

**REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2006
HEPTATHLON**

I. Customs

1. Which of these statements about slavery is **NOT** true?
 - a. A tall red cap was a sign of liberty.
 - b. A freedman took the first part of his master's name.
 - c. Manumission of slaves was not a common practice.
 - d. A freedman became the client of his former master.

2. Which of these statements about marriage and family life is **NOT** true?
 - a. The dowry was known as the sponsa.
 - b. According to custom, the minimum marriage age for girls was 12, but a betrothal could occur much earlier.
 - c. Left alone due to divorce or widowhood, a woman could usually choose her second husband.
 - d. Augustus gave special privileges to parents of three children.

3. Which of these statements about Roman clothing is **NOT** true?
 - a. An exiled senator was still allowed to wear his toga.
 - b. A toga pulla was worn in mourning or to elicit sympathy.
 - c. Lacernae and paenulae both had hoods for covering the head.
 - d. A tunica closely resembled the Greek chiton.

4. Which of the following statements about Roman street life is **NOT** true?
 - a. Every home owner was expected to maintain the sidewalk in front of his house.
 - b. The Lares Compitales guarded street crossings.
 - c. Viatores preceded important personages being carried in their litters and cleared the path of bystanders.
 - d. Vici were larger than regiones.

5. Which of these statements about the Roman army is **NOT** true?
 - a. Caesar's legions were composed of about 3600 men.
 - b. The veterani were a picked corps of re-enlisted men.
 - c. Cavalry, archers, slingers, and light spearmen were deemed auxiliaries.
 - d. The primipilus was unable to participate in the councils of war.

6. Which of these statements about "a day in the Curia" is **NOT** true?
 - a. Advocates' speeches often were timed by water clocks.
 - b. Law determined the seating positions of the senators.
 - c. Eye salve above the left eye of an advocate meant he would speak for the defendant.
 - d. The doors of the Curia stayed open so anyone could hear the proceedings.

17. In which of the following is Horace referring to his poetry?
a. carpe diem b. mirabile dictu c. monumentum aere perennius
d. aurea mediocritas
18. Which of the following mottoes might also be a good slogan for the Peace Corps?
a. dum vivimus, vivamus
b. aliquando et insanire iucundum est
c. dura lex, sed lex
d. cedant arma togae
19. The abbreviation feb. dur. would be found
a. in a medical textbook. b. in a manual of style.
c. in the obituary section of a newspaper. d. on a calendar.
20. An inventor like Alexander Graham Bell might have said this:
a. aut viam inveniam aut faciam b. fabas indulcet fames
c. abeunt studia in mores d. age quod agis
21. Who is the author of the popular excuse: “Sed non culpa mea est”?
a. Seneca b. Terence c. Ovid d. Pliny

IV. Vocabulary

22. Choose the **SYNONYM** of perdo.
a. iuvo b. potior c. redigo d. deleo
23. Choose the English word which translates consido.
a. sink b. consider c. decide d. agree
24. Choose the **ANTONYM** of proceritas.
a. latitudo b. altitudo c. similitas d. humilitas
25. Choose the Latin word which means tide.
a. aetas b. aestus c. aevitas d. aestas
26. Choose the **SYNONYM** of imago.
a. luctus b. umbra c. membrum d. astrum
27. Which of the following does **NOT** belong by meaning?
a. velox b. celer c. incitatus d. segnis
28. Which of the following does **NOT** belong by meaning?
a. vertex b. cacumen c. eximius d. fastigium

V. Derivatives

29. Which word does **NOT** belong by derivation?
a. patience b. appease c. pacific d. pay
30. Which word does **NOT** belong by derivation?
a. fine b. effigy c. fiance d. affinity
31. Choose the Latin word from which the English word “irrelevant” is derived.
a. lego b. levis c. relino d. revelo
32. Which of the following is derived from solor?
a. soldier b. consolidation c. solid d. solace
33. The invaders extirpated the inhabitants of the town.
a. destroyed them root and branch b. freed them from tyranny
c. enslaved them d. forced them to migrate
34. What is the meaning of the Latin word from which we derive “seasoning”?
a. hot b. join c. plant d. summer
35. Which word does **NOT** belong by derivation?
a. entire b. integral c. tactful d. detail

VI. History

36. Which of the following lists the emperors born in Spain?
a. Nerva, Hadrian, Marcus Aurelius b. Trajan, Antoninus Pius, Hadrian
c. Hadrian, Marcus Aurelius, Commodus d. Nerva, Trajan, Hadrian
37. Between 341 and 291 B.C., Rome waged a series of wars known as the _____ Wars.
a. Parthian b. Macedonian c. Samnite d. Social
38. The members of the First Triumvirate met at _____ in 56 to renew their agreement.
a. Luca b. Brundisium c. Mediolanum d. Misenum
39. Take the year of Hadrian’s succession, multiply it by the number of Claudius’ wives, and subtract it from the year in which Rome was founded. What is the resulting number?
a. 285 b. 320 c. 402 d. 519

40. The Second Punic War was triggered by
 - a. Hannibal's march over the Alps.
 - b. Scipio's invasion of Africa.
 - c. The attack on Syracuse by Carthage.
 - d. the seizure of Saguntum.
41. The destruction of modern-day London and Colchester by British tribesmen occurred during the reign of
 - a. Vespasian.
 - b. Claudius.
 - c. Nero.
 - d. Caligula.
42. Constantine defeated Licinius in A.D. 324 at the Battle of _____.
 - a. Halicarnassus
 - b. Issus
 - c. Cremona
 - d. Adrianople
43. The Lex Iulia of 90 B.C.
 - a. established the grain dole.
 - b. awarded Roman citizenship to the Latins.
 - c. gave the Eastern command to Sulla.
 - d. reorganized the extortion courts.

VII. Grammar

44. Translate this sentence into Latin: Caesar has been found guilty of conspiracy.
 - a. Caesar nomine coniurationis damnatus est.
 - b. Coniuratio damnata est a Caesare.
 - c. Caesar coniuratione damnat.
 - d. Nomen coniurationis Caesarem damnavit.
45. What form of the adjective caelebs agrees with muliere?
 - a. caelibia
 - b. caelibe
 - c. caelebs
 - d. caelibi
46. Which of the following does **NOT** belong grammatically?
 - a. fungor
 - b. vescor
 - c. obliviscor
 - d. fruor
47. Which of the following does **NOT** translate "We came to see our sisters"?
 - a. Venimus ad videndas sorores.
 - b. Venimus ut sorores videremus.
 - c. Venimus videndo sororum.
 - d. Venimus visum sorores.
48. Which of these prepositions does **NOT** belong grammatically?
 - a. clam
 - b. coram
 - c. citra
 - d. circiter
49. Which of the following translates correctly "I pity the fool"?
 - a. Me stulti miseret.
 - b. Stulto misereor.
 - c. Mei stultum miseret.
 - d. Stultus a me miseretur.

50. Which of the following correctly translates “Caesar built two houses for his only daughter?”
- a. Caesar solae filiae duas aedes aedificavit.
 - b. Caesar soli filiae binas aedes aedificavit.
 - c. Caesar solam filiam binis aedibus aedificavit.
 - d. Caesar soli filiae duas aedes aedificavit.