

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 1997

GRAMMAR I

I. Choose the correct Latin translation for the underlined word(s).

1. The man is lucky who has many friends.  
a. multis b. multorum c. multos d. multa
2. The sons of the legates will soon be consuls.  
a. legatorum b. legati c. legatis d. legatum
3. The long journey will be the death of many.  
a. fuerit b. erit c. erat d. fuerat
4. The young girl gave the man many presents.  
a. vir b. viri c. viro d. virum
5. My friend, you must read this book.  
a. amicus b. amici c. amicum d. amice
6. We saw that the soldier had been wounded with a sword.  
a. cum gladio b. gladio c. a gladio d. apud gladium
7. Didn't you see the sign?  
a. vidisti b. nonne vidisti c. num vidisti  
d. vidistine
8. The troops were collected into one area.  
a. coacti sunt b. coegerunt c. cogebantur  
d. coactae sunt
9. The children looked at the body of the dead animal lying in the field.  
a. corporum b. corpori c. corpus d. corporis
10. The animals' heads were small.  
a. parvi b. parvos c. parvae d. parva
11. There was much baggage.  
a. multa b. multum c. multus d. multi
12. The Romans pitched camp every evening.  
a. ponebant b. ponunt c. posuerunt d. ponent

II. Choose the best answer to the question.

13. Which principal part is used to form the perfect passive system?  
a. first b. second c. third d. fourth

14. Which of the following is **NOT** an I-stem?  
a. animal b. mons c. ignis d. pax
15. Which of the following changes sex as it multiples?  
a. auxilium b. panis c. locus d. hiems
16. Which of the following can **NOT** be modified by omni?  
a. milite b. filiae c. telo d. soci
17. Which of the following can **NOT** be modified by potens?  
a. flumina b. soror c. liber d. gens
- III. Identify the grammatical construction of the underlined word(s).
18. Imperator in proelium milites ducere debet.  
a. ablative, agent b. infinitive, complementary  
c. vocative, direct address d. imperative, positive
19. Legiones a nostris vincuntur.  
a. substantive b. ablative, place from which  
c. dative, indirect object d. predicate adjective
20. Magnā cum audaciā pugnauerunt.  
a. means b. accompaniment c. manner d. agent
21. Semper erunt memoriae amicitiae magnae.  
a. dative, indirect object b. genitive, possessive  
c. nominative, subject d. genitive, objective
22. Caesar, consul noster, hodie interfectus est.  
a. subject b. direct address c. apposition  
d. predicate nominative
- IV. Choose the word or phrase which best completes the sentence.
23. Omnes \_\_\_\_\_ primo anno migraverunt.  
a. patriā b. e patriā c. patribus d. ex patribus
24. Officium \_\_\_\_\_ est populo frumentum dare.  
a. bona agricola b. bonus agricola c. bonae agricolae  
d. boni agricolae
25. Multi legati ducis \_\_\_\_\_ erant..  
a. nuntios b. nunti c. nuntiis d. nuntii
26. Mulier Herculis trans flumen \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. portabatur b. portavit c. portabat  
d. portatus est.

27. Puer sub \_\_\_\_\_ cucurrit.  
 a. arborem b. arbori c. arbor d. arbore
28. Viri boni \_\_\_\_\_ semper dicunt.  
 a. virtute b. cum virtute c. in virtute d. a virtute

V. Select the best translation for each sentence.

29. Etiam viri fortes subitis periculis terrentur.  
 a. Sudden dangers truly terrify even the brave.  
 b. Even strong truths are overcome by sudden dangers.  
 c. Even brave men are terrified by sudden dangers.  
 d. Brave men also fear sudden dangers.
30. Num iubebis virum in vincula et ad mortem?  
 a. Will you order the man into chains and death?  
 b. Were you ordering the man to chains and death?  
 c. You won't order the man into chains and to death, will you?  
 d. You will order the man to chains and to death, won't you?
31. Veritas etiam a regibus semper non intellegitur.  
 a. Even the king will not always understand truths.  
 b. Truth will not always be understood even by kings.  
 c. Even truth is not always understood by kings.  
 d. Truths are not always understood even by kings.
32. Consilia regis bello longo et difficili delebantur.  
 a. The plans of the king were destroyed by a long and difficult war.  
 b. The plans were destroyed by the kings in a long and difficult war.  
 c. The kings were destroyed according to plan in a long and difficult war.  
 d. The kings were destroying the plans with a long and difficult war.

VI. Choose the word which does NOT belong grammatically.

33. a. cum b. sine c. de d. ob
34. a. iniuria b. domina c. victoria d. poeta
35. a. servate b. celeritate c. superate d. vulnerate
36. a. post b. inter c. propter d. in
37. a. noster b. pulcher c. acer d. sacer
38. a. pani b. duci c. mitti d. fini

39. a. cena b. arma c. lingua d. porta  
 40. a. mare b. forte c. breve d. grave  
 41. a. filias b. deas c. aestas d. insulas  
 42. a. vidit b. ponit c. capit d. regit  
 43. a. fugio b. dico c. duco d. facio  
 44. a. vulnus b. salus c. tempus d. corpus  
 45. a. vinceris b. traderis c. teneris d. vulneris

VII. Use the following passage to answer questions 46-50.

Iason, dum iter in Thessaliam facit, ad flumen latum  
 pervēnit. Nusquam autem pontem vidit. Iason, dum in ripā  
 fluminis rapidi stat, subito aniculum vidit. Anicula  
 perterrita aquam spumosa spectabat. Iason benignis verbis  
 5 auxilium dare temptabat.

Anicula Iasoni dixit, "Debeo transire hoc flumen, sed  
 flumen est altum et rapidum."

Iason respondit, "Ascende in tergum meum. Tu incolumis  
 10 transportaberis."

In medio flumine Iason unum calceum amisit. Postquam  
 aniculum in alterā ripā deposuit, calceum petere incepit.  
 Subito in aniculae loco dea splendida in ripā stetit.

Dea Iasoni attonito dixit, "Sum Iuno, regina deorum!  
 15 Procede sine morā ad regiam avunculi tui. Sta audacter pro  
 solio; postula ab avunculo regnum tuum!"

46. In line 3, subito is a(n)  
 a. verb. b. adverb. c. noun. d. adjective.
47. In what case is Iasoni (line 6)?  
 a. nominative b. genitive c. dative d. accusative
48. How did Jason help the old lady?  
 a. suddenly b. kindly c. dutifully d. boldly
49. Why did the old woman not cross the river by herself?  
 a. The bridge was too crowded. b. She was too weak.  
 c. The river was deep and swift. d. She had lost her boat.
50. The goddess did all of the following **EXCEPT**  
 a. express concern for Jason's lost sandal.  
 b. tell Jason to go to his uncle's palace.  
 c. ask Jason to stand boldly before the throne of his uncle.  
 d. order Jason to demand the return of his kingdom.