

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 1997

ADVANCED DERIVATIVES

I. Choose the meaning of the Latin root from which the given English word is derived.

1. consider
a. rigid b. settle c. dry d. star
2. egregious
a. heavy b. step c. herd d. tall
3. acquiescence
a. complain b. pray c. quiet d. agree
4. atrocity
a. savage b. crime c. dark d. bind
5. proletariat
a. crowd b. offspring c. attend d. serve
6. insect
a. divide b. cut c. inferior d. careless
7. penmanship
a. wood b. metal c. ink d. feather
8. assailant
a. leap b. salt c. safety d. enough
9. secret
a. increase b. stop c. confine d. separate
10. accomplish
a. full b. clapping c. fold d. rich

II. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.

11. cinis
a. incinerate b. succinct c. tincture d. cinch
12. odi
a. melody b. malodorous c. annoy d. annotate
13. aevum
a. evil b. primeval c. evidence d. avid
14. ferveo
a. ferocious b. fertile c. feral d. ferment

15. fateor
a. fascinate b. confess c. fatigue d. infatuation
16. latro
a. latitude b. larceny c. latent d. largess
17. arceo
a. archer b. archaeology c. arcane d. arcade
18. ars
a. inert b. ardent c. arable d. article
19. pario
a. parent b. apparent c. apparel d. pare
20. carpo
a. cargo b. carnal c. surcharge d. scarce

III. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

21. caloric
a. calo b. calix c. caleo d. calvus
22. suffocation
a. focus b. fauces c. figus d. facies
23. default
a. falx b. faveo c. fateor d. fallo
24. soil
a. solor b. solus c. solum d. solidus
25. arson
a. arduus b. ars c. as d. ardeo
26. extirpate
a. pateo b. tuber c. rapio d. stirps
27. discussion
a. quatio b. quaero c. cuspis d. custos
28. cowardice
a. cauda b. cor c. condo d. catena
29. vicious
a. vitium b. vita c. vitis d. vito
30. dishevelled
a. haereo b. capillus c. haurio d. caveo

- IV. Choose the word which does NOT belong by derivation.
31. a. heritage b. heirloom c. inherent d. heiress
 32. a. demolish b. mollify c. molecule d. molest
 33. a. destroy b. district c. construe d. construct
 34. a. collate b. correlative c. superlative
d. collateral
 35. a. compliant b. plenty c. pliable d. complimentary
 36. a. avoid b. vacation c. vacuity d. evasion
 37. a. demeanor b. menace c. eminent d. administer
 38. a. pitch b. piteous c. pittance d. piety
 39. a. grandeur b. filigree c. grain d. garnet
 40. a. secret b. ascertain c. recruit d. concert
- V. Choose the word or phrase which means the same as the underlined word or best completes the sentence.
41. The writing of the ancient Assyrians is called cuneiform because its characters are shaped like
a. pictures. b. wedges. c. fingers. d. sticks.
 42. Faucitis is an inflamed condition of the
a. elbow. b. eye. c. throat. d. knee.
 43. The ailing woman bought some medicine which she thought mitigated her pain.
a. localized b. intensified c. alleviated
d. nullified
 44. He was an indefatigable worker.
a. unbeatable b. skillful c. proud d. tireless
 45. All of the following are multiungulate **EXCEPT** the
a. rhinoceros. b. elephant. c. horse.
d. hippopotamus.
 46. The eburnean chair, which glowed softly in the light, was made of
a. marble. b. oak. c. cedar. d. ivory.
 47. The speaker was famous for her coruscating wit.
a. malicious b. humorous c. mocking d. sparkling

48. Mucronate leaves
a. have pointed ends. b. change color in the fall.
c. grow in clumps. d. are small in size.
49. Well-bred people are characterized by their comity.
a. courtesy b. generosity c. style
d. social status
50. An atrabilarian is
a. old. b. wealthy. c. congenial. d. melancholy.