

ADVANCED DERIVATIVES

I. Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentence or means the same as the underlined word.

1. The senator's remarks on the war in Bosnia were contemptible.  
a. timely b. hateful c. half-hearted d. conciliatory
2. The Isle of Capri in the Bay of Naples is so-named because early on it was home to an abundance of  
a. hedgehogs. b. insects. c. goats. d. wild boar.
3. Which of the following was named for its beauty?  
a. Austria b. Formosa c. Australia d. Falklands
4. Your thesis is very interesting, but your proof is turbid.  
a. obscure b. hasty c. illogical d. refutable
5. Instead of arches the architect chose trabeated construction.  
a. beamed b. domed c. vaulted d. columnar
6. The subject matter of the book was extremely recondite.  
a. salacious b. inflammatory c. inspirational  
d. obscure
7. Gressorial animals have feet suitable for  
a. climbing. b. swimming. c. digging. d. walking.
8. Ratite birds are so-called because their breast bones resemble  
a. mice. b. rafts. c. hoes. d. roots.
9. The methods of Nature are saltatory.  
a. abrupt b. calculated c. healthy d. varied
10. A person who shrinks from no task that will bring him money is certainly  
a. scintillating. b. inchoate. c. esurient.  
d. specious.

II. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

11. alloy  
a. lego b. loquor c. luceo d. ligo
12. medley  
a. misceo b. medius c. mitis d. metior

13. supply  
a. plico b. populus c. plenus d. polliceor
14. charming  
a. cano b. capio c. careo d. carpo
15. pimento  
a. mens b. pinus c. mensis d. pingo
16. consideration  
a. sedeo b. ideo c. sidus d. Idem
17. extinct  
a. sterno b. stinguo c. stringo d. struo
18. noisome  
a. odi b. nosco c. eo d. sono
19. collision  
a. lis b. laedo c. leto d. lito
20. vicious  
a. vicis b. vitis c. vicus d. vitium

III. Choose the meaning of the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

21. impudence  
a. doubt b. shame c. stupidity d. anger
22. nefarious  
a. ship b. birth c. crime d. break
23. mordant  
a. mortal b. bite c. soften d. weep
24. commuter  
a. silent b. move c. clean d. change
25. nephew  
a. grandson b. fresh c. leaf d. bind
26. humiliate  
a. grass b. beat c. ground d. lessen
27. querulous  
a. question b. shake c. insult d. complain
28. inculcate  
a. heel b. stone c. heat d. white

29. menology  
a. month b. table c. mind d. mixture
30. baccate  
a. branch b. berry c. spine d. battle
- IV. Choose the word which is derived from the same Latin root as the given word.
31. vestry  
a. vestibule b. investigate c. invest d. vespers
32. surveillance  
a. virtue b. convict c. vigil d. adverse
33. spouse  
a. response b. spray c. aspire d. cuspidor
34. subliminal  
a. align b. preliminary c. luminary d. limit
35. primeval  
a. poverty b. aimless c. age d. private
36. commensurate  
a. mendicant b. measure c. merit d. mention
37. resilient  
a. exultant b. silent c. reside d. silly
38. funnel  
a. unfounded b. function c. perfume d. effusive
39. inherent  
a. heiress b. exhale c. exhibit d. hesitate
40. oculist  
a. octave b. occupy c. anecdote d. antler
- V. Choose the word that does **NOT** belong by derivation.
41. a. intrude b. undulate c. surround d. abound
42. a. rouge b. rubric c. rude d. ruby
43. a. empower b. approve c. potential d. repossess
44. a. notion b. abnormal c. ignoble d. recognize
45. a. stun b. tornado c. torment d. astonish
46. a. expand b. passage c. impinge d. encompass

47. a. formal b. foreign c. forfeit d. forest
48. a. deign b. dignity c. dainty d. dingy
49. a. vanilla b. vain c. evanescent d. vaunt
50. a. auburn b. daub c. albumen d. daunt