

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2012
GRAMMAR 1

Choose the word that does NOT belong grammatically

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|----------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| 1. a. bella | b. cura | c. pericula | d. capita |
| 2. a. homo | b. cibo | c. nautae | d. patri |
| 3. a. liber | b. ager | c. puer | d. iter |
| 4. a. auget | b. tenet | c. manet | d. curret |
| 5. a. ponam | b. vitam | c. legam | d. mittam |
| 6. a. sine | b. ad | c. trans | d. inter |
| 7. a. socium | b. civium | c. navium | d. urbium |
| 8. a. ramus | b. oculus | c. corpus | d. lectus |
| 9. a. filiabus | b. terris | c. artibus | d. ponis |
| 10. a. irate | b. alte | c. longe | d. forte |
| 11. a. capere | b. gerere | c. iacere | d. fugere |
| 12. a. milite | b. ducite | c. regite | d. legit |

Choose the answer which best translates the underlined word(s).

13. The tired girl ran into the farmhouse.
a. a villā b. in villā c. ad villam d. in villam
14. The farmers carried the grain in wagons.
a. carris b. in carris c. carros d. in carros
15. The slave gave the letter to his master.
a. domini b. dominum c. domino d. ad dominum
16. My concern for my brother is great.
a. fratrī b. fratri c. fratrem d. fratre
17. Marcus, carry the water into the kitchen.
a. porta b. portate c. porto d. portat
18. By the time their father returns home, the boys will have earned their reward.
a. merebant b. meruerunt c. meruerint d. meruerant
19. The Romans lived in harmony with their allies.
a. sociis b. socii c. sociorum d. cum sociis
20. A number of my friends had been seen skipping school.
a. visus erat b. videbantur c. visi erant d. videbatur

21. Where have you been, my son?
 a. meus filius b. mei fili c. mi fili d. mei filius
22. Caesar won't arrive today, will he?
 a. pervenietne b. non perveniet c. num perveniet d. nonne perveniet
23. It has been a hard day.
 a. erit b. fuit c. fuerat d. erat
24. You should be able to finish this test quickly.
 a. celere b. celeriter c. celeri d. celer
25. Gaius kept annoying his sister while she was reading.
 a. vexat b. vexabat c. vexabit d. vexaverat
26. I hope you have learned many things about the Romans this year.
 a. multos Romanorum b. multa e Romanis
 c. multos Romanis d. multa de Romanis
27. The journey to my house is short.
 a. breve b. breviter c. brevi d. brevis
28. The citizen will entrust the senator with his money.
 a. senatori b. senatorem c. senatore d. senatoris
29. Niobe cried, “Please save the life of one daughter!”
 a. una b. unus c. unius d. unam
30. I want to be a teacher when I grow up.
 a. ero b. sum c. fui d. esse

Choose the answer that best fills in the blank

31. Agricolae post bellum erant _____.
 a. laetum b. laeti c. laetae d. laeto
32. Debetis, servi, cum diligentia _____.
 a. laborant b. laboreate c. laboratis d. laborare
33. Milites in proelium _____ ducti sunt.
 a. imperatori b. ab imperatore c. imperatore d. imperatorem
34. Mox _____ munientur.
 a. oppidi b. oppido c. oppida d. oppidum
35. Quis _____ de periculō narrabit?
 a. pater b. patri c. patrem d. patris

36. Sex pueri in campo sedent. Duo discedunt. Quot manent?
 a. quinque b. quartus c. octo d. quattuor
37. Servare pecuniam _____ est.
 a. bonus b. bonum c. bonam d. bona
38. Semper, liberi, _____ inimicos vitate.
 a. tuos b. tui c. vestros d. vestri
39. Cornelia prope _____ stabat.
 a. arbor b. arbori c. arbore d. arborem
40. Victoria Caesaris _____ tenebitur.
 a. memoriā b. memoriam c. memoriae d. memoria

Questions 41 – 50 refer to the following passage:

Tarquinius, septimus rex Romanorum, erat vir iniquus. A populo Romano ex urbe expulsus est. Tarquinius contra Romanos bellum gerere cupivit et auxilium a Larte Porsena, rege Etruscorum, petivit. Porsena cum multis copiis Romam procedebat. Romani, qui de fama Porsenae audiverant, magnopere territi sunt et multi agricolae ex agris in urbem fugiebant. Urbs muris et flumine 5 munita est, sed in flumine erat pons. Mox Etrusci ponti appropinquabant. Vir fortis, Horatius Cocles, magnum periculum sensit. Cocles, qui in capite pontis positus erat, magna voce clamavit, “Cur fugitis, viri Romani? Nolite relinquere pontem. Nonne periculum sentitis? Si pontem relinquatis, hostes in urbem venient. Pontem igne et gladio delete! Contra Etruscos pugnabo et non cedam! Pons meo corpore defendetur.”

41. Identify the case and usage of *populo* (line 1)
 a. dative, indirect object b. dative, with special verbs
 c. ablative, agent d. ablative, place from which
42. The best translation of “*a Larte Porsena*” (line 2)
 a. from Lars Porsena b. by Lars Porsena c. to Lars Porsena d. about Lars Porsena
43. All of the following statements about Lars Porsena are true EXCEPT
 a. He was an Etruscan king b. He wanted to defeat Tarquinius
 c. The Romans feared him d. He led his troops to Rome
44. *Magnopere* (line 4) is an
 a. ablative of means b. ablative of manner c. infinitive d. adverb
45. Identify the case and number of *agricolae* (line 4)
 a. genitive singular b. dative singular c. nominative plural d. vocative plural
46. Identify the case and usage of *pontis* (line 6)
 a. ablative, means b. ablative, place where c. genitive, possession d. genitive, objective

47. The best translation of “*Nonne periculum sentitis?*” (line 7)
- a. Do you realize the danger?
 - b. You don’t realize the danger, do you?
 - c. Don’t you realize the danger?
 - d. Did you realize the danger?
48. The best translation of *non cedam* (line 9):
- a. Don’t yield
 - b. I will not yield
 - c. I did not yield
 - d. You will not yield
49. Which of these is NOT an ablative of means?
- a. flumine (line 4)
 - b. voce (line 6)
 - c. gladio (line 8)
 - d. corpore (line 9)
50. What does Horatius want the Romans to do?
- a. flee into the city
 - b. abandon the bridge
 - c. destroy the bridge
 - d. lure the enemy into the city