

FJCL REGIONAL FORUM 2022
HELLENIC HISTORY

N.B. All dates are BC.

1. In what year did Alexander the Great die?

- a.) 322 b.) 323 c.) 324 d.) 325

2. Socrates died in the year 399 after consuming _____.

- a.) hemlock b.) dogbane c.) arsenic d.) unspecified poison

3. The Peloponnesian War was primarily fought between Athens and _____.

- a.) Argos b.) Persia c.) Macedonia d.) Sparta

4. Which Spartan leader died valiantly at the Battle of Thermopylae?

- a.) Lysander b.) Lycurgus c.) Leonidas d.) Leotychidas

5. Which of the following happened first chronologically?

- a.) Battle of Thermopylae c.) Battle of Artemisium
b.) Battle of Platea d.) Battle of Marathon

6. In which Greek city-state did women enjoy the most freedom?

- a.) Sparta b.) Thebes c.) Corinth d.) Athens

7. Who succeeded Darius the Great in the Persian conflict against the Greek city-states in 485?

- a.) Darius III b.) Cyrus c.) Xerxes d.) Artaxerxes

8. In 430 a devastating plague wiped out approximately _____ of the population in Athens.

- a.) 10% b.) 15% c.) 20% d.) 25%

9. Among the victims of this plague was the Athenian statesman, _____, who had been elected *strategos* for fifteen consecutive years.

- a.) Ephialtes b.) Alcibiades c.) Cimon d.) Pericles

10. The Theban victory at the Battle of _____ ended Spartan hegemony in the year 371.

- a.) Mantinea b.) Leuctra c.) Cunaxa d.) Cyzicus

11. Philip II experienced harsh opposition from the Athenian orator _____.

- a.) Aeschines b.) Lysias c.) Demosthenes d.) Isocrates

12. In 356 Alexander of the Great was born to Philip II and _____.

- a.) Aspasia b.) Roxane c.) Olympias d.) Cleopatra

13. Which of the following was the final battle fought between Alexander the Great and Darius III?
a.) Gaugamela b.) Granicus c.) Issus d.) Chaeronea
14. After which conflict was the Delian League instituted?
a.) Sacred War b.) Persian War c.) Peloponnesian War d.) Samian War
15. Which of the following happened first chronologically?
a.) the first Olympic games were held c.) Cypselus became tyrant of Corinth
b.) Draco established Athenian law code d.) Syracuse was founded by Corinth
16. Which kingdom did Croesus rule that was subsequently destroyed when he attacked Persia in 547?
a.) Thessaly b.) Medea c.) Lydia d.) Thrace
17. Whom did Harmodius and Aristogiton assassinate in 514?
a.) Hippocrates b.) Hipparchus c.) Hippias d.) Herodotus
18. Who crafted the ostracisms of Megacles, Xanthippus, and Aristides?
a.) Miltiades b.) Callimachus c.) Themistocles d.) Cleisthenes
19. Who led the March of the Ten Thousand out of Persian lands and later wrote an account of the event?
a.) Agasias b.) Xenophon c.) Anaxibius d.) Dexippus
20. Who negotiated the peace with Persia in 449?
a.) Callimachus b.) Callias c.) Nicias d.) Nicomedes
21. Who was responsible for the overthrow of the Thirty Tyrants in Athens?
a.) Conon b.) Thrasybulus c.) Critias d.) Theramenes
22. Which of the following was NOT a king of Sparta?
a.) Charilaus b.) Cleombrotus c.) Cleon d.) Cleomenes
23. The earliest attested victory of the Sacred Band of Thebes occurred at the Battle of _____.
a.) Leuctra b.) Tegyra c.) Chaeronea d.) Cadmea
24. The Athenians enslaved the inhabitants of _____ and put to death all the men of military age.
a.) Melos b.) Mytilene c.) Mantinea d.) Medea
25. Spartan serfs were called _____.
a.) helots b.) metics c.) hoplites d.) ephors

26. To where did Hippias, the last of the Athenian tyrants, flee?

- a.) Persia b.) Lydia c.) Macedonia d.) Eretria

27. What is a *satrap*?

- a.) senior Spartan magistrate c.) Athenian general
b.) heavily armed Greek soldier d.) Persian governor

28. Cleandridas was an advisor for which Spartan king?

- a.) Pleistarchus b.) Pleistoanax c.) Pausanias d.) Agesipolis I

29. With support from Megara, _____ attempted a coup in Athens in 632.

- a.) Isagoras b.) Megacles c.) Cylon d.) Theagenes

30. Epidamnus was a colony founded by colonists from which Corinthian colony in 627?

- a.) Corcyra b.) Actium c.) Naucratis d.) Potidaea

31. The Spartan general assembly was known as the _____.

- a.) Gerousia b.) Ecclesia c.) Apella d.) Boule

32. The Alcmaeonid reformer _____ is credited with having established democracy in Athens in 508.

- a.) Solon b.) Cleisthenes c.) Pericles d.) Draco

33. Thales of _____ was one of the Seven Sages of Greece.

- a.) Mytilene b.) Lindos c.) Priene d.) Miletus

34. Who commanded the Persian forces at Marathon?

- a.) Datis b.) Mardonius c.) Xanthippus d.) Artemisia

35. The Third Sacred War was fought primarily between _____ and _____.

- a.) Megara, Phocis c.) Corinth, Megara
b.) Thebes, Corinth d.) Phocis, Thebes

36. The wars were called the Sacred Wars because they were all fought over control of _____.

- a.) Olympia b.) Nemea c.) Delphi d.) Isthmia

37. It is said that Alexander the Great most admired the hero _____.

- a.) Achilles b.) Odysseus c.) Theseus d.) Hercules

38. Whom did Alexander the Great kill in a drunken rage?

- a.) Hephaestion b.) Cleitus c.) Philotas d.) Parmenio

39. What was the cause of the delay of the Sicilian expedition?
a.) thunderstorm b.) earthquake c.) solar eclipse d.) lunar eclipse
40. What league started as a religious alliance to protect sacred lands and temples, especially those of Delphi?
a.) Amphictyonic b.) Delian c.) Bottiaean d.) Chrysaorian
41. According to Thucydides all of the following belonged to the Ionian League EXCEPT?
a.) Miletus b.) Ephesus c.) Naxos d.) Samos
42. The _____ Archers were said to have been a group of roughly 300 slaves who served as a police force in Athens during the 5th and 4th century.
a.) Bactrian b.) Sarmatian c.) Cimmerian d.) Scythian
43. Theron of Acragas was a tyrant in Sicily as well as an Olympic victor in which contest?
a.) boxing b.) pentathlon c.) wrestling d.) chariot racing
44. What Syracusan tyrant defeated the Carthaginians at Himera in 480?
a.) Dionysius I b.) Dionysius II c.) Gelon d.) Hiero
45. Brasidas, one of Sparta's most distinguished generals, died at the Battle of _____.
a.) Pylos b.) Amphipolis c.) Lyncestis d.) Syme
46. Which tyrant of Pherae was defeated by the Thebans at Cynoscephalae in 364?
a.) Jason b.) Alexander c.) Polydorus d.) Lycophron I
47. At which battle in 401 was Cyrus the Younger killed?
a.) Sybota b.) Arginusae c.) Sardis d.) Cunaxa
48. Which Greek ruler did Plato attempt to turn into a "philosopher-king"?
a.) Dionysius I b.) Dionysius II c.) Dion d.) Callipus
49. Athens signed the Peace of Nicias with what other state?
a.) Sparta b.) Persia c.) Thebes d.) Argos
50. Who reported the victory at the Battle of Marathon to Athens?
a.) Pheidippides b.) Ephialtes c.) Alcibiades d.) Themistocles