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**FJCL State Latin Forum 2003**  
**Latin Literature**

1. Who is the author of the *Aeneid*?  
a. Horace      b. Ovid      c. Catullus      d. Vergil
2. Which of the following plays was NOT written by Terence?  
a. *The Pot of Gold*      b. *The Girl from Andros*      c. *The Brothers*      d. *The Mother-in-Law*
3. Which poet's Sixth Satire is a denunciation of women?  
a. Juvenal      b. Martial      c. Horace      d. Apuleius
4. Who wrote the treatise on old age, *De Senectute*?  
a. Cato      b. Cicero      c. Seneca      d. Lucan
5. The author of the epic poem *Pharsalia*:  
a. Vergil      b. Seneca      c. Lucan      d. Ennius
6. Which of the following was NOT a close member of the literary circle of Maecenas?  
a. Vergil      b. Horace      c. Propertius      d. Ovid
7. Which historian wrote the *Bellum Catilinae* and *Bellum Iurgurthinum*?  
a. Tacitus      b. Sallust      c. Suetonius      d. Caesar
8. Who composed the list of accomplishments known as the *Res Gestae*?  
a. Cicero      b. Nero      c. Augustus      d. Julius Caesar
9. Which poet wrote *Odi et Amo*?  
a. Catullus      b. Ovid      c. Propertius      d. Tibullus
10. The meter composed of a hexameter followed by a pentameter and used by Ovid, Tibullus, and Propertius:  
a. dactylic hexameter      b. elegiac couplet      c. hendecasyllabic      d. choliambic
11. Which famous woman is made the subject of a vicious character attack in Cicero's *Pro Caelio*?  
a. Cornelia      b. Clodia      c. Cleopatra      d. Calpurnia
12. Seneca's *Apocolocyntosis* is a satirical description of  
a. Nero's wedding      b. an imperial banquet      c. Claudius' deification      d. gladiatorial games
13. Which writer was regarded by the Romans as the founder of their literature?  
a. Naevius      b. Ennius      c. Vergil      d. Cicero
14. Julius Caesar's *Bellum Civile* describes the war between the author and  
a. Vercingetorix      b. The Helvetii      c. Crassus      d. Pompey
15. *Miles Gloriosus* is the title of one of  
a. Plautus' comedies      b. Horace's satires      c. Cato's treatises      d. Martial's epigrams
16. Lesbia: Catullus:: \_\_\_\_\_ : Ovid  
a. Cynthia      b. Julia      c. Corinna      d. Delia

17. Which author includes the story of Cupid and Psyche in his tale of the adventures of a young man named Lucius who falls into the hands of a group of robbers?  
a. Ovid                      b. Apuleius                      c. Lucretius                      d. Livy
18. Which Roman poet was born in Sulmo?  
a. Vergil                      b. Horace                      c. Propertius                      d. Ovid
19. A Roman comedy adapted from a Greek play is called a *fabula*  
a. *togata*                      b. *palliata*                      c. *praetexta*                      d. *crepidata*
20. Author of the epic *Bellum Punicum*:  
a. Seneca                      b. Lucretius                      c. Naevius                      d. Ennius
21. To whom did Cicero dedicate his *Orator*, *De finibus*, and the *Tusculan Disputations*?  
a. M. Junius Brutus                      b. Cato the Younger                      c. C. Julius Caesar                      d. Quintus Cicero
22. Who is the author of works entitled *De re rustica*, *De lingua Latina*, and *Saturae Menippeae*?  
a. G. Velleius Paterculus                      b. Pliny the Elder                      c. Seneca the Younger                      d. M. Terentius Varro
23. Which Eclogue of Vergil was considered a Messianic prophecy by many early Christians?  
a. First                      b. Third                      c. Fourth                      d. Eighth
24. The subject of Ovid's *Tristia*:  
a. his exile                      b. letters written by mythological women                      c. how to end a love affair  
d. his relationship with various women
25. How many books did Livy include in his *Ab urbe condita*?  
a. 36                      b. 48                      c. 114                      d. 142
26. At the beginning of his *Annales*, Ennius recounts a dream in which he is told that he is a reincarnation of what famous Greek?  
a. Orpheus                      b. Achilles                      c. Sophocles                      d. Homer
27. Who is believed to have added the eighth book to Caesar's *Gallic War*?  
a. Aulus Hirtius                      b. Quintus Cicero                      c. Labienus                      d. Octavian
28. The author of the *Satyricon*  
a. was banished by Augustus.                      b. committed suicide during the reign of Nero.  
c. was a provincial governor under Trajan.                      d. was highly critical of the emperor Domitian
29. In the 6<sup>th</sup> book of Cicero's *De republica*, who has a dream which promises a heavenly afterlife for those who have served their country well?  
a. Cicero                      b. Scipio                      c. Brutus                      d. Atticus
30. Which historian's work covers the reigns of the emperors from Galba to Domitian?  
a. Tacitus                      b. Sallust                      c. Paterculus                      d. Nepos
31. Who composed a poem in honor of the Secular Games of 17 B.C.?  
a. Ovid                      b. Horace                      c. Propertius                      d. Catullus

32. Which of the following speeches of Cicero did NOT result in an acquittal for the defendant?  
a. *Pro Milone*      b. *Pro Roscio*      c. *Pro Caelio*      d. *Pro Murena*
33. Lucretius' *De rerum natura* is a didactic poem that promotes the philosophical ideas of  
a. Cato.      b. Cicero.      c. Plato.      d. Epicurus.
34. Which of the following wrote a work on the education of an orator and was called the "supreme guide of wayward youth" by the poet Martial?  
a. Cicero      b. Quintilian      c. Cato the Elder      d. Seneca the Elder
35. Title of Varius Rufus' lost tragedy which earned him a million sesterces from Octavian and was considered by Quintilian to be the equal of any Greek play:  
a. *Medea*      b. *Thyestes*      c. *Agamemnon*      d. *Atreus*
36. Which type of oratory was known for its rich, exuberant, and declamatory style?  
a. Attic      b. Italic      c. Asianic      d. Hellenic
37. According to Livy, which author was the first to introduce plot to Roman stage performances?  
a. Ennius      b. Naevius      c. Plautus      d. Livius Andronicus
38. Which famous orator was eclipsed by Cicero as Rome's leading orator after the trial of Verres in 70 B.C.?  
a. Hortensius      b. Antonius      c. Calvus      d. Crassus
39. Which Roman author wrote *Facta et Dicta Memorabilia*, nine books of memorable deeds and sayings intended for the use of orators?  
a. Petronius      b. Quintilian      c. Valerius Maximus      d. Velleius Paterculus
40. Cornelius Nepos wrote all of the following EXCEPT:  
a. a history of the world in three books      b. an epic based on the life of Achilles  
c. a biography of Atticus      d. a book of anecdotes
41. Which book of the *Aeneid* recounts the love affair between Aeneas and Dido?  
a. 4      b. 6      c. 8      d. 10
42. The author of the longest surviving Latin poem, *Punica*, an epic in seventeen books on the Second Punic War:  
a. Cato      b. Ennius      c. Livius Andronicus      d. Silius Italicus
43. In Book IV of the *Georgics* whom does Vergil praise as "little Romans"?  
a. the grandchildren of Augustus      b. dedicated slaves      c. ants      d. bees
44. Which of the following statements about Pliny is NOT true?  
a. he corresponded with the emperor Trajan      b. he witnessed the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius  
c. most of his published letters are fictional      d. he prided himself on his poetry
45. The Silver Age of Latin literature included all of the following EXCEPT  
a. Juvenal      b. Horace      c. Martial      d. Lucan
46. Vitruvius is the author of a treatise in ten books on the subject of  
a. architecture      b. farming      c. Stoic philosophy      d. oratory

47. Poem 66 of Catullus is an imitation of *The Lock of Berenice* written by the poet  
a. Callimachus      b. Sappho      c. Lucretius      d. Naevius
48. *Ars Poetica* is a name given to one of the letters of  
a. Cicero      b. Horace      c. Seneca      d. Pliny
49. The Carmen Arvale is important because it is  
a. the oldest surviving specimen of Latin poetry      b. the only extant example of Roman mime  
c. the first poem written by a political figure      d. the last work attributed to Horace
50. Martial is best known for his  
a. letters.      b. moral treatises.      c. didactic poetry.      d. epigrams.