

1. Differentiate in meaning between **maritus** and **mare**.
HUSBAND and SEA
B1 Differentiate in meaning between **mons** and **mens**.
MOUNTAIN and MIND
B2 Differentiate in between **mensa** and **mensis**.
TABLE and MONTH
2. What Muse was the mother of Linus and Orpheus?
CALLIOPE
B1 What Muse of history was the mother of Hyacinthus?
CLIO
B2 Who was the Muse of comedy?
THALLIA
3. At what battle of 280 BC did Romans first encounter elephants?
HERACLEA
B1 What year was Beneventum, the last battle Rome fought against Pyrrhus?
275 BC
B2 Who was the Roman general at Beneventum?
CURIUS DENTATUS
4. Say in Latin “this new day”.
HIC NOVUS DIES
B1 Change “hic novus dies” to the ablative singular.
HOC NOVO DIE
B2 Change “hoc novo die” to the plural.
HIS NOVIS DIEBUS
5. In what modern country would you find the towns of Lugdunum, Massilia, Arausio, and Lutetia?
FRANCE
B1 What is the modern name for Lugdunum?
LYONS
B2 What is the modern name for Arausio?
ORANGE

6. What Sabine king co-ruled with Romulus?
TITUS TATIUS
B1 What was Romulus' name after he was deified?
QUIRINUS
B2 What highest individual military honor was Romulus the first to receive?
SPOLIA OPIMA
7. Recently the Olympics changed its Latin motto. What is the new Latin motto of the Olympics?
CITIUS ALTIUS FORTIUS COMMUNITER
B1 Translate that motto.
FASTER HIGHER STRONGER TOGETHER
B2 The second modern Olympics took place in Paris. What is the Latin and English for the motto of Paris?
FLUCTUAT NEC MERGITUR- SHE IS TOSSED ABOUT BUT DOES NOT SINK
8. Which of the following does not have the same Latin root as the others: conceal, cellulose, celerity, cellar?
CELERITY
B1 What verb with what meaning is at the root of conceal, cellulose, and cellar?
CELO-TO HIDE
B2 What derivative of celo means "matters regarded as involving the action or influence of supernatural or supernormal powers or some secret knowledge of them"?
OCCULT
9. Translate into English "Commode, fer frumentum!"
COMMODUS, BRING/CARRY THE GRAIN
B1 Now translate "Commode, noli necare illum virum"?
COMMODUS, DON'T KILL THAT MAN
B2 Now translate "Commodum necemus!?"
LET'S KILL COMMODUS
10. Odysseus traveled to the Underworld to get advice from what Theban seer?
TEIRESIAS
B1 Who blinded Teiresias as punishment for siding with Zeus in an argument she and Zeus were having?
HERA
B2 According to another tradition, Teiresias was blinded because he saw what goddess bathing?
ATHENA

1. What emperor granted citizenship to every free person in the Empire?
CARACALLA
B1 Who was the praetorian prefect who assassinated Caracalla in 217 AD?
MACRINUS
B2 In what year did Caracalla enfranchise all free persons in the Empire?
212 AD
2. Who is the author of the quote “carpe diem”?
HORACE
B1 Give the full Latin for that quote.
CARPE DIEM QUAM MINIMUM CREDULA POSTERO
B2 In what work of Horace is this quote found?
ODES
3. What is the meaning of the Latin verb at the root of lotion, laundry, lava, and lavatory?
TO WASH
B1 What English verb, meaning “to diminish the strength, flavor, or brilliance of something” is a derivative of lavo?
DILUTE
B2 What English adjective, meaning “marked by excess” is derived from lavo?
LAVISH
4. Who tried to get out of service in the Trojan War by pretending to be crazy?
ODYSSEUS
B1 Who saw through Odysseus’ ruse and made him reveal his sanity?
PALAMEDES
B2 According to some versions, Odysseus and what son of Tydeus murdered Palamedes while he was fishing?
DIOMEDES
5. What is the present passive infinitive for the verb vivo?
VIVI
B1 What is the perfect active infinitive for vivo?
VIXISSE
B2 Change vixisse to the future
VICTURUM ESSE

6. Who in Roman society would have a sarcina, pugio, cingulum, galea, and caligae?
SOLDIERS
- B1 What was a sarcina?
CLOAK/BLANKET
- B2 What was the original difference between a **cassis** and **galea**?
CASSIS=METAL, GALEA=LEATHER
7. Give the Latin for “working” in the following sentence: “The working teacher really wants a day off.”
LABORANS
- B1 Change **laborans** to the plural so that it would agree with “teachers”.
LABORANTES
- B2 Change **laborantes** to the neuter keeping case and number the same.
LABORANTIA
8. What third declension noun would be an antonym for vir?
UXOR
- B1 What first declension noun would be an antonym for ignis?
AQUA
- B2 What first declension noun would be an antonym for sol?
LUNA
9. What barbarian king was stopped by a combined force of Romans and Visigoths at the Battle of Catalaunian Plains in 451 AD?
ATTILA THE HUN
- B1 Who was the Roman commander at that battle?
(FLAVIUS) AETIUS
- B2 What Western Roman emperor assassinated Aetius in 453 AD?
VALENTINIAN III
10. Who killed Cercyon, Phaea, Pityocampes, and Sciron on his journey from Troezen to Athens?
THESEUS
- B1 What king of Skyros killed Theseus by pushing him off a cliff?
LYCOMEDES
- B2 What later Greek hero was hidden at Lycomedes’ court by his mother, Thetis, so that he might avoid dying at Troy?
ACHILLES

1. What was the collective name for Gyges, Cottus, and Briareus?
HECATONCHEIRES
B1 What was the collective name for Stheno, Euryale, and Medusa?
GORGONS
B2 What was the collective name of Deino, Enyo, and Pemphredo?
GRAIAI
2. What was the Romans' name for the modern city of Cartagena?
CARTAGO NOVA
B1 What do we call the Roman city of Olisipo?
LISBON
B2 What did the Romans call modern day Cadiz?
GADES
3. **Quid Anglice significat "frango"?**
TO BREAK
B1 **Quid Anglice significat "tango"?**
TO TOUCH
B2 **Quid Anglice significat "posco"?**
TO DEMAND
4. What battle of 197 BC proved the tactical superiority of the Roman legion over the Greek phalanx?
CYNOCEPHELAE
B1 What enemy king of Rome was defeated at the battle?
PHILIP V
B2 Who was the Roman commander?
FLAMININUS
5. Change facilis into an adverb?
FACILITER
B1 Make facilater comparative
FACILIUS
B2 Make facilius superlative
FACILLIME

6. What was the job of a slave known as an *ostiarius*?
DOORKEEPER
B1 What name was given to the property of a slave?
PECULIUM
B2 What were slaves born in the household, rather than captured called?
VERNAE
7. What English adjective meaning “skillful with one’s hands” comes from the Latin adjective meaning “right”?
DEXTROUS/ ADROIT (comes from *directus*)
B1 What English adjective meaning “evil” comes from the Latin adjective meaning “left”?
SINISTER
B2 What English adjective meaning “distinctly perceived” comes from the Latin noun meaning “hand”?
MANIFEST
8. Who rescued a Trojan princess from a sea monster, on the condition that they received some of Laomedon’s horses?
HERACLES
B1 Who was the Trojan princess Heracles rescued?
HESIONE
B2 Why had Zeus given Laomedon the horses that Heracles wanted?
PAYMENT FOR GANYMEDE
9. Of the four emperors of 69 AD, who was declared emperor by Caecina and Fabius Valens in Cologne, Germany?
VITELLIUS
B1 At what battle did Vitellius defeat Otho?
CREMONA
B2 Who overcame Vitellius’ forces at Bedriacum and thus succeeded Vitellius as emperor?
VESPASIAN
10. Using the verb **peto** translate the dependent clause in the following sentence: *The barbarians come at night in order to attack the city.*
UT URBEM PETANT
B1 Now translate the dependent clause in this sentence, again using **peto**: *The barbarians came at night in order to attack the city.*
UT URBEM PETERENT
B2: Now translate the dependent clause in this sentence, again using **peto**: *We are afraid that the barbarians are attacking the city.*
NE BARBARI URBEM PETANT

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1. Translate “Gauls” in the following sentence into Latin: **Caesar was informed that the Gauls had attacked the winter camp.**

GALLOS

- B1 Translate “for many days” in the following sentence into Latin: **Caesar and his legions marched for many days to reach Gaul**

MULTOS DIES

- B2 Translate “on the fifth day” in this sentence **On the fifth day, they arrived in Gaul.**

QUINTO DIE

2. As you may know, Poseidon vied with Athena for patronage of Athens, but what goddess did he compete with for patronage of Argos?

HERA

- B1 What god, the father of Circe and Phaethon, competed with Poseidon for patronage of Corinth?

HELIOS

- B2 Of what Aegean island, famous for its massive statue, was Helios also the patron god?

RHODES

3. Transfer of command against what eastern king to Marius led Sulla to march on Rome in 88 BC?

MITHRIDATES (VI)

- B1 What tribune of 88 proposed the transfer of command?

P. SULPICIUS RUFUS

- B2 What law of 66 BC gave command of the Third Mithridatic War to Pompey?

LEX MANILIA

4. Give the dictionary entry for the verb meaning *to rejoice*.

GAUDEO,
GAUDERE, GAVISUS SUM

- B1 Give the dictionary entry for the verb meaning *to dare*

AUDEO, AUDERE, AUSUS SUM

- B2 Give the dictionary entry for the verb meaning *to be accustomed*.

SOLEO, SOLERE, SOLITUS SUM

5. What did it mean when a Roman had an agnomen ending in -anus?

THEY WERE ADOPTED

- B1 Name one of the praenomina associated with Mars.

MARCUS, MAMERCUS

- B2 Name the other

MARCUS, MAMERCUS

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6. Complete the following Latin quote “rident stolidi _____”.

VERBA LATINA

B1 Who is the author of that quote?

OVID

B2 That quote is from Book 5 of which of Ovid’s works, written while he was in exile?

TRISTIA

7. What emperor, born in 10 BC, was the first emperor to be born outside of Italy?

CLAUDIUS

B1 In what city in Gaul was Claudius born?

LUGDUNUM

B2 What later emperor was also born in Lugdunum in 188 AD?

CARACALLA

8. What use of the ablative is found in the following sentence “**piratis punitis, Pompeius ad portum properavit**”

ABLATIVE ABSOLUTE

B1 Translate that sentence into English

WITH THE PIRATES HAVING BEEN PUNISHED, POMPEY HURRIED TO THE PORT.

B2 Translate this sentence into Latin, using an ablative absolute: “Since the port was full, Pompey attacked more pirates”

PORTU PLENO, POMPEIUS PLUS PIRATARUM PETIVIT

9. Who was turned to stone by Perseus after he tried to claim Andromeda as his bride?

PHINEUS

B1 What Titan did Perseus turn to stone as he was traveling in North Africa

ATLAS

B2 What king of Tiryns, the brother of Acrisius and husband of Stheneboeia, did Perseus turn to stone, according to Ovid?

PROETUS

10. What derivative for the Latin word for salt means “fixed compensation paid regularly for services”?

SALARY

B1 What derivative for the Latin word for salt means “a condiment or relish used for food”?

SAUCE

B2 What derivative for the Latin word for salt means “highly seasoned minced meat usually stuffed into casings”?

SAUSAGE

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11. Which of the following was not located at least partially on the Italian peninsula: Via Appia, Via Aemilia, Via Flaminia, Via Egnatia, Via Aurelia?

VIA EGNATIA

B1 What city, site of a battle between Caesar and Pompey in 48 BC was one terminus of the Via Egnatia?

DYRRACHIUM

B2 What city was the other terminus?

BYZANTIUM/CONSTANTINOPLE

12. Give the dative of the phrase “one bold dog”?

UNI AUDACI CANI

B1 Change that to the plural, so that it says “two bold dogs”.

DUOBUS/DUABUS AUDACIBUS CANIBUS

B2 Change that to the genitive

DUORUM/DUARUM AUDACIUM CANIUM

13. The bones of Pelops, the bow of Heracles, the Palladium, and the son of Achilles were all requirements for what event?

THE FALL OF TROY

B1 Philoctetes possessed the bow of Heracles at the time of the Trojan War. On what island had the Greeks abandoned him due to a festering snakebite?

LEMNOS

B2 Who cure Philoctetes when he arrived at Troy?

MACHAON or PODALEIRIUS

14. Quid Anglice significat: “fulmen”

LIGHTNING

B1 Quid Anglice significat: “imber”

RAIN

B2 Quid Anglice significat: “nix”

SNOW

15. What law of 445 BC allowed plebians and patricians to marry?

LEX CANULEIA

B1 What law of 367 BC gave plebians the ability to become consul?

LEX LICINIA SEXTIA

B2 What law of 287 made the plebiscita binding on all citizens?

LEX HORTENSIA