

FJCL STATE FORUM 2003 DERIVATIVES I

21

I. Select the Latin word from which the English word is derived.

- |                |          |           |           |              |
|----------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. rail        | a. rego  | b. ratio  | c. altus  | d. alter     |
| 2. corsage     | a. cor   | b. corona | c. corpus | d. cornu     |
| 3. projectile  | a. abigo | b. iaceo  | c. adeo   | d. iacio     |
| 4. monitor     | a. moneo | b. munio  | c. maneo  | d. mitto     |
| 5. derision    | a. desum | b. rideo  | c. video  | d. orior     |
| 6. impeach     | a. peto  | b. pes    | c. piscis | d. periculum |
| 7. existence   | a. ago   | b. eo     | c. sto    | d. aestimo   |
| 8. scissors    | a. cado  | b. cedo   | c. capio  | d. caedo     |
| 9. indigestion | a. gero  | b. ignis  | c. gravis | d. indulgeo  |
| 10. pilgrim    | a. paro  | b. ago    | c. pugno  | d. ager      |

II. Select the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.

- |           |               |               |                |             |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| 11. teneo | a. tent       | b. tense      | c. tenant      | d. tentacle |
| 12. augeo | a. auspice    | b. exaggerate | c. inaugural   | d. author   |
| 13. terra | a. terrible   | b. deter      | c. terrestrial | d. term     |
| 14. totus | a. torpedo    | b. extort     | c. tutelage    | d. factotum |
| 15. nox   | a. renovation | b. nocturnal  | c. innocent    | d. noxious  |
| 16. traho | a. trainer    | b. traveler   | c. truffle     | d. trestle  |
| 17. aqua  | a. equal      | b. anchor     | c. sewer       | d. quark    |
| 18. silva | a. savage     | b. sauna      | c. savanna     | d. savory   |
| 19. porto | a. porridge   | b. portage    | c. portion     | d. port     |
| 20. aes   | a. estuary    | b. medieval   | c. aisle       | d. era      |

III. Select the meaning of the Latin root from which the given English word is derived.

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|-----------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 21. bulletin    |             |             |              |
| a. cow          | b. horn     | c. amulet   | d. cheek     |
| 22. tennis      |             |             |              |
| a. throw        | b. stretch  | c. hold     | d. strike    |
| 23. appeal      |             |             |              |
| a. beg          | b. ring     | c. argue    | d. name      |
| 24. bus         |             |             |              |
| a. all          | b. good     | c. drive    | d. send      |
| 25. conjugation |             |             |              |
| a. law          | b. join     | c. judge    | d. aid       |
| 26. sedative    |             |             |              |
| a. cover        | b. rule     | c. take     | d. sit       |
| 27. repeat      |             |             |              |
| a. seek         | b. move     | c. think    | d. fill      |
| 28. ramify      |             |             |              |
| a. stream       | b. oar      | c. branch   | d. carriage  |
| 29. explicate   |             |             |              |
| a. drive out    | b. seek out | c. fold out | d. place out |
| 30. ligneous    |             |             |              |
| a. made of wood | b. portable | c. chosen   | d. binding   |

IV. Select the word which is NOT derived from the same root as the others.

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|--------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| 31. a. decimate    | b. decipher   | c. december   | d. decibel  |
| 32. a. college     | b. legal      | c. legend     | d. legate   |
| 33. a. peer        | b. compare    | c. umpire     | d. apparent |
| 34. a. lieutenant  | b. elocution  | c. couch      | d. locate   |
| 35. a. belligerent | b. congestion | c. digression | d. gerund   |
| 36. a. office      | b. fabricate  | c. surface    | d. amplify  |
| 37. a. separate    | b. sever      | c. parasol    | d. parcel   |
| 38. a. damsel      | b. dowager    | c. dungeon    | d. danger   |
| 39. a. mutual      | b. motif      | c. mutiny     | d. mob      |
| 40. a. pansy       | b. pacific    | c. pound      | d. pension  |

V. Select the answer which best completes the sentence or means the same as the underlined word.

41. His research paper was obviously based on a paucity of sources.

- a. variety                      b. scarcity      c. disparity      d. plethora

42. Her treatment of the religious icons was an act of sacrilege.

- a. embellishment      b. supplication      c. disrespect      d. fidelity

43. The young man did not know his character had been oppugned.

- a. observed                      b. praised              c. exonerated      d. attacked

44. There are signs of incipient cancer.

- a. beginning                      b. advanced              c. malignant              d. facial

45. The senator's acrimony was no surprise to his constituents.

- a. opposition                      b. candor                      c. bitterness              d. support

46. The smoke from the forest fire was ubiquitous.

- a. everywhere                      b. extinguished              c. incendiary              d. hurtful

47. Her docile behavior fooled us.

- a. generous                      b. deceitful                      c. elegant                      d. teachable

48. The grant of land was to be held by the family in perpetuity.

- a. inexplicably                      b. in parity                      c. in common                      d. eternally

49. The young woman seemed to have a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ appetite, yet she never gained weight.

- a. licentious                      b. insatiable                      c. lavish                      d. affluent

50. They enjoyed the post-prandial snack.

- a. after lunch                      b. late night                      c. healthy                      d. morning