

## 2006 FJCL State Latin Forum

### Greek Derivatives

**I. Choose the response that means the same as the underlined word, or answers the question correctly.**

1. A hypoglossal nerve is located
  - a. in the throat
  - b. under the tongue
  - c. above the elbow
  - d. near the cerebral cortex
  
2. A person suffering from dyspnea has difficulty
  - a. sleeping
  - b. digesting
  - c. breathing
  - d. walking
  
3. The Washington Monument is an example of a(n)
  - a. monolith
  - b. monopode
  - c. pseudopod
  - d. lithograph
  
4. Who would be most interested in gastronomy?
  - a. an athlete training for a marathon
  - b. a restaurant reviewer
  - c. a newly-elected mayor
  - d. a resident physician at a nursing home
  
5. The general rode through the streets in full panoply.
  - a. with his whole army accompanying him
  - b. displaying all the spoils of war
  - c. wearing all of his armor
  - d. in a closed-in carriage
  
6. A dendrologist studies
  - a. trees
  - b. skin
  - c. volcanos
  - d. horses
  
7. The ergomaniac had an excessive desire to
  - a. sleep
  - b. be alone
  - c. work
  - d. eat.
  
8. Which of the following is an analgesic?
  - a. earplugs
  - b. ace bandage
  - c. vitamin
  - d. aspirin
  
9. Thalassotherapy relies on the curative powers of
  - a. exercise
  - b. rest
  - c. heat
  - d. the sea
  
10. A society ruled by priests is called a
  - a. hagiocracy
  - b. timocracy
  - c. iatracy
  - d. ochlocracy

**II. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Greek root.**

11. aeiro
  - a. meteor
  - b. aerial
  - c. ether
  - d. irony
  
12. bosko
  - a. bucolic
  - b. basilica
  - c. botany
  - d. butter
  
13. didomi
  - a. didactic
  - b. dose
  - c. drastic
  - d. diadem

14. poine  
a. poem                    b. pain                    c. panacea                    d. prune
15. melas  
a. melody                b. melon                    c. marmalade                d. melancholy
16. idein  
a. ideal                    b. idiom                    c. idiot                            d. iodine
17. hezomai  
a. history                b. hysteria                c. chair                            d. chasm
18. echo  
a. chord                    b. choir                    c. exodus                        d. hectic
19. lambano  
a. syllable                b. labyrinth                c. lamp                            d. laminectomy
20. tithemi  
a. theater                b. thesis                        c. enthusiasm                d. therapy
21. horao  
a. horizon                b. horoscope                c. panorama                    d. exorcist
22. cheir  
a. surgery                b. cholera                    c. chaos                            d. syringe

**III. Choose the meaning of the Greek word from which the given English word is derived.**

23. atom  
a. type                    b. place                    c. cut                            d. stretch
24. squirrel  
a. shadow                b. leg                            c. examine                        d. fill
25. prophet  
a. bring                    b. speak                        c. show                            d. feel
26. catholic  
a. holy                    b. whole                        c. god                            d. oath
27. ink  
a. pierce                b. wax                            c. burn                            d. ebony
28. disaster  
a. star                    b. breath                        c. hurt                            d. give
29. method  
a. teach                    b. stand                        c. weapon                        d. road

30. agony  
 a. lead                    b. rule                    c. contest                    d. pain
31. ephemeral  
 a. voice                    b. day                    c. speak                    d. produce
32. kaleidoscope  
 a. color                    b. rainbow                    c. round                    d. beautiful
33. strategy  
 a. turn                    b. stretch                    c. army                    d. leg
34. priest  
 a. old                    b. sacred                    c. first                    d. many
35. comma  
 a. hair                    b. space                    c. chop                    d. stop

**IV. Choose the meaning of the Greek prefix**

36. cata  
 a. back                    b. down                    c. against                    d. up
37. para  
 a. beside                    b. beyond                    c. together                    d. around
38. epi  
 a. in                    b. above                    c. upon                    d. before
39. meta  
 a. overly                    b. under                    c. through                    d. after
40. apo  
 a. from                    b. to                    c. within                    d. without

**V. Choose the word which does NOT belong by derivation.**

41.      a. acrobat                    b. base                    c. diabetes                    d. metabolism
42.      a. diagram                    b. diagnosis                    c. telegram                    d. telegraph
43.      a. aphorism                    b. metaphor                    c. paraphernalia                    d. periphery
44.      a. chamber                    b. camera                    c. commune                    d. comrade
45.      a. crystal                    b. crypt                    c. grotesque                    d. grotto
46.      a. diameter                    b. metropolis                    c. metric                    d. symmetry

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|-----|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| 47. | a. octopus  | b. pew      | c. tripod | d. pedantic |
| 48. | a. epitome  | b. monotony | c. tune   | d. tendon   |
| 49. | a. attorney | b. tourist  | c. tower  | d. return   |
| 50. | a. ecstatic | b. stadium  | c. system | d. epistle  |