

LATIN LITERATURE

1. Which of the following plays is NOT by Plautus?  
a. Amphitryon b. Menaechmi c. Eunuchus d. Pseudolus
2. Who wrote an essay on the nature of anger in which he referred to Caligula's cruelties and fury?  
a. Pliny the Elder b. Petronius c. Seneca the Younger  
d. Silius Italicus
3. Which poet, while debunking mythology, yet invokes Venus as his Muse?  
a. Lucan b. Statius c. Lucretius d. Horace
4. In which speech does Cicero attack Clodia, the profligate wife of Q. Metellus Celer?  
a. Pro Caecina b. Pro Cluentio c. Pro Caelio  
d. In Caecilium
5. Who wrote the Carmen Saeculare?  
a. Ovid b. Catullus c. Horace d. Lucan
6. The dates of the Golden Age:  
a. 63 B.C. - A.D. 14 b. 43 B.C. - A.D. 14  
c. 70 B.C. - 19 B.C. d. 63 B.C. - 43 B.C.
7. How many myths does Ovid collect and retell in the Metamorphoses?  
a. 50 b. 150 c. 250 d. 350
8. The Roman engineer who saw military service under Julius Caesar and Octavian and wrote a book on architecture:  
a. Vitruvius b. Flaccus c. Frontinus d. Varro
9. The Odyssey was translated into Latin saturnians by  
a. Livius Andronicus. b. Quintus Ennius.  
c. Caecilius Statius. d. Gnaeus Naevius.
10. Who was the last emperor Suetonius included in his biography of the Caesars?  
a. Domitian b. Hadrian c. Nero d. Trajan
11. Which author commanded a legion under Julius Caesar?  
a. Catullus b. Cicero c. Horace d. Sallust
12. Who asked Pliny for an eye-witness account of the eruption of Vesuvius?  
a. Suetonius b. Quintilian c. Tacitus d. Juvenal

13. The famous "Parable of the Belly" told by Menenius Agrippa can be found in the work of  
a. Cicero. b. Lucretius. c. Horace. d. Livy.
14. M. Valerius Messala was the patron of  
a. Catullus. b. Tibullus. c. Vergil. d. Propertius.
15. Horace wrote two books of satires entitled  
a. Ars Poetica. b. Sermones. c. Epodes. d. Epistulae.
16. Which author foresees the coming of a Golden Age?  
a. Martial b. Juvenal c. Ovid d. Vergil
17. The Somnium Scipionis, modeled on Plato's Myth of Er, is found in the work of  
a. Lucretius. b. Ennius. c. Seneca. d. Cicero.
18. Which of the following is NOT described in the Aeneid?  
a. the death of Achilles b. the burning of Troy  
c. Aeneas' visit to the Underworld d. the death of Turnus
19. Seneca the Younger wrote all of the following EXCEPT the  
a. Agamemnon. b. Oedipus. c. Phaedra. d. Alcestis.
20. Which statement about the plays of Terence is NOT true?  
a. They are adapted from Menander.  
b. They had great popular appeal.  
c. There is less caricature than in Plautus.  
d. They are fabulae palliatae.
21. The plot of the Mostellaria centers around  
a. twin brothers. b. a miser. c. a mother-in-law.  
d. a haunted house.
22. Some of Darwin's theories, especially his idea that organisms adapt, were anticipated by  
a. Pliny the Elder. b. Cicero. c. Seneca the Younger.  
d. Lucretius.
23. Who, besides Livy, dealt at length with the foundation legends of Rome?  
a. Tacitus b. Cato the Elder c. Sallust d. Lucretius
24. According to Quintilian, which of the following is practically the only Roman lyric poet worth reading?  
a. Catullus b. Propertius c. Tibullus d. Horace
25. Who lived during the reigns of all the Julio-Claudian emperors?  
a. Seneca the Younger b. Tacitus c. Juvenal  
d. Quintilian

26. Where was Ovid born?  
a. Patavium b. Sulmo c. Verona d. Rome
27. Which of the following plays by Plautus is fragmentary?  
a. Mercator b. Poenulus c. Vidularia d. Cistellaria
28. Who brought Ennius to Rome at the end of the third century?  
a. Cato the Elder b. Sulpicius Galba  
c. Fulvius Nobilior d. Scipio Africanus
29. The fable of the town mouse and the country mouse is found in the work of  
a. Vergil. b. Seneca. c. Horace. d. Juvenal.
30. The De Legibus is based on the \_\_\_\_\_ concept of law.  
a. Stoic b. Peripatetic c. Epicurean d. Platonic
31. According to Quintilian's educational philosophy, rhetorical training was intended to produce a man  
a. competent to plead in any court.  
b. of character and cultivation.  
c. eligible to hold the highest public office.  
d. whose expertise was an end in itself.
32. The Pro Marcello by Cicero is a speech of thanks to  
a. Brutus. b. Caesar. c. Pompey. d. Cato the Younger.
33. Thucydides' account of the plague at Athens is justly famous. Which Roman writer also described this event?  
a. Lucretius b. Pliny the Younger c. Seneca d. Ennius
34. Lucilius, the creator of Roman satire, established the \_\_\_\_\_ as its standard meter.  
a. elegiac couplet b. hexameter c. saturnian  
d. hendecasyllabic
35. Which of the following statements about Seneca's Medea is NOT true?  
a. Only Medea is banished from Corinth.  
b. There is greater emphasis on Medea's powers as a sorceress.  
c. Jason truly loves his children.  
d. Jason is seen as a cad by the audience.
36. Cicero's De Natura Deorum is one of five philosophical works dedicated to  
a. Atticus. b. Brutus. c. Quintus Cicero.  
d. Marcus Cicero.
37. The Epistle to the Pisos by Horace deals with  
a. political theory. b. literary criticism.  
c. Stoic philosophy. d. the education of an orator.

38. Lucretius dedicated the De Rerum Natura to G. Memmius. Which of the following statements about Memmius is also true?  
a. Cicero was related to him by marriage.  
b. He helped Vergil regain the farm confiscated during the Civil War.  
c. Horace received his Sabine farm from him.  
d. Catullus accompanied him to Bithynia in 57.
39. The tone of Cicero's essay De Senectute can be described as  
a. upbeat. b. resigned. c. humorous. d. didactic.
40. The Annales of Ennius chronicled the history of Rome down to the author's own time but omitted \_\_\_\_\_ because Naevius had already dealt with it.  
a. the founding of Rome by Romulus  
b. the secession of the plebs in 494  
c. the First Punic War  
d. the sack of Rome in 390
41. The most common dialogue meter in Republican drama:  
a. saturnians b. iambic senarii c. dactylic hexameter  
d. catalectic tetrameter
42. Who wrote a lost work on grammar entitled De Analogia and dedicated it to Cicero?  
a. Caesar b. Varro c. Horace d. Quintilian
43. All of the following wrote about the Hercynian Forest EXCEPT  
a. Tacitus. b. Livy. c. Caesar. d. Pliny the Elder.
44. Sassa and Oppianicus are major characters in a speech by Cicero entitled  
a. Pro Ligario. b. Pro Rabirio. c. Pro Sulla.  
d. Pro Cluentio.
45. Which of the following is NOT described in the Histories of Tacitus?  
a. the death of Otho  
b. the sack of Cremona  
c. the destruction of the temple of Jupiter Optimus Maximus  
d. the siege of Jerusalem
46. Oratory was divided into three styles. Who was the greatest Asianist of his day?  
a. Brutus b. Cicero c. Hortensius d. Caesar
47. The two most famous quotations from Juvenal, "panem et circenses" and "mens sana in corpore sano" both come from the satire on  
a. Rome (III). b. the administration of Domitian (IV).  
c. women (VI). d. the folly of human prayers (X).

48. Which author is a mine of information on Greek and Latin authors and has preserved many good stories, including "Androcles and the Lion"?
- a. Statilius b. Lucius Apuleius c. Aulus Gellius  
d. Statius
49. Who wrote three laments for the poet Lucan?
- a. Silius Italicus b. Statius c. Juvenal d. Martial
50. What author describes going on a boar hunt with stylus and tabella instead of a spear?
- a. Pliny the Younger b. Catullus c. Horace d. Ovid