duties of **salutatio** and **deductio**?
CLIENTES (CLIENTS)
Describe the **salutatio**? **CLIENTS MET THEIR PATRON IN THE ATRIUM OF HIS HOUSE**
With what gift basket might a client present his patron during the **salutatio**?
SPORTULA
9. What emperor wrote the "*Index Rerum a se Gestarum*, better known as the *Res Gestae*?
AUGUSTUS
Whom did Augustus adopt in A.D.? **TIBERIUS**
Whom did Tiberius adopt in turn? **GERMANICUS**
10. Translate the verb in this sentence into Latin: "The teacher was not heard by the students."
AUDIEBATUR / AUDITUS EST
Translate "students" in that sentence. **A DISCIPULIS**
What use of the ablative case is found in that sentence? **AGENT**
11. Who was the last emperor in the west in 476 A.D.? **ROMULUS AUUSTULUS**
Who deposed Romulus Augustulus? **ODOACER / ODOVACER**
What father of Romulus Augustulus was killed by Odoacer? **ORESTES**
12. Distinguish in meaning between **ponō & petō**
PONO, PUT / PLACE PETO, SEEK, ASK, ATTACK
...**librī & liberī** **LIBRI, BOOKS LIBERI, CHILDREN**
...**dux & crux** **DUX, LEADER CRUX, CROSS**
13. What is the Latin motto of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, "Art For The Sake Of Art?"
ARS GRATIA ARTIS
What Latin phrase of Seneca refers to the "art of healing?"
ARS LONGA VITA BREVIS
What Latin phrase is used for a "Master of Arts" degree? **ARTIUM MAGISTER**
14. For what Roman deity is the month of January named? **IANUS / JANUS**
What other months are named for deities? **MARCH, JUNE (JULY, AUGUST)**
Of what was Janus the god? **DOORWAYS AND BEGINNINGS**
15. What Popular Assembly elected the consuls, praetors, and censors?
COMITIA CENTURIATA
What Latin phrase symbolized the authority of the Senate?
SENATUS POPULUSQUE ROMANUS
What offices comprised the **cursus honorum**? **CONSUL, PRAETOR, QUAESTOR**

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level I, Round 2**

1. Identify the case and use of **mīles** in this sentence: **Caesar per campōs cum mīlitibus ambulāvit.** ABLATIVE OF ACCOMPANIMENT
Identify the case and use of **mīles** in this sentence: **Militis arma erant magna.** GENITIVE OF POSSESSION
Identify the case and use of **mīles** in this sentence: **Imperator mīlitibus impera dedit.** DATIVE OF INDIRECT OBJECT
2. Give both Latin words and their meanings from which "audiovisual" is derived. AUDIO, HEAR VIDEO, SEE
Give both Latin words and their meanings from which "terraqueous" is derived. TERRA, LAND AQUA, WATER
Give both Latin words and their meanings from which "unanimous" is derived. UNUS, ONE ANIMUS, MIND, SOUL
3. Against what general did Rome fight from 280 - 275 B.C.? PYRRHUS
Where did Pyrrhus defeat the Romans in 279 B.C.? AUSCULUM
What Italian city allied with Pyrrhus against the Romans? TARENTUM
4. What third declension neuter noun is a synonym of **via**? ITER
What third declension i-stem feminine noun is a synonym of **oppidum**? URBS
What third declension feminine noun is a synonym of **res publica**? CIVITAS
5. Who was fated to kill his grandfather? PERSEUS
Who was Perseus' grandfather? ACRISIUS
How did Perseus kill Acrisius accidentally? WITH A DISCUS
6. What Latin word is used for the type of furniture to which **monopodium** and **abacas** belong? MENSA
Which table had one support or leg used to hold a lamp? MONOPODIUM
What physical characteristics did a **mensa delphica** have? THREE LEGS
7. What is the Latin phrase for "a slip of the tongue?" LAPSUS LINGUAE
What is the Latin phrase for "a slip of the memory?" LAPSUS MEMORIAE
What is the Latin phrase for "a slip of the pen?" LAPSUS CALAMI
8. Into what group do the following belong: **Antonius, Tullius, Licinius, Cornelius, and Iulius**? NOMINA
Give a more precise name for the **Nomen**. NOMEN GENTILE / GENTILICIUM
What can you tell about the ending -NA such as on the **nomen, Caecina**? IT IS OF ETRUSCAN ORIGIN

9. What emperor was responsible for poisoning Britannicus in A.D. 55? NERO
 What freedman was driven to suicide within hours of Claudius' death? NARCISSUS
 What Praetorian Prefect, an advisor to Nero, died in A.D. 62 under suspicion of poison? BURRUS
10. What baby was dunked into the waters of the river Styx by his mother, Thetis? ACHILLES
 Who was the first tutor who gave Achilles his name? CHEIRON
 Who was tricked into coming to Aulis by the promise of marriage to Achilles? IPHIGENEIA
11. Which of the following words does not belong by meaning: COLLIS
nonae, kalendae, mensis, collis?
 Which of these does not belong: **autumnus, hiems, ius, ver, aestas?** IUS
 Which of these does not belong: **oculus, nasus, caput, avis, mentum?** AVIS
12. Of **bibliotheca, culina, triclinium, and cubiculum**, which is described in the following sentence: **Est locus ubi multū librī leguntur.** BIBLIOTHECA
 Of **bibliotheca, culina, triclinium, and cubiculum**, which is described in this sentence: **Haec est camera in quā cibus coquit.** CULINA
 Of **bibliotheca, culina, triclinium, and cubiculum**, which is described in the following sentence: **Hīc homines dormiunt.** CUBICULUM
13. Translate the following question into English, **Quid Gladiator in arenā facit?**
 WHAT IS THE GLADIATOR DOING IN THE ARENA?
 Change **facit** to the future tense. FACIET
 Change **faciet** to the perfect passive. FACTUS EST
14. Who saved the Republic by exposing the Conspiracy of Catiline? CICERO
 What title did the Senate bestow upon Cicero for saving the Republic? PATER PATRIAE
 Whose law led to Cicero's exile? CLODIUS PULCHER'S
15. What Olympian was called Psychopompus? HERMES
 To what function of Hermes does the epithet Psychopompus refer?
 ESCORTING THE SOULS OF THE DEAD TO THE UNDERWORLD
 What epithet of Hermes refers to his killing of Argus? ARGEIOPHONTES

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level I, Round 3**

1. Who was defeated in 496 B.C. at Lake Regillus? LATIN LEAGUE
What tribe were defeated in 458 B.C. by Cincinnatus? AEQUI
What city was defeated in 396 B.C. by Camillus? VEII

2. Which of the following words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as
the others: capital, cadet, capsule, cabbage, cattle? CAPSULE
Which of these words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the
others: possess, recess, precede, ancestral? POSSESS
Which of these words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the
others: enable, habit, hesitate, inhibit? HESITATE

3. What Latin word would introduce the dependent clause in the following
sentence?: "The god whom you worship is powerful" QUEM
What Latin word would introduce the dependent clause in the this
sentence?: "The goddesses to whom you sacrificed gifts were happy." QUIBUS
What Latin word would introduce the dependent clause in the following
sentence?: "The temple which stood on the hill belonged to the Romans."
QUOD

4. What Oceanid held Odysseus captive on the island of Ogygia? CALYPSO
What Oceanid was the wife of Poseidon? AMPHITRIDE
What Oceanid was the mother of Athena? METIS

5. For the sake of a favorable omen, what did a bride try on the night before her wedding?
WEDDING DRESS / TUNICA RECTA
What did she dedicate to the Lares of her father's house? BULLA
What was the bride's matron of honor called? PRONUBA

6. Give the dictionary entry for the Latin noun meaning "large number, crowd?"
MULTITUDO, MULTITUDINIS, F. CROWD
Give the dictionary entry for the Latin noun meaning "speech, oration?"
ORATIO, ORATIONIS, F., SPEECH
Give the dictionary entry for the Latin noun meaning "method, reason, account?"
RATIO, RATIONIS, F,

7. What was the name of the guardian spirit which came into the world with the child?
GENIUS (HERCULES/JUNO)
What was the name of the purification day on which a child received their name?
DIES LUSTRICUS
What were **crepundia**? RATTLE(S)

8. During what years did the Flavian dynasty rule Rome? A.D. 69-96
 Which Flavian emperor ruled the longest? DOMITIAN
 Which of the Flavian emperors died of natural causes? VESPASIAN & TITUS
9. Who killed his nephew Perdix because he feared that Perdix would surpass him
 as an inventor? DAEDALUS
 Where did Daedalus go into exile? CRETE
 Who asked Daedalus to build the Labyrinth? MINOS
10. Which of the following does not belong grammatically: **arma, equus, puer, sagitta,**
verbum? SAGITTA
 Which of the following does not belong grammatically: **eris, docet, gerēmus,**
mittent? DOCET
 Which of the following does not belong grammatically: **aperiō, audiō, iaciō,**
sentiō, veniō? IACIO
11. Who in the Roman world wore **brachae**? FOREIGNERS / BARBARIANS
 What were **brachae**? PANTS / TROUSERS
 In contrast to brachae, what garment would a Roman senator wear?
TUNICA LATI CLAVI (Not just "toga")
12. Translate into English the motto of the state of Wyoming.
 LET ARMS YEILD TO THE TOGA
 What is the Latin for this motto? CEDANT ARMA TOGAE
 Give the Latin and English for the motto of Kansas.
AD ASTRA PER ASPERA - TO THE STARS THROUGH DIFFICULTIES
13. Who was forced to surrender to Caesar after the siege of Alesia? VERCINETORIX
 In what year did the siege of Alesia take place? 52 B.C.
 In what year did Caesar lead his army across the Rubicon river? 49 B.C.
14. What sister was Cadmus and his brothers ordered to find after she was kidnapped by
 Zeus? EUROPA
 What city was originally named Cadmeia? THEBES
 What bride was given to Cadmus by Zeus? HARMONIA
15. What is the meaning of the Latin adjective at the root of "quintessential?" FIFTH
 What is the meaning of the Latin adjective at the base of "union?" ONE
 What is the meaning of the Latin adjective at the base of "tertiary?" THIRD

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level I, Semi Final Round**

1. What Latin abbreviation can be added below a mathematical solution? Q.E.D.
Give the Latin for the abbreviation Q.E.D. **QUOD ERAT DEMONSTRANDUM**
Give the English for the abbreviation.
THAT WHICH MUST BE PROVED/ DEMONSTRATED

2. Name the offspring of Typhon and Echidna who was the watchdog of Hades. **CERBERUS**
Name the offspring of Typhon and Echidna whose poisonous blood caused
Heracles' death? **HYDRA**
Name the offspring of Typhon and Echidna whose riddles mortified Thebes? **SPHINX**

3. What meat at a Roman dinner was a symbol of luxury? **BEEF**
Name one bird that was a symbol of luxury at a Roman dinner.
PEACOCK / GUINEA FOWL
What meat was eaten mostly by the lower classes? **GOAT**

4. Translate: **Maris deus carrum trans undās agēbat.**
THE GOD OF THE SEA WAS DRIVING (HIS) CHARIOT ACROSS THE WAVES
Translate: **bellī deus hominēs multōs in proeliō vulnerāvit.**
THE GOD OF WAR WOUNDED MANY MEN IN THE BATTLE
Translate: **amoris dea dona pulchrīs filiābus reginae dabit.**
**THE GODDESS OF LOVE WILL GIVE GIFTS TO THE BEAUTIFUL
DAUGHTERS OF THE QUEEN**

5. What emperor, a great lover of Greek culture, was responsible for re-building
of the Pantheon? **HADRIAN**
Which two of the Five Good Emperors constructed walled fortifications
on the British Isles? **HADRIAN & ANTONINUS PIUS**
Which of the Five Good Emperors fought wars against the Marcomani & Quadi?
MARCUS AURELIUS

6. What English derivative of **bellum, bellī** literally means "waging war?" **BELLIGERENT**
What English derivative of **paucī** means "smallness of number?" **PAUCITY**
What English derivative of **verus** literally means "a speaking of the truth?"
VERDICT

7. What are the Latin words for the 3 main meals of a Roman?
IENTACULUM, PRANDIUM, and CENA
How many people ate at an ordinary dinner? **NINE**
What was the **gustatio**? **APPETIZER COURSE**

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level I, Final Round**

1. Which of the following words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: condition, dedicate, diction, edict? DEDICATE
Which of these words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: travail, triumvirate, trivial, travel? ALL FROM THE SAME ROOT
Which of these words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: ignominy, noun, renown, own? OWN

2. Where would a Roman be if he saw a **palaestra, thermapolium, natatio,** and **unctorium**? A BATHHOUSE 'THERMAE / BALNEAE
Give the Latin name for the scraper used in the **unctorium**? STRIGILIS
Give the Latin name for the dressing room. APODYTERIUM

3. Who became separated from Aeneas during his escape from Troy? CREUSA
What African queen fell in love with Aeneas? DIDO
What princess' name did Aeneas use to name his city? LAVINIA'S

4. Distinguish in meaning between **praemium** and **pretium**? PRAEMIUM, REWARD PRETIUM, PRICE
Distinguish in meaning between **potens** and **recens**. POTENS, POWERFUL RECENS, RECENT / FRESH
Distinguish in meaning between **num** and **sum**. DUM, WHILE, UNTIL SUM, BE

5. During which battle of the Second Punic War did Hannibal destroy a Roman army commanded by C. Flaminius? LAKE TRASIMINE
Who made a secret treaty of mutual assistance with Hannibal in 215 B.C.? PHILLIP V
What defeat in 197 B.C. forced Philip into an alliance with Rome? CYNOSSEPHALAE

6. Which of the Dioscuri was famous as a horse tamer? CASTOR
What cousin killed Castor? IDAS
Who saved Polydeuces by killing Idas? ZEUS

7. Translate into Latin: "The horse is running wildly into the field."
EQUUS IN AGRUM FERRE CURRIT
Now translate: "The farmer tried to catch the horse"
AGRICOLA EQUUM CAPERE TEMPTAVIT / TEMPTABAT
Now translate: "The horse has won its freedom" EQUUS LIBERTATEM VICIT

8. Who, in 55 B.C., erected the first permanent theater in Rome? POMPEY
 What were dramatic performances called in Rome? LUDI SCAENICI
 What were chariot races called in ancient Rome? LUDI CIRCENSES
9. Under what emperor was a plague brought back from the East in A.D. 167? MARCUS AURELIUS
 Who was joint emperor with Marcus Aurelius? LUCIUS VERUS
 Who succeeded Marcus Aurelius? COMMODUS
10. Identify the group to which the following words belong grammatically:
vidēri, faci, labōrāri, audiri. PRESENT PASSIVE INFINITIVES
 Identify the group to which the following words belong grammatically:
vidē, dīc, capite, audi PRESENT ACTIVE IMPERATIVES
 Identify the group to which the following words belong grammatically:
male, bene, misere, fortiter ADVERBS
11. Of **carceres, metae, spina, oppidum,** and **arena**, which is defined as
 "a level space surrounded by seats and barriers in a circus"? ARENA
 What was the starting line in a circus called? CALX
 What was a **spatium** in the circus? ONE LAP
12. What first conjugation verb is a synonym of **vincō**? SUPERO / DOMO / PACO
 What first conjugation verb is a synonym of **iubeō**? IMPERO / MANDO
 What first conjugation verb is a synonym of **puto**? COGITO / EXISTIMO
13. What hero of Mythology fought against Periphetes, Sinis, Sciron, and Procrustes? THESEUS
 Which bandit gave too much hospitality to his guests by fitting them to his beds? PROCRUSTES
 Which bandit used Pine trees to kill his victims? SINIS
14. In an **amphitheatrum**, what were **naumachiae**? MOCK NAVAL BATTLES
 Who built the first artificial lake for **naumachiae**? JULIUS CAESAR
 Where did **naumachiae** take place after A.D. 80? COLLOSEUM
15. Identify the Latin verb and its meaning from which we derive "incredulous."
 CREDO, BELIEVE
 Identify the Latin verb and its meaning from which we derive "vivacious." VIVO, LIVE
 Identify the Latin verb and its meaning from which we derive "probity."
 PROBO, APPROVE, TRY

16. What Roman woman lived through the civil wars of Caesar and Octavian and outlived her husband Augustus and her son Tiberius? LIVIA (DRUSILLA)
 What Roman woman was the mother of Claudius' children, Octavia and Britannicus MESSALINA
 What Roman woman was married to both Otho and Nero? POPPAEA SABINA
17. Give dative plural of the phrase "three sad sisters."
TRIBUS SORORIBUS TRISTIBUS / MISERIS / MAESTIS
 Give the accusative plural of the phrase "two left feet." **DUOS SINISTROS PEDES**
 Give the genitive plural of the phrase "four equal parts."
QUATTUOR AEQUARUM PARTIUM
18. Who wrestled Thanatos in order to save Alcestis' life? HERACLES
 Whose life had Alcestis saved by agreeing to die? ADMETUS'
 Which labor took Heracles through the kingdom of Admetus? MARES OF DIOMEDES
19. Many FJCL delegates will venture this summer to National convention at the University of Missouri. What is the Latin and English motto of this university?
SALUS POPULI , THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE
 What is the Latin motto of the state of Missouri?
SALUS POPULI SUPREMA LEX ESTO
 Name the author of this motto found in the *DE LEGIBUS*. CICERO
20. Whose command against Mithridates was transferred to Marius by Sulpicius Rufus? SULLA'S
 What did Sulla do in response? MARCHED ON ROME
 Before departing to fight Mithridates in 87 B.C., Sulla made the consuls swear to observe his legislation. Name one of the consuls. L. CINNA & CN. OCTAVIUS

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level II, Round 1**

1. In what war did all of the following battles occur: Lilybaeum, Panormus,
Drepana, and Mylae? **FIRST PUNIC WAR**
Who was the victorious Roman general at Mylae? **C. DUILIUS**
What type of structure was built in order to commemorate Duilius' victory at Mylae?
A COLUMN
2. In the sentence, "We could walk home in three hours" translate "walk." **AMBULARE**
In the same sentence, translate "home" **DOMUM**
In the same sentence translate "in three hours" **TRIBUS HORIS**
3. What mythological duo were known as the **Atridae**? **AGAMEMNON & MENELAUS**
What mythological duo were known as the **Aloediae**? **OTUS & EPHIALTES**
What mythological duo were known as the **Dioscuri**? **CASTOR & POLLUX**
4. What derivative of **ago, agere** means "to criticize, rebuke, or reprimand severely?" **CASTIGATE**
What derivative of **ago, agere** means "urgent or critical?" **EXIGENT**
What derivative of **ago, agere** means "to ponder, think, or deliberate?" **COGITATE**
5. Differentiate in meaning between **lego & ligo**. **LEGO, CHOOSE, READ LIGO, BIND**
Differentiate in meaning between **otium & negotium**
OTIUM, LEISURE NEGOTIUM, TASK, BUSINESS
Differentiate in meaning between **lumen & numen**
LUMEN, LIGHT NUMEN, DIVINE SPIRIT
6. In ancient Rome, what was the profession of a **designator**? **UNDERTAKER**
In respect to the funeral ceremony, what name was given to hired female mourners?
NENIAE
What is the term for the funeral oration itself? **LAUDATIO**
7. What Latin phrase is used to indicate an illogical conclusion? **NON SEQUITUR**
What Latin phrase is used to indicate no change in the circumstances of events?
STATUS QUO
What Latin phrase denotes that an equitable exchange has taken place?
QUID PRO QUO
8. What name was given to the female devotees of Dionysus? **MAENADS/BACCHAE**
What man of Attica hospitably received Dionysus and was rewarded
with the gift of wine? **ICARIUS**
Who, according to legend, was the king of Attica at this time? **PANDION**

9. Change the phrase **species pulchra** to the genitive plural. **SPECIERUM PULCRARUM**
 Give the same form for **mare caeruleum** **MARIUM CAERULEORUM**
 Change **marium caeruleorum** to the ablative singular **MARI CAERULEO**
10. What German chieftain defeated the Romans under P. Quinctilius Varus in A.D. 9? **ARMINIUS**
 Where did Arminius defeat Varus and the three legions under his command? **TEUTOBURG FOREST**
 Of what German tribe was Arminius a chieftain? **CHERUSCI**
11. What is the meaning of the Latin idiom **certiorem facere**? **TO INFORM**
 What is the meaning of the Latin idiom **res novae**? **REVOLUTION**
 What is the meaning of the Latin idiom **proelium committere**? **TO BEGIN / JOIN BATTLE**
12. Which of the following words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: courteous, courageous, core, cordial? **COURTEOUS**
 From what Latin noun do we derive "courteous?" **COHORS**
 From what Latin noun do we derive the other three words in the toss up? **COR**
13. What was a Roman soldier's breastplate called? **LORICA**
 What was a Roman soldier's personal pack called? **SARCINA**
 What was a Roman soldier called when carrying his **sarcina**? **IMPEDITUS**
14. Who carried away Phrixus and Helle on a golden-fleeced ram? **NEPHELE**
 What is the meaning of Nephele's name? **CLOUD**
 Who gave the ram to Nephele? **HERMES**
15. During the reign of which Roman king was the Pons Sublicius constructed? **ANCUS MARCIUS**
 During the reign of which Roman king was the first curia built? **TULLUS HOSTILIUS**
 During the reign of which Roman king was the cult of Diana established? **SERVIUS TULLIUS**

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level II, Round 2**

1. What Roman praenomen was abbreviated "K?" **KAESO**
What Roman praenomen was abbreviated "V?" **VIBIUS (VOPISCUS)**
What Roman praenomen was abbreviated "Mam?" **MAMERCUS**

2. Translate the following sentence into English: **Hodiē bene lābōrēmus**
LET US WORK WELL TODAY
...Dux magnus mīlitibus praecēpit ut fortissimē pugnārent.
**THE GREAT LEADER ORDERED/INSTRUCTED THE SOLDIERS
TO FIGHT VERY BRAVELY**
...Publius dīxit Iuliam esse optimam amīcam.
PUBLIUS SAID THAT JULIA WAS A VERY GOOD FRIEND

3. Give the Latin and English for the motto of Maryland.
SCUTO BONAE VOLUNTATIS TUAE CORONASTI NOS
WITH THE SHEILD OF THY GOOD WILL THOU HAST COVERED US
Give the Latin and English for the motto of Fordham University.
SAPIENTIA ET DOCTRINA, WISDOM AND LEARNING
Give the Latin and English for the motto of Delaware College
SCIENTIA SOL MENTIS, KNOWLEDGE, THE SUN OF THE MIND

4. What Greek at Troy wounded both Ares and Aphrodite? **DIOMEDES**
Aphrodite, in return, caused Diomedes' wife to be unfaithful. Name her. **AEGIALEIA**
After leaving Argos, Diomedes came to Italy. What Apulian king
granted him land there? **DAUNUS**

5. What Roman general died mysteriously in Syria in A.D. 19? **GERMANICUS**
What Govenor of Syria was suspected of poisoning Germanicus?
(CN. CALPURNIUS) PISO
How was Germanicus related by blood to the last three Julio-Claudians?
CALIGULA (SON), CLAUDIUS (BROTHER), NERO (GRANDSON)

6. From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "joust" and "junction?"
IUNGO, JOIN
What derivative of **iungō, iungere** means "to make subservient?" **SUBJUGATE**
What derivative of **iungō, iungere** means "to place side by side?" **JUXTAPOSE**

7. What Latin word describes clothing that was wrapped around the body? **AMICTUS**
What Latin word describes clothing that was put on over the head? **INDUTUS**
What Latin word describes the fold in a Roman's toga? **SINUS**

8. Who succeeded Cadmus as king of Thebes? PENTHEUS
 Who succeeded Pentheus? LABDACUS
 Who ruled as regent for Labdacus' infant son Laius? LYCUS
9. What Roman general conquered Numantia in 133 B.C.? SCIPIO AEMILIANUS
 What Roman general conquered Corinth in 146 B.C.? (LUCIUS) MUMMIUS
 What Roman general conquered Masada in A.D. 73? (FLAVIUS) SILVA
10. **Quid Anglicē significat "sequor"?** FOLLOW
Quid Anglicē significat "loquor"? SPEAK
Quid Anglicē significat "proficiscor"? SET OUT
11. Identify the use of the ablative case in the following sentence:
Cicerone consule, Catilina rem publicam occupāre temptāvit. ABSOLUTE
 Translate that sentence into English.
 WHEN CICERO WAS CONSUL, CATILINE TRIED TO SEIZE THE STATE
 Identify the use of the ablative case in this sentence:
Exercitus Caesaris pontem dūcentōrum pedum longitudine munīvit.
 SPECIFICATION / RESPECT
12. Complete the following analogy: **amita:matertera::patruus: _____** AVUNCULUS
 What Latin term designates a blood relationship? COGNATIO
 What Latin term designates a relationship by descent through the male line?
 AGNATIO
13. Which of the following labors of Heracles did NOT occur on the Peloponnesus:
 The Nemean Lion, The Augean Stables, The Cerynean Hind, The Mares of
 Diomedes? THE MARES OF DIOMEDES
 During which labor did Heracles kill an offspring of the Oceanid Callirhoe?
 THE CATTLE OF GERYON
 Upon his return from which labor was Heracles entertained by Pholus?
 THE ERYMANTHIAN BOAR
14. Give a Synonym for **cupio**. VOLO, OPTO, DESIDERO
 ...for **neco** INTERFICIO, TRUCIDO, CAEDO, OCCĪDO
 ...for **adveniō** ADEO, APPROPINQUO, ACCEDO, ADGREDIOR
15. What barbarian tribe sacked Rome in A.D. 455? VANDALS
 Who led the Vandals in this assault? GEISERIC
 What city did the Vandals capture in A.D. 439? CARTHAGE

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level II, Round 3**

1. Who were the parents of Eurybie, Thaumias, Nereus, Phorcys, and Ceto? PONTUS & GE
 What offspring of Phorcys & Ceto guarded the Golden Apples of the Hesperides? LADON
 What offspring of Pontus & Ge guided the rainbow? IRIS

2. At what battle did Julius Caesar defeat Pharnaces of Pontus? ZELA
 In what year did this battle occur? 47 B.C.
 Who commanded the Pompeian army defeated by Caesar at Thapsus in 46 B.C.? METELLUS PIUS

3. Give the future active participle of **rego**. RECTURUS
 Change **recturus** to passive REGENDUS
 Give the remaining two participial forms for **rego** RECTUS & REGENS

4. Which of the following coins was not made of brass or bronze:
sestertius, quadrans, denarius, semis? DENARIUS
 How many **denariī** comprised the worth of one **aureus**? 25
 How many **sestertiī** comprised the worth of one **aureus**? 100

5. Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **viz.** VIDELICET, NAMELY
 Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **p.r.n.** PRO RE NATA, AS NEEDED
 Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **p.o.** PER OS, BY MOUTH

6. Which of the following words does NOT belong by meaning:
aequor, frētum, mare, fructus? FRUCTUS
 What is the meaning of the deponent verb **fruror**? ENJOY
 What is the meaning of the adverb **frustra**? IN VAIN

7. Who foresaw her own death outside of Agamemnon's palace? CASSANDRA
 In what Greek city were Agamemnon and Cassandra murdered? MYCENAE
 According to Book 11 of Homer's *Odyssey*, who aided Clytemnestra in these murders? AEGISTHUS

8. From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "correlative?" FERO, BEAR
 From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "avalanche?" LABOR, SLIP
 From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "sprain?" PREMO, PRESS

9. What was the **ostium** of a Roman house? DOORWAY, INNER DOOR (FRONT DOOR)
 What was the **posticum**? BACK DOOR
 In what room of the house would the **arca** be kept? TABLINUM
10. Which emperor marched on the Parthian capital of Ctesiphon in A.D. 198? SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS
 Which earlier emperor personally led an army into Ctesiphon? TRAJAN
 What general under Marcus Aurelius marched victoriously upon Ctesiphon? AVIDIUS CASSIUS
11. For the verb **tangō**, give the 2nd person plural, pluperfect, active subjunctive. TETIGISSETIS
 Change **tetigissetis** to the passive. TACTI ESSETIS
 Change **tacti essetis** to the future indicative TANGEMINI
12. According to Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, in what age of man did Jupiter punish Lycaon? IRON
 Into what was Lycaon transformed? WEREWOLF
 What son of Lycaon ruled Arcadia after his father's death? NYCTIMUS
13. With what aspect of Roman life are all of the following associated:
doctōrēs, tirōnēs, & lanistae GLADIATORS
 What, in respect to gladiators, was a **missus**? SPARED GLADIATOR
 What, in respect to gladiators, was a **tiro**? A BEGINNER
14. Give the principal parts of **audeō** AUDEO, AUDERE, AUSUS (SUM)
 Give the principal parts of **augeō** AUGEO, AUGERE, AUXI, AUCTUM
 Give the principal parts of **auferō** AUFERO, AUFERRE, ABSTULI, ABLATUM
15. Where was a Roman army defeated by the Cimbri and Teutones in 105 B.C.? ARAUSIO
 Name one of the two generals defeated at Arausio. (SERVILIUS) CAEPIO & (MANLIUS) MAXIMUS
 Where did Marius finally defeat the Cimbri in 101 B.C.? VERCELLAE

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level II, Semi Final Round**

1. In Roman religion, who was the **Flamen Dialis**? PRIEST OF JUPITER
 What priests were in charge of the cult of emperor worship? AUGUSTALES
 What priests were charged with foreign affairs, and with the formal declaration of war? FETIALES

2. What derivative of **utor** means "to illegally seize or appropriate for one's self?" USURP
 What derivative of **utor** means "to read, scrutinize, or examine thoroughly?" PERUSE
 What school of philosophy, derived from **utor**, is predicated upon the "greatest good for the greatest number?" UTILITARIANISM

3. What Roman general was victorious at Pydna in 168 B.C.? (L. AEMILIUS) PAULUS
 What Macedonian did Paulus defeat at Pydna? PERSEUS
 In what year did Macedonia become a Roman province? 148 B.C.

4. Which of the Seven Against Thebes was struck down by a thunderbolt? CAPANEUS
 Which of the Seven offended Athena by eating the brains of his conquered foe? TYDEUS
 Who was Tydeus' conquered foe? MELANIPPUS

5. Identify the use of the subjunctive in the following sentence:
Romanī fortēs tam erant ut hostem terrērent RESULT
 Identify the use of the subjunctive in this sentence: **Cum Pyrrhus in multīs proeliīs Romanōs superāvisset, in bellō tamen victus est.**
CUM CONCESSIVE
...Pater a mē petīvit quid agerem hodiē. INDIRECT QUESTION

6. Differentiate in meaning between **sōl** and **sāl**. SOL, SUN SAL, SALT
...conficiō and dēficiō CONFICIO, FINISH DEFICIO, FAIL
...incipiō and accipiō INCIPIO, BEGIN ACCIPIO, RECEIVE, ACCEPT

7. What phrase describes a man who completed the **cursus honorum** in his first year of eligibility? SUO ANNO
 What Latin word is used to designate the power of a magistrate? IMPERIUM / POTESTAS
 What Roman magistrate had charge over cases involving foreigners? PRAETOR PEREGRINUS

8. What obstacles prevented sailors from entering the Black Sea until the Argonauts successfully navigated them? SYMPLEGADES
 The Symplegades are often confused with the Wandering Rocks, avoided by Odysseus and successfully navigated by the Argonauts. What were these Wandering Rocks called? PLANCTAE
 Who helped the Argonauts past the Planctae? NEREIDS
9. What Roman empress was rumored to have poisoned her husband in A.D. 54? AGRIPPINA THE YOUNGER
 What Roman empress conspired to murder her husband in A.D. 96? DOMITIA
 In contrast, what Roman empress was deified by Hadrian upon her death in A.D. 123? PLOTINA
10. Give the Latin and English for the motto of Trinity College.
PRO ECCLESIA ET PATRIA, FOR CHURCH AND COUNTRY
 Give the Latin and English for the motto of the City College of New York.
RESPICE, ADSPICE, PROSPICE - LOOK BACK, LOOK TO THE PRESENT, LOOK TO THE FUTURE
 Give the Latin and English for the motto of New York University.
PERSTARE ET PRAESTARE - TO PERSEVERE AND SURPASS
11. Which of the following, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: belligerent, bellicose, rebel, revelry? ALL FROM THE SAME ROOT
 What derivative of **bellum** means "a prearranged combat between two persons?" DUEL
 Give the principal parts of the verb from which we derive "belligerent."
GERO, GERERE, GESSI, GESTUM
12. What might a Roman do with **atramentum**, **palimpsesta**, **schēdae**, and **calamī**?
 WRITE
 What was **atramentum**? INK
 What was **palimpsestum**? REUSED PYPYRUS
13. Who informed Hephaestus about the liason between Ares and Aphrodite? HELIOS
 On what island did Odysseus' men slaughter the cattle of Helios? THRINACIA
 What two Titans were the parents of Helios? HYPERION & THEIA
14. Under the influence of what Praetorian Prefect did Nero's government begin its despotic decline? TIGELLINUS
 Who succeeded Tigellinus as Praetorian Prefect? NYMPHIDIUS SABINUS
 Who was the first Praetorian Prefect to serve as emperor? TITUS
15. Translate: **Eadem mulier existimat sē multō esse pulchriorem quam tē**
 THE SAME WOMAN THINKS THAT SHE IS MUCH MORE BEAUTIFUL THAN YOU
 In this sentence, what is the case of **tē**? ACCUSATIVE
 What use of the ablative case is illustrated in this sentence? DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Level II, Final Round**

1. Give the comparative and superlative forms for the adverb **diū**.

DIUTIUS, DIUTISSIME

...for the adjective **vetus**.

VETUSTIOR, VETERRIMUS

...for the adjective **idoneus**.

MAGIS IDONEUS, MAXIME IDONEUS

2. What fire-breathing giant stole the cattle of Geryon from Hercules? CACUS
How did Cacus hide the trail of the cattle? HE DRAGGED THEM BY THE TAILS
How did Hercules discover the cattle? HE HEARD ONE OF THEM LOW

3. What Roman emperor died in captivity in A.D. 260? VALERIAN
What Persian king captured and murdered Valerian? SHAPUR
Who succeeded Valerian as emperor? GALLIENUS

4. Identify the author of **Rident stolidī verba Latina**. OVID
Translate this quotation. FOOLS LAUGH AT THE LATIN LANGUAGE
Translate and identify the author of **Non scholae sed vitae discimus**.

WE LEARN NOT FOR SCHOOL, BUT FOR LIFE - SENECA

5. What food was known to the Romans as **puls**? PORRIDGE
What food was known to the Romans as **perna**? HAM
What food was known to the Romans as **malum Persicum**? PEACH

6. **Quot manūs tibi sunt?** DUAE
Quot supercilia tibi sunt? DUO
Quot colla tibi sunt? UNUM

7. Give the Latin verb at the Ultimate root of "betray" and "vendor." DO
Give the Latin verb at the Ultimate root of "cognizant" and "acquaint." NOSCO
Give the Latin verb at the Ultimate root of "exquisite" and "query" QUAERO

8. At what battle in 36 B.C. did Octavian defeat the last of Pompey's sons? NAULOCHUS
Who opposed Octavian in this naval battle? SEXTUS POMPEY
Where, a few years earlier, had Octavian struck a treaty with Sextus
Pompey, both repatriating and reconizing him as proconsul of
Sicily? MISENUM

9. Whom did Pelops defeat in a chariot race in order to win his bride? OENOMAUS
Who was the bride? HIPPODAMIA
Where was Oenomaus king? PISA

10. What name was given to the legionary standard bearer? **AQUILIFER**
 What name was given to the standard bearer of a cohort or manipule? **SIGNIFER**
 What sight in a Roman army camp signaled that battle was to begin?
A RED VEXILLUM OVER THE GENERAL'S TENT
11. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then answer
 in LATIN the question about it:
**Servī Marcī Licinī ad Forum Boārium otiosē īvērunt ut multum carnis
 emerent. Cum illūc advēnissent, servī didicērunt sē satis pecuniae carēre
 ut domum carnem portārent. Repentē Mercatore sē āversō, unus ē servīs,
 Sextō, carnem rapuit. Sextus et comes ē forō quam celerrime cucurrērunt.**
- Quōmodō Servī ē forō cucurrērunt? QUAM CELERRIME**
Cuius Servī ad Forum Boārium otiosē īvērunt? MARCI LICINII
Quī ē servīs carnem ā mercatore rapuit? SEXTUS (SEXTO)
12. Complete this mythological trio: Minos, Aeacus, _____ . **RHADAMANTHYS**
 ...Arges, Brontes, _____ . **STEROPES**
 ...Cottus, Gyes, _____ . **BRIAREUS**
13. Which king of Rome is falsely credited with having constructed the first wall
 around the city? **SERVIVS TULLIVS**
 Which 3rd century A.D. emperor constructed a wall around the city? **AURELIAN**
 Give the years of Aurelian's reign. **A.D. 270-275**
14. What term is used to designate the personal property of a slave? **PECULIVM**
 What was a slave of a slave called? **VICARIIVS**
 What name was given to a slave who oversaw a **latifundium**? **VILLICIVS**
15. Which of the following verbs does NOT belong by meaning:
maturō, properō, mandō, festinō MANDO
 Which of these verbs does NOT belong by meaning:
abhorreō, adhortor, praecipīō, imperō ABHORREO
 Which of these verbs does not belong by meaning:
gignō, pariō, gerō, generō GERO
16. Which of Penelope's suitors was the first to die in Odysseus' great hall? **ANTINOVS**
 How did Odysseus kill Antinous? **WITH HIS GREAT BOW (AND AN ARROW)**
 From whom did Odysseus receive his great bow as a gift? **IPHITVS**
17. Which of the following Roman festivals did NOT take place in
 February: **Parentalia, Parilia, Lupercalia, Feralia? PARILIA**
 The **Parilia**, held every April, celebrated the shepard god Pales and
 what event? **THE FOUNDING OF ROME**
 The **Parentalia** and **Feralia** were festivals dedicated to what? **THE DEAD**

18. What derivative of a Latin comparative adjective means "to improve or make better?" AMELIORATE
 What derivative of a Latin comparative means "a condition of society in which numerous ethnic, religious, or cultural groups coexist within one nation?" PLURALISM
 What derivative of a Latin comparative means "tending to make or become worse?" PEJORATIVE
19. During the reign of which emperor did Tacfarinas wage a war against the Romans in Africa? TIBERIUS
 Of what people was Tacfarinas a chieftain? NUMIDIANS
 Who finally suppressed the revolt in A.D. 24? (P. CORNELIUS) DOLABELLA
20. Say in Latin: "Cicero was skilled in speaking."
CICERO ERAT PERITUS LOQUENDI/LOQUENDO
 Using a gerundive, Say in Latin: "Cicero came to Rome to make a speech."
CICERO VĒNIT ROMAM HABENDAE ORATIONIS CAUSA/GRATIA
 Translate the previous sentence using a supine.
CICERO VĒNIT ROMAM HABITUM ORATIONEM

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Round 1**

1. Differentiate in meaning between **utor** & **ulciscor**.

	UTOR, USE ULCISCOR, AVENGE
...lutum & letum	LUTUM, MUD LETUM, DEATH
...idem & item	IDEM, THE SAME ITEM, LIKEWISE

2. Where did the Romans defeat an advancing Gallic army in 225 B.C.? **TELEMON**
 Where were the Romans defeated by an advancing Gothic army in A.D. 378? **ADRIANOPLA**
 Where did Flavius Aetius defeat an advancing army commanded by
 Atila in A.D. 451? **CAMPI CATALAUNII (CHALONS)**

3. What Roman author began his work with the line **Cui dono lepidum novum libellum?** **CATULLUS**
 Which poem of Catullus is an epyllion concerning Peleus & Thetis? **POEM 64**
 Nearly half of Poem 64 deals with Theseus' abandonment of Ariadne. What is the
 term for this "story within a story?" **ECPHRASIS**

4. What son of Eos commanded the Ethiopians at Troy? **MEMNON**
 Who commanded the Cretans at Troy? **IDOMENIUS**
 Who commanded the Lycians at Troy? **SARPEDON**

5. What part of the Roman army, generally referred to as the "vanguard,"
 consisted of scouts, cavalry, and light armed troops? **PRIMUM AGMEN**
 What Latin word could be used to describe the words **ballista,**
catapulta, & scorpio? **TORMENTA**
 What two Latin words could be used to describe both **trirēmis** and
quinquerēmis? **NAVIS LONGA**

6. Identify the use of the subjunctive illustrated in the following lines from Vergil's
Aeneid, which I will read as prose: **Quisquis es, haud, crēdō, invīsus**
caelestibus aurās vītālīs carpīs, Tyriam quī advēneris urbem.

	RELATIVE CLAUSE OF CHARACTERISTIC
What figure of speech is found in these lines?	LITOTES
Who is the speaker of these lines?	VENUS

7. From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive "genre" and "germ?" **GENUS**
 What derivative of **genus** means "the right of the first born son to inherit the
 entire estate of one or both parents?" **PRIMOGENITURE**
 What derivative of **genus** means "inventive skill or imagination?" **INGENUITY**

8. The *De Magia* is the manuscript title for what Roman author's defence against charges of witchcraft? APULEIUS'
 What is the name of the protagonist of Apuleius' *Metamorphoses*? LUCIUS
 In which book of the *Metamorphoses* can we find the only extant version of the myth of Cupid and Psyche? BOOK IV
9. What Greek awoke in terror one night to find snakes licking his ears? MELAMPUS
 According to Homer, what king of Pylos confiscated Melampus' property in his absence from the city? NELEUS
 What descendant of Melampus played a prominent role in the war of the Seven against Thebes? AMPHIARIAUS
10. What European city has as its motto **Domine, dirige nos**? LONDON
 What European city has as its motto **Fluctuat nec mergitur**? PARIS
 What European city has as its motto **Esto Perpetua**? VENICE
11. Translate: **Utinam unum diem rex essem!** IF ONLY I WERE KING FOR ONE DAY
 Translate: **Rectē nobīs multae quaestiōnēs hōc diē respondendae sunt.**
 WE MUST CORRECTLY ANSWER MANY QUESTIONS TODAY
 Translate: **Imperator cīvibus arma dōnāvit quō melius moenia urbis defendērent.**
 THE COMMANDER GAVE ARMS TO THE CITIZENS
 TO BETTER DEFEND THE WALLS OF THE CITY
12. What Roman general led Claudius' invasion of Britain in A.D. 43? AULUS PLAUTIUS
 What Roman general quelled the revolt of Boudicca in A.D. 61? SUETONIUS PAULINUS
 What Roman general, and future governor of Britain, suffered heavy losses in A.D. 61 when attacked by Boudicca? (Q. PETILIUS) CEREALIS
13. What was the first work of Latin Literature written in dactylic hexameter? Q. ENNIUS' *ANNALES*
 Who said of Ennius that he had three hearts? AULUS GELLIUS
 Why did Gellius say this of Q. Ennius?
 ENNIUS WAS VERSED IN GREEK, LATIN, AND OSCAN
14. Complete this mythological analogy: Zeetes : Calais :: Peleus : _____ TELAMON
 Name the brother whom Peleus and Telamon murdered? PHOCUS
 Upon reaching Phthia, what king purified Peleus of this murder? EURYTION / ACTOR
15. **Quid anglicē significat "iucundus?"** PLEASANT, AGREEABLE, PLEASING
Quid anglicē significat "posterus?" NEXT, FOLLOWING
Quid anglicē significat "saucius?" WOUNDED, HURT, ILL

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Round 2**

1. Which of the following words, if any, does NOT come from the same Latin root as the others: interfere, fertile, preference, vociferous? INTERFERE
From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "interfere?" FERIO, STRIKE
What derivative of **ferō**, **ferre** means "producing or causing infectious disease?" PESTIFEROUS
2. For the verb **nascor**, give the 1st person singular, imperfect, subjunctive. NASCERER
Change **nascerer** to the present. NASCAR
Change **nascar** to the pluperfect. NATUS ESSEM
3. With what woman did Achilles fall in love after slaying her? PENTHESILEIA
What Greek then mocked Achilles and was in turn slain? THERSITES
To what island did Achilles travel to sacrifice to Apollo & Artemis in order to atone for killing Thersites? LESBOS
4. What war ended shortly after a Roman victory near Suessa Aurunca in 340 B.C.? THE GREAT LATIN WAR
In what year did the Romans dictate a final settlement which established supremacy over the Latin League? 338 B.C.
What war, lasting from 343-341 B.C., preceded the Great Latin War? FIRST SAMNITE
5. What Roman author's only extant work is called *Bellum Civile* or *Pharsalia*? LUCAN'S
Into how many books is the *Pharsalia* divided? TEN
What was the relationship between Lucan and Seneca the Younger? NEPHEW/UNCLE
6. What was a Roman **convivium**? DINNER PARTY / BANQUET
In respect to Roman meals, what was **merenda**? SUPPER / EVENING MEAL
In respect to Roman meals, what were **umbrae**? UNINVITED GUESTS
7. What is the meaning of the idiom **sōlis occasū**? AT SUNSET
What is the meaning of the idiom **causam dīcere**? TO PLEAD A CASE
What is the meaning of the idiom **quam ob rem**? WHY, FOR WHAT REASON
8. What was the chief center of worship for the cult of Asclepius? EPIDAUROS
After Asclepius raised Hippolytus from the dead, Artemis spirited him away. What Roman god did he become? VIRBIUS
What sons of Asclepius served as healers at Troy? MACHAON & PODALEIRIUS

9. Who is the author of the phrase **Cum granō sālis**? PLINY THE YOUNGER
 Who is the author of the phrase **Diem perdidī**? TITUS
 Who is the author of the phrase **Errare humanum est**? SENECA THE YOUNGER
10. Which of the following noun forms CANNOT agree with the participle
cupientium: boum, regum, hominum, concilium CONCILIUM
 Which of these noun forms CANNOT agree with the participle **volens**:
animal, vultus, mulierī, mīles MULIERI
 Which of these noun forms CANNOT agree with the participle **putantēs**:
civīs, uxorēs, comes, hospitēs COMES
11. What general reconquered Africa for Justinian in A.D. 534? BELISARIUS
 What Italian city, and former capital of the Roman Empire, did
 Belisarius seize in A.D. 540? RAVENNA
 Arguably the greatest achievement of Justinian's reign was the codification
 of Roman law. What is the name for this law code, first published
 in A.D. 529? CORPUS IURIS CIVILIS
12. What derivative of **saliō, salīre** means "strikingly conspicuous or noticeable?" SALIENT
 What derivative of **saliō, salīre** means "to rejoice greatly?" EXULT
 What derivative of **saliō, salīre** means "aimless" or "occurring at random?" DESULTORY
13. What son of Priam and Hecuba, captured by Odysseus, revealed to the Greeks
 the conditions under which Troy would be captured? HELENUS
 With which of his brothers did Helenus quarrel, causing him to leave the
 city? DEIPHOBUS
 Over what did Helenus and Deiphobus quarrel? THE RIGHT TO MARRY HELEN
14. What Roman historian wrote a monographic account of the Catilinarian
 Conspiracy? SALLUST
 What is the subject of Sallust's second monograph? THE JUGURTHINE WAR
 What name is given to the style, pioneered by Sallust, that emphasises the
 use of antithesis and asymmetry? INCONCINNITAS
15. Identify the use of the genitive case in the following sentence:
Fūr erat cupidus argentī. SPECIAL ADJECTIVES / SPECIFICATION
 Identify the use of the genitive case in this sentence: **Tua amicitia**
mihi tantī est. VALUE / PRICE
 Identify the use of the genitive case in this sentence: **vir sceleratus**
accūsātus est criminis. CHARGE

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Round 3**

1. What Roman emperor issued an edict banning circumcision and founded the colony of **Aelia Capitolina** at Jerusalem in the 2nd century A.D.? HADRIAN
In the subsequent war, who led the Jewish rebels against the Romans? (SIMON) BAR COCHBA
What Roman general was called in from Britain to suppress the revolt? (C. IULIUS) SEVERUS

2. Who judged Apollo superior to Pan in a music contest? TMOLUS
What name is given to the instrument used by Pan? SYRINX
According to legend, at what battle did Pan aid the Athenians? MARATHON

3. Using a defective verb, say in Latin: "Let them not hate us." NE ODERINT NOS
Using a defective verb, say in Latin: "Always remember your friends."
SEMPER MEMENTO / MEMENTOTE TUORUM AMICORUM
Using a defective verb, say in Latin: "I began to forget Carthage."
COEPERAM OBLIVISCI CARTHAGINIS

4. Who is the author of *Dē Consulatū suō, Dē Amicitīā, & Dē Officiū*? CICERO
In which work did Cicero introduce the **rector et gubernator rei publicae**,
or the figure of the **princeps**? **DE RE PUBLICA**
What name is given to Book VI of the *De Re Publica*? **SOMNIUM SCIPIONIS**

5. What is the meaning of the Latin noun **epulae**? FEAST / BANQUET
What is the meaning of the Latin noun **minae**? THREATS
What is the meaning of the Latin noun **exuviae**? SPOILS

6. What term designated a tribune's legal right to veto legislation? **INTERCESSIO**
What term designated a citizen's legal right of appeal? **PROVOCATIO**
What term designated a magistrate's legal authority to punish? **COERCITIO**

7. From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "rebate"? **BATTUO, BEAT**
From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "scout"? **AUSCULTO, HEAR**
From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "crevice"? **CREPO, CREEP**

8. What early Athenian king judged the contest between Athena and Poseidon? CECROPS
What early Athenian king was said to have instituted the Panathenaic festival?
ERECTHONIUS
Who were the parents of Erecthonius? HEPHAESTUS & GE

9. Give the full name of the Roman who wrote the *Dē Rerum Naturā*?
TITUS LUCRETIUS CARUS
Into how many books is the *Dē Rerum Naturā* divided?
SIX
Lucretius is said to have died in the same year that another Roman
author assumed the **Toga Virilis**. Give that author's full name.
PUBLIUS VERILIUS MARO
10. Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **s.o.s.**
SI OPUS SIT, IF THERE IS NEED
Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **q.s.**
QUANTUM SUFFICIAT, AS MUCH AS SUFFICES
Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **non. rep.**
NON REPETATUR, DO NOT REPEAT
11. Translate: **Quid agerēmus dē periculō?**
WHAT SHOULD WE DO ABOUT THE DANGER?
Translate: **Horātus magna poemata componere voluit ut notus omnibus fiēret.**
HORATIUS WISED TO COMPOSE GREAT POEMS SO THAT
HE MIGHT BECOME (WELL) KNOWN TO ALL
Translate: **Socii nos rogant num eōs in pugnā iūturi simus.**
THE ALLIES ASK US IF / WHETHER WE
WILL (ARE GOING TO) HELP THEM IN THE FIGHT.
12. Whose assassination in 91 B.C. precipitated the Social War? M. LIVIUS DRUSUS'
What political ally of Gaius Gracchus was the first to propose
enfranchisement for Rome's Italian allies? M. FULVIUS FLACCUS
What law of 90 B.C. granted Roman citizenship to all those
who laid down their arms? LEX IULIA
13. Give the principal parts of **tundō**. TUNDO, TUNDERE, TUTUDI, TUNSUM
Give the principal parts of **pascō** PASCO, PASCERE, PAVI, PASTUM
Give the principal parts of **torreō** TORREO, TORRERE, TORRUI, TOSTUM
14. Who is the author of the following works: *Vidularia, Poenulus, Curculio,*
and *Miles Gloriosus*? PLAUTUS
What Plautine comedy serves as the prototypical comedy of errors? MENAECHEMI
What Plautine comedy features the cunning slave Tranio caught in
a lie about a ghost? MOSTELARIA
15. Who were Echion, Udaeus, Chthonius, Hyperenor, and Pelorus? SPARTOI
Which of the Spartoi married Cadmus' daughter Agave? ECHION
Who was the child of Echion and Agave? PENTHEUS

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Semi Final Round**

1. To what grammatical category do the nouns **sitis**, **febris**, and **turris** belong? PURE I-STEMS
 What is the meaning of **sitis**? THIRST
 ...of **febris**? FEVER
2. Who was the first Roman to win the **Spolia Opima**? ROMULUS
 Who won the **Spolia Opima** by slaying Lars Tolumnius? (A. CORNELIUS) COSSUS
 Who won the **Spolia Opima** at Clastidium? M. CLAUDIUS MARCELLUS
3. Who brought Odysseus to tears when he sang about Troy? DEMODOCUS
 In whose court did Demodocus serve as a minstrel? ALCINOUS'
 On what island did the Phaeacians and Alcinous live? SCHERIA
4. Differentiate in meaning between **quia & quiēs**. QUIA, BECAUSE QUIES, REST
 ...**ergo & ergā** ERGO, THEREFORE ERGA, TO, TOWARDS
 ...**invīsus & invītus** INVISUS, HATED, DETESTED INVITUS, UNWILLING
5. What Roman poet wrote a 476 hexameter treatise entitled *Ars Poetica*? HORACE
 What author did Horace use as the model for his *Satires*? LUCILIUS
 What poem did Horace write in honor of the secular games of 17 B.C.?
Carmen Saeculare
6. What was the profession of a **sutor**? SHOEMAKER
 ...of an **ornatrix**? HAIR DRESSER
 ...of a **caupo**? INN KEEPER
7. What derivative of **tendō, tendere** means "an indication of something to come; an omen?" PORTENT
 What derivative of **tendō, tendere** means "claiming or demanding distinction or merit, especially when unjustified?" PRETENTIOUS
 What derivative of **tendō, tendere** means "an agreement between two or more governments for cooperative action?" ENTENTE
8. The premature death of what youth while fighting the Marathonian bull caused Minos to exact a tribute from Athens? ANDROGEUS
 Under what name was Androgeus honored at Athens? EURYGYGES
 Name one of Androgeus' two sons. ALCAEUS & STENELUS

9. Identify the figure of speech found in the following line of Latin prose:
**Nam illa nimis antiqua praetereō, quod C. Servilius Ahala Spurium
Maelium novīs rebus studentem manū suā occīdit.** PRETERITION
- For both **bonī**, identify the two figures of speech illustrated in this line
of Latin prose: **Nihil agis, nihil molīris, nihil cogitās, quod non
ego non modo audiam, sed etiam videam planeque sentiam.**
ANAPHORA & TRICOLON
10. What work of Latin Literature begins with the line: **Gallia est omnis dīvisa in
partēs trēs?** **COMMENTARII DE BELLO GALLICO**
In which book of the *Dē Bellō Gallicō* does Caesar detail the ambush on the
camp of Sabinus and Cotta? BOOK V
Who actually finished the eighth and final book of the *Dē Bellō Gallicō*? (A.) HIRTIUS
11. Identify the type of conditional clause illustrated in this sentence:
Sī bene ludāmus, hodiē vincāmus. FUTURE LESS VIVID
Translate that sentence. IF WE SHOULD PLAY WELL, WE WOULD WIN TODAY
Identify the type of conditional clause illustrated in this sentence: **Sī cras
progressī erimus Romam, tibi obīre in urbe poterimus.**
FUTURE MORE VIVID
12. What governor of **Gallia Lugdonensis** plotted a revolt against Nero in
March of A.D. 68? (C. IULIUS) VINDEIX
Whose troops were responsible for defeating Vindex's Gallic recruits?
(L. VERGINNIUS) RUFUS'
Vindex had encouraged Servius Sulpicius Galba to join the rebellion
against Nero. What province was Galba governing at the time?
HISPANIA TERRACONENSIS
13. What descendant of Io arrived in Argos with his fifty daughters and soon
after established a firm rule there? DANAUS
What name was given to the citadel of Argos? LARISA
Who succeeded Danaus as king of Argos? LYNCEUS
14. What is the meaning of the adverb **protinus**? AT ONCE, IMMEDIATELY
What is the meaning of the adverb **quamvīs**? ALTHOUGH; HOWEVER MUCH
What is the meaning of the adverb **sānē**? SURELY, CERTAINLY
15. What Roman author died an exile on the Black Sea in A.D. 17 OVID
Who was Ovid's literary patron? MESSALA CORVINUS
What work of Ovid, written in five books, is a lament over his exile? *Tristia*

**2005 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Final Round**

1. Translate: **Nōn dubitō quīn Roma urbs mirābilis sit.**
I DO NOT DOUBT THAT ROME IS A WONDERFUL CITY
Translate: **Comitēs nostrī recūsābant quōminus nobīscum Capuam irent.**
OUR COMPANIONS REFUSED TO GO TO CAPUA WITH US
Translate: **Nulla natiō ita erat fortis quīn Romanōs metueret.**
NO NATION WAS SO BRAVE THAT DID NOT FEAR THE ROMANS

2. What Silver Age Latin author wrote an epic in eight books entitled *Argonautica*?
VALERIUS FLACCUS
The *Argonautica* of Valerius Flaccus is based on the canonical version
of what 3rd century B.C. Alexandrian scholar? APOLLONIUS OF RHODES
What Silver Age author of the *Naturalis Historia* was born at Como in A.D. 23?
PLINY THE ELDER

3. What daughter of Atlas and Pleione did Zeus carry off to Olympus, even
as she clung to the Palladium? ELECTRA
Who was coincidentally praying for a sign from Zeus when the Palladium fell
in front of his tent? ILIUS
Name one of the two sons Electra bore Zeus? DARDANUS & IASION

4. Who were appointed **triumvirī rei publicae constituendae consulari potestate**
by a vote of the Tribal Assembly in 43 B.C.?
LEPIDUS, ANTONY, OCTAVIAN
Translate this legal title of the Second Triumvirate?
THE THREE MEN WITH CONSULAR POWER
FOR (THE PURPOSE OF) ESTABLISHING / ARRANGING THE STATE
Where did the future Triumvirs meet to cement their agreement? BONONIA

5. Give a Synonym for **possum**. QUEO
Give a deponent Synonym for **reperiō**. NANCISCOR
Give a Synonym for **paene**. FERE, CIRCITER

6. In a Roman army camp, what were the **tabernacula**? SOLDIER'S TENTS
In a Roman army camp, what slaves performed menial tasks? CALONES
In a Roman army camp, what were the light-armed foot soldier's
called? LEVIS ARMATURAE PEDITES

7. What Roman author and veteran of the First Punic War died at Utica
sometime in the late third or early second century B.C.? CNAEUS NAEVIUS
With what powerful Roman family did Naevius quarrel? METELLI
Name one of Naevius' two known **fabulae praetextae**. ROMULUS & CLASTIDIUM

8. Translate: **Mirātus sum utrum discēderēs necne.**
I WONDERED IF YOU WERE LEAVING OR NOT
Translate: **Facile est vidēre utrum filium magis amēs.**
IT IS EASY TO SEE WHICH SON YOU LOVE MORE
Translate: **Veritī sunt ut precēs ā numinibus audīrentur.**
THEY FEARED THAT (THEIR) PRAYERS
WERE NOT HEARD BY THE GODS / DIVINE SPIRITS
9. What Roman general, serving under the banner of T. Flavius Vespasianus,
defeated Vitellius' army at Cremona in A.D. 69? ANTONIUS PRIMUS
What two commanders were responsible for defeating Otho's forces
at Cremona earlier in the year? VALENS & CAECINA
After part of Antonius Primus' army had mutinied upon reaching Rome, who
arrived and secured the city for Vespasian? MUCIANUS
10. What Greek was left behind at Troy in order to convince the Trojans to
take the horse into the city? SINON
In which book of Vergil's *Aeneid* is this story relayed? BOOK II
At what island did the Greeks await a signal from Sinon? TENEDOS
11. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice; then
answer in ENGLISH the question about it:
**Cum Iāsōn et Mēdēa ē Thessaliā expulsī esset, ad urbem Corinthum
iērunť, cūius urbis rēgum Creōn quīdam tum obtinēbat. Erat Creontī
filia ūna, nōmine Glaucē; quam ubi vīdit, Iāsōn cōstituit Mēdēam
uxōrem repudiāre eō cōsiliō ut Glaucēn in mātirimōnium dūceret.
At Mēdea cum intellexeret quae ille in animō habēret, irā valdē commota
iūre iūrandō cōfirmāvit sē tantam iniūriam ultūram esse.**
Where was Creōn ruling when Jason and Medea arrived? CORINTH
What did Jason intend to do to Medea? LEAVE HER AND MARRY GLAUCE
According to the passage, what was Medea's response?
SHE WAS MOVED BY ANGER AND AFFIRMED
SHE WOULD AVENGE SUCH A WRONG
12. What Roman author, born at Antioch in the 4th Century A.D., wrote a history
from the reign of Nerva to the death of Valens at Adrianople?
AMMIANUS MARCELLINUS
The choice of A.D. 96 as a starting point for his history indicates Ammianus
Marcellinus' desire to continue the work of what historian? TACITUS
What contemporary of Marcellinus, at the request of Valens, wrote the
Breviarium ab Urbe Condita, covering the period from Romulus
to the death of Jovian in A.D. 364? EUTROPIUS

13. What nymph fell in love with the youth Hermaphroditus and prayed that their bodies should never be separated? SALMACIS
 Where was Hermaphroditus raised by Naiads? MT IDA
 What epithet of Hermaphroditus referred to his paternal ancestry? ATLANTIUS
14. Who was the first plebeian leader to hold the office of dictator on 356 B.C.? (C. MARCIUS) RUTILUS
 What office was Rutilus the first plebeian to hold in 351 B.C.? CENSOR
 What plebeian leader was the first to act **pro praetore** when he conducted a siege of Neapolis in 326 B.C.? (Q. PUBLILIUS) PHILO
15. What Latin verb, with what meaning, is at the Ultimate root of "deciduous?" CADO, FALL
 What Latin verb, with what meaning, is at the Ultimate root of "excise?" CENSEO, THINK, JUDGE
 What Latin verb, with what meaning, is at the Ultimate root of "derelict?" LINQUO, LEAVE, ABANDON
16. What Latin phrase describes an unexpected occurrence that rescues someone from an apparently hopeless predicament? DEUS EX MACHINA
 What Latin proverb indicates that "end justifies the means?" EXITUS ACTA PROBAT
 What Latin phrase relevant to diplomatic relations signifies that a nation is entitled to keep what it has acquired during a war; literally translated it means "as you possess." UTI POSSIDETIS
17. In Book IV of Homer's Iliad, who broke the truce by firing an arrow at Menelaus? PANDARUS
 What deity influenced Pandarus to do this? ATHENA
 Who killed Pandarus? DIOMEDES
18. Give an Antonym for **finis**. INITIUM, PRINCIPIUM
 Give an Antonym for **poena**. SUPPLICIUM, PUNITIO, CASTIGATIO, ANIMADVERSIO, INFORTUNIUM
 Give an Antonym for **palam**. CLAM, FURTIM, SECRETO, OCCULTE, LATENTER
19. Who became emperor of Rome after invading Italy and killing Philip the Arab in a set battle near Verona in A.D. 249? DECIUS
 Decius died in A.D. 251 after losing a second battle to what Gothic king? CNIVA
 Who succeeded Decius as emperor? TREBONIANUS GALLUS

20. VISUAL TOSS UP. Pass out visual question to all players.

The following toss up question is a visual. We are currently providing each player with a copy of the visual. Please do not turn over the visual until instructed to do so. Also, please be mindful that this is a toss up question, so do not consult or communicate with your teammates. Please turn over the visual; you will have 15 seconds to examine it. Here is your question:

Letters A-E contain the opening lines of famous works from Latin

Literature. Which Roman author's work is exhibited in letter C?

LIVY'S

What is the title of the work exhibited in letter E?

Bellum Catilinae

In what year did the author whose work is exhibited in letter A
die?

43 B.C.

A. Quo usque tandem abutere, Catilina, patientia nostra? quam diu etiam furor iste tuus nos eludet? quem ad finem sese effrenata iactabit audacia? Nihilne te nocturnum praesidium Palati, nihil urbis vigiliae, nihil timor populi, nihil concursus bonorum omnium, nihil hic munitissimus habendi senatus locus, nihil horum ora voltusque moverunt? Patere tua consilia non sentis, constrictam iam horum omnium scientia teneri coniurationem tuam non vides?

B. Aeneadum genetrix, hominum divomque voluptas,
alma Venus, caeli subter labentia signa
quae mare navigerum, quae terras frugiferentis
concelebras, per te quoniam genus omne animantum
concipitur visitque exortum lumina solis:
te, dea, te fugiunt venti, te nubila caeli
adventumque tuum, tibi suavis daedala tellus
summittit flores, tibi rident aequora ponti
placatumque nitet diffuso lumine caelum.

C. Iam primum omnium satis constat Troia capta in ceteros saevitum esse Troianos, duobus, Aeneae Antenorque, et vetusti iure hospitii et quia pacis reddendaeque Helenae semper auctores fuerant, omne ius belli Achiuos abstinuisse; casibus deinde variis Antenorem cum multitudine Enetum, qui seditione ex Paphlagonia pulsus et sedes et ducem rege Pylaemene ad Troiam amisso quaerebant, venisse in intimum maris Hadriatici sinum, Euganeisque qui inter mare Alpesque incolebant pulsus Enetos Troianosque eas tenuisse terras.

D. Urbem Romam a principio reges habuere; libertatem et consulatum L. Brutus instituit. dictaturae ad tempus sumebantur; neque decemviralis potestas ultra biennium, neque tribunorum militum consulare ius diu valuit. non Cinnae, non Sullae longa dominatio; et Pompei Crassique potentia cito in Caesarem, Lepidi atque Antonii arma in Augustum cessere, qui cuncta discordiis civilibus fessa nomine principis sub imperium accepit.

E. Omnis homines, qui sese student praestare ceteris animalibus, summa ope niti decet, ne vitam silentio transeant veluti pecora, quae natura prona atque ventri oboedientia finxit. Sed nostra omnis vis in animo et corpore sita est: animi imperio, corporis servitio magis utimur; alterum nobis cum dis, alterum cum beluis commune est.

