

## History of the Monarchy and Republic FJCL State Forum 2019

**N.B.: All dates are BC.**

1. The First Triumvirate was between three powerful men **EXCEPT** \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Crassus                      B. Caesar                      C. Cicero                      D. Pompey
2. The dates of the Third Punic War:  
A. 264–241                      B. 185–182                      C. 218–201                      D. 149–146
3. In 133, Tiberius Gracchus was elected \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. praetor    B. tribune of the plebs  
C. pontifex maximus                              D. consul
4. The dates of the Second Punic War:  
A. 260–242                      B. 218–201                      C. 268–239                      D. 264–241
5. Gaius Mucius Scaevola tried to kill \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Remus                              B. Cincinnatus                      C. Lars Porsenna                      D. Horatius Cocles
6. Who used to end his speeches with the phrase *Carthago delenda est*, “Carthage must be destroyed.”  
A. Marcus Antonius    B. Cato the Elder                      C. Caesar                      D. Cicero
7. In 202, \_\_\_\_ defeated Hannibal.  
A. Scipio Africanus    B. Tiberius Gracchus    C. Aemilius Paulus                      D. Cato the Elder
8. The Second Triumvirate was between three powerful men **EXCEPT** \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Octavian                      B. Lepidus                      C. Agrippa                      D. Antony
9. Who was the first Roman to be consul seven times?  
A. Cicero                              B. Pompey                              C. Marius                              D. Caesar
10. In 52, Caesar defeated \_\_\_\_ at Alesia.  
A. Vercingetorix                      B. Ariovistus                              C. the Veneti                              D. the Morini
11. In 123, Gaius Gracchus \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. died    B. became a tribune of the plebs  
C. began his political career                      D. became a quaestor
12. In 217, Hannibal was successful at the Battle of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Lake Trasimene    B. Cannae                              C. Trebia River                              D. Zama
13. In 49, Caesar \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. crossed the Rubicon                              B. was made proconsul of Spain  
C. was elected consul the third time                      D. celebrated his “triple triumph”

14. The First Triumvirate was formed in \_\_\_\_.
- A. 60                      B. 58                      C. 54                      D. 56
15. In 67, Pompey defeated \_\_\_\_.
- A. the slaves              B. Mithradates              C. Tigranes II              D. the pirates
16. What decree urged the consuls to protect the state from any harm?
- A. Lex Canuleia                      B. Senatus Consultum Ultimum  
C. Concilium Plebis Tributum              D. Leges Licinae Sextiae
17. Crassus and Pompey were made joint consuls in \_\_\_\_ .
- A. 68                      B. 70                      C. 78                      D. 65
18. In 390, Brennus, the Gallic war chief of the Senones, said these proverbial words:
- A. Alea iacta est                      B. Carpe diem  
C. Carthago delenda est              D. Vae victis
19. Romulus was called \_\_\_\_ after death.
- A. Iulus                      B. Ascanius                      C. Quirinus                      D. Faustulus
20. Sulla did the following **EXCEPT** \_\_\_\_.
- A. led many agricultural reforms  
B. increased the number of Roman provinces to ten  
C. increased the number of senators  
D. restored the Senate's right to veto legislation passed by the Council of Plebs
21. Who marched on Rome, seized the city and, was elected consul in 88?
- A. Lucius Cornelius Sulla                      B. Publius Sculpus Rufus  
C. Gnaeus Pompeius Magnus                      D. Gaius Iulius Caesar
22. In \_\_\_\_, Caesar became pontifex maximus.
- A. 70                      B. 64                      C. 60                      D. 63
23. The flashpoint of the First Punic War was \_\_\_\_.
- A. Magna Graecia              B. Messana                      C. Carthage                      D. Brundisium
24. Who was the victorious general at the Battle of Vercellae?
- A. Masinissa                      B. Caecilius Metellus              C. Gaius Marius                      D. Gaius Gracchus
25. In 279, Pyrrhus beat the Romans at \_\_\_\_.
- A. Carthage                      B. Zela                      C. Heraclea                      D. Asculum
26. The Samnites lived in \_\_\_\_.
- A. the Alps                      B. Magna Graecia                      C. the Apennines                      D. Sicily
27. The Jugurthine War was fought between \_\_\_\_.
- A. Rome and Numidia                      B. Rome and the Seleucid Empire  
C. Rome and Carthage                      D. Gaius Marius and Lucius Cornelius Sulla

28. When Caesar won the battle of Zela, he sent back a report to Rome:  
 A. Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori    B. Alea iacta est  
 C. Dulce bellum inexpertis    D. Veni, vidi, vici
29. Spartacus with a band of his fellow gladiators, broke out of a training school at \_\_\_\_.  
 A. Capua    B. Rome    C. Brundisium    D. Ostia
30. Tarquinius Priscus began work on the \_\_\_\_.  
 A. Via Appia    B. Pons Sublicius    C. Colosseum    D. Circus Maximus
31. Caesar was killed in Rome on the Ides of March, 44, by all the following **EXCEPT** \_\_\_\_.  
 A. Brutus    B. Cassius    C. Casca    D. Pompey
32. Pompey the Great was initially called "Magnus" by \_\_\_\_.  
 A. Lucius Cornelius Sulla    B. Cornelius Nepos  
 C. Gaius Iulius Caesar    D. Gnaeus Pompeius Strabo
33. Gaius Gracchus is known for his \_\_\_\_.  
 A. calendar reform    B. land reform    C. school reform    D. monetary reform
34. Who had the nickname "Felix"?  
 A. Marcus Tullius Cicero    B. Gaius Marius  
 C. Lucius Cornelius Sulla    D. Gaius Gracchus
35. Cornelia, the mother of the Gracchi brothers, was the daughter of \_\_\_\_.  
 A. Agrippa    B. Scipio Africanus  
 C. Appius Claudius Pulcher    D. Cicero
36. The Battle of \_\_\_\_ was the decisive battle between Caesar and Pompey.  
 A. Zela    B. Pharsalus    C. Actium    D. Philippi
37. Corinth was razed in \_\_\_\_.  
 A. 156    B. 149    C. 146    D. 160
38. Gaius Marius and Cicero have all in common, **EXCEPT**:  
 A. Both were born at Arpinum.    B. Both entered politics as a *novus homo*.  
 C. Both were sons of equestrian fathers.    D. Both were elected consul multiple times.
39. What was the original name of Coriolanus?  
 A. Tarquinius Superbus    B. Servius Tullius  
 C. Gaius Marcius    D. Sulla
40. The Battle of Dyrrachium took place in \_\_\_\_.  
 A. 48    B. 50    C. 46    D. 52
41. What war lasted from 90–88?  
 A. Sertorian War    B. Social War    C. Third Punic War    D. Second Servile War

42. In 81, Sulla was appointed dictator under the \_\_\_\_.
- A. Lex Gabinia      B. Lex Manilia      C. Lex Titia      D. Lex Valeria
43. Who claimed to receive secret instructions from a white fawn given to him by Diana?
- A. Marcus Perperna      B. Lucius Appuleius Saturninus  
C. Quintus Sertorius      D. Marcus Aemilius Lepidus
44. Pliny the Elder thought Pompey was quite equal to \_\_\_\_.
- A. Alexander the Great      B. Themistocles  
C. Philip II      D. Pericles
45. Battle of Philippi occurred in \_\_\_\_.
- A. 41      B. 39      C. 40      D. 42
46. The dates of the Third Servile War:
- A. 54-55      B. 69-67      C. 81-77      D. 73-71
47. The dates of the Jugurthine War:
- A. 118-109      B. 150-148      C. 105-101      D. 111-106
48. Complete the analogy: Punic Wars : three :: Macedonian Wars : \_\_\_\_.
- A. three      B. four      C. five      D. two
49. To restore order in Rome, Pompey was made sole consul in 52. In the course of the summer, he took \_\_\_\_ as his consular colleague.
- A. Messalla Rufus      B. Claudius Marcellus  
C. Metellus Scipio      D. Lentulus Spinther
50. What tribune, backed by the nobles, repeatedly vetoed Tiberius Gracchus's legislation?
- A. Appius Claudius Pulcher      B. Publius Cornelius Scipio Africanus  
C. Marcus Fulvius Flaccus      D. Marcus Octavius