

2012 FJCL State Latin Forum Academic Decathlon

N.B. There are no marks on this test

Part I: Grammar

1. Which of the following does not belong grammatically?
a. idoneus b. egregius c. anxius d. notius
2. We kept the secret so that no one would find out.
a. ut b. nemo c. ne quis d. quin
3. Vacationem laboris accepi.
a. genitive of possession b. objective genitive
c. genitive of specification d. dative of reference
4. Would that this test were easier!
a. ubinam b. quamdiu c. utinam d. eupegae
5. The soldier knew that those enemies, who were standing beyond the wall, were fierce.
a. stetisse b. stare c. starent d. stetissent

Part II: Mythology

6. Who led the Epigoni in destroying Thebes?
a. Alcmeon b. Adrastus c. Amphiarus d. Aegialeus
7. Who finished third in the footrace on Sicily during the funeral games of Anchises?
a. Nisus b. Salius c. Mnestheus d. Euryalus
8. Which daughter of the river god Achelous was the sacred spring at Delphi?
a. Castalia b. Callirhoe c. Peirene d. Deianeria
9. Which Pythia did Heracles abduct from Delphi after she refused to speak to him?
a. Deiphobe b. Xenocleia c. Perimela d. Anteia
10. Whose daughters were captured by Agamemnon to supply his army on the way to Troy?
a. Telephus' b. Catreus' c. Lycurgus' d. Anius'

Part III: Customs

11. What type of cloak was worn by a Roman commander?
a. paludamentum b. paenula c. sagum d. abolla

12. Which aqueduct, Rome's second, was built in 272 B.C. and entered the city at the Porta Maggiore?
 a. Aqua Marcia b. Anio Vetus c. Aqua Tepula d. Aqua Virgo
13. What was the profession in ancient Rome of an amanuensis?
 a. secretary b. bodyguard c. banker d. miller
14. Which officials supervised public slave auctions?
 a. praetors b. questors c. aediles d. consuls
15. What slave was charged with keeping a Roman man's toga properly creased?
 a. capsarius b. vestiplicus c. ianitor d. vicarius

Part IV: Roman History

16. What Roman general was defeated at Lautulae in 315 B.C.?
 a. Rullianus b. Dolabella c. Papirius Cursor d. Scipio Barbatus
17. What emperor referred to himself as the reincarnation of Alexander the Great?
 a. Commodus b. Caracalla c. Nero d. Diocletian
18. Who was the first Plebeian to hold the offices of dictator and censor?
 a. L. Sextius b. Licinius Stolo c. C. Marcius Rutillus d. Pubilius Philo
19. What law of 445 B.C. granted **ius coniubii inter Patriciōs Plebēsque**?
 a. Hortensia b. Valeria c. Canuleia d. Ogulnia
20. Who placed his son Romulus Augustulus on the imperial throne in 476 A.D.?
 a. Orestes b. Ricimer c. Majorian d. Julius Nepos

Part V: Latin Literature

21. _____ is often referred to as the "Christian Cicero."
 a. Lactantius b. Jerome c. Ambrose d. Augustine
22. Which author died at Brundisium in 19 B.C.?
 a. Caesar b. Cicero c. Vergil d. Ovid
23. The author who first used Dactylic Hexameter and Elegaic Couplet was
 a. Lucilius b. Naevius c. Andronicus d. Ennius
24. The last of the great poets who, in ancient times, had an equestrian statue in the Forum of Trajan was
 a. Prudentius b. Claudian c. Eutropius d. Minucius Felix

25. Which Plautine comedy formed the basis for Shakespeare's *Comedy of Errors*?
 a. Casina b. Miles Gloriosus c. Asinaria d. Menaechmi

Part VI: Derivatives:

26. tinsel
 a. incendio b. tingo c. scintilla d. scindo
27. filagree
 a. grex b. grus c. folium d. gratus
28. repertoire
 a. reperio b. pario c. pereo d. per
29. contrition
 a. traho b. tero c. eo d. tergeo
30. bullion
 a. bilis b. bulla c. botillus d. ullus

Part VII: Vocabulary

31. erga
 a. therefore b. toward c. maybe d. because of
32. vimen
 a. twig b. strength c. whip d. post
33. facundus
 a. abundant b. lazy c. charming d. original
34. sopitus
 a. safe b. sleepy c. hungry d. stunned
35. aequor
 a. sea b. fodder c. plank d. cup

Part VIII: Mottoes

36. p.r.n.
 a. as needed b. for a brief time c. for the new thing d. never
37. festina lente
 a. wanting more b. make haste slowly c. hurry d. slow down

38. litteris dedicata et omnibus artibus
 a. New Hampshire b. Rhode Island c. Vermont d. Nebraska
39. vox clamantis in deserto
 a. Chicago b. Dartmouth c. Penn d. Pitt
40. Libenter homines id quod volunt credunt
 a. Horace b. Caesar c. Cicero d. Martial

Part IX: Geography

41. Which of the following is NOT located in Italy?
 a. Salona b. Verona c. Venusia d. Rhegium
42. The ancient city of Arausio is today called
 a. Orange b. Merida c. Nice d. Trier
43. Mediolanum : Milan :: Aquincum:
 a. Aquitaine b. Alsace c. Assisi d. Budapest
44. _____ is what the Romans called Ireland?
 a. Hibernia b. Tarraconensis c. Lusitania d. Emerita Augusta
45. Which city is farthest West?
 a. Augusta Emerita b. Heraclea c. Carthago Nova d. Aquincum

Part X: Greek Derivatives

Select the meaning of the Greek word from which the following English words are derived

46. emblem
 a. to throw b. to go c. to change d. to form
47. epitome
 a. to fall b. to speak c. to cut d. to stand
48. monolith
 a. machine b. stone c. silver d. shape
49. surgeon
 a. chart b. alchemy c. earth d. hand
50. glamorous
 a. to recognize b. to write c. to call d. to dissolve