

**Hellenic History**  
**2023 FJCL Regional Forum**

**N.B.** All dates are **B.C.**

1. Which leader divided the Athenians into 10 new tribes, created the Boule, and is credited with founding democracy?  
A. Solon                      B. Pisistratus                      C. Cleisthenes                      D. Pericles
2. What king of Lydia was told by the Delphic oracle that, if he invaded the Persian Empire, a mighty empire would fall?  
A. Croesus                      B. Dionysius                      C. Xerxes                      D. Philip
3. What was the name of rigorous system of training and education in which Spartan boys were required to participate?  
A. Ephebeia                      B. Agoge                      C. Aristeia                      D. Syssitia
4. What does the Greek term “medize” mean?  
A. To join the Persians                      B. To meditate on philosophy  
C. To vote in the assembly                      D. To work in the marketplace
5. What Athenian politician tried to warn the Athenians about the threat posed by the growing power of Philip and Macedonia?  
A. Aeschines                      B. Isocrates                      C. Philocrates                      D. Demosthenes
6. What was the name of the governing council of ancient Sparta?  
A. Senate                      B. Ecclesia                      C. Gerousia                      D. Areopagus
7. Who seized power in Corinth around 650 and made himself tyrant of Corinth?  
A. Cypselus                      B. Pisistratus                      C. Lycurgus                      D. Solon
8. What was the oligarchy set up at Athens after the Peloponnesian War called?  
A. The Thirty Tyrants                      B. The Ten Thousand  
C. The Four Hundred                      D. The Ten
9. At what battle of c. 650 did Pheidon, tyrant of Argos, defeat the Spartans?  
A. Tanagra                      B. Gaugamela                      C. Marathon                      D. Hysiae
10. What reform introduced by the Athenian lawgiver Solon ended enslavement for debt?  
A. Synoikismos                      B. Seisachtheia                      C. Symposium                      D. Syntaxis

11. What name is given to the inhabitants of Crete during the Bronze Age?  
A. Ionians                      B. Melians                      C. Minoans                      D. Mycenaeans
12. What region of Greece did Olympias, the mother of Alexander the Great, come from?  
A. Arcadia                      B. Epirus                      C. Thessaly                      D. Thrace
13. What was the penalty for a citizen who was ostracized by the Athenians?  
A. Exile for 10 years                      B. Crucifixion  
C. Slavery                      D. Ten-day home isolation
14. Who was responsible for establishing the Persian Empire?  
A. Croesus                      B. Cyrus                      C. Demaratus                      D. Xerxes
15. What city in the Persian empire did the Athenians sack and burn during the Ionian Revolt?  
A. Babylon                      B. Miletus                      C. Tyre                      D. Sardis
16. What was the name given to Greek infantrymen who wore heavy armor, were armed with spears, and fought in a phalanx?  
A. Hoplites                      B. Helots                      C. Hippeis                      D. Toxotai
17. Who convinced the Athenians to use revenues from their silver mines to build a new fleet?  
A. Aristides                      B. Cimon                      C. Leonidas                      D. Themistocles
18. What happened to the Spartan king Leonidas at the battle of Thermopylae?  
A. He was captured and tortured by Xerxes  
B. He died fighting with his fellow Spartans  
C. He escaped by disguising himself as a slave  
D. He committed suicide to prevent his capture and imprisonment
19. Who was responsible for expelling the tyrant Hippias from Athens in 510?  
A. Argives                      B. Corinthians                      C. Spartans                      D. Thebans
20. How many members did the Boule created by Cleisthenes at Athens include?  
A. 10                      B. 50                      C. 100                      D. 500

21. What historian wrote an account of the Persian Wars?  
A. Aeschylus      B. Herodotus      C. Thucydides      D. Xenophon
22. What Athenian politician was credited with reducing the powers of the Areopagus in 462/1?  
A. Cimon      B. Cleon      C. Ephialtes      D. Pericles
23. What peace treaty, thought to have been signed in 449, ended fighting between Athens and Persia?  
A. Peace of Callias      B. Peace of Nicias  
C. Thirty Years Peace      D. King's Peace
24. Whose fleet, commanded by the Athenian Conon, defeated the Spartans at the battle of Cnidus in 394?  
A. Athens      B. Corinth      C. Egypt      D. Persia
25. Where was the treasury of the Delian League moved to in 454?  
A. Athens      B. Delos      C. Delphi      D. Sparta
26. Whose forces did the Syracusan tyrant Gelon defeat at the battle of Himera?  
A. Carthage      B. Persia      C. Sparta      D. Taras
27. What Athenian general was accused of mutilating statues of the god Hermes just before the Sicilian expedition of 415?  
A. Alcibiades      B. Cleon      C. Nicias      D. Theramenes
28. In what year did Thucydides' *History of the Peloponnesian War* end?  
A. 431      B. 421      C. 411      D. 404
29. What region did the Spartans conquer in the 8<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> centuries, forcing its inhabitants to become helots?  
A. Macedonia      B. Messenia      C. Thessaly      D. Delphi
30. What neutral island did the Athenians attack in 416, killing its men and enslaving its women and children after its capture?  
A. Crete      B. Melos      C. Naxos      D. Sicily
31. What was the name of Alexander's first wife?  
A. Roxane      B. Olympias      C. Stateira      D. Cleopatra

32. What Spartan commander defeated the Athenian navy at Aegospotami in 405?  
A. Archidamus      B. Agesilaus      C. Gylippus      D. Lysander
33. At what battle did the Thebans defeat the Spartans and end the Spartan hegemony in Greece?  
A. Issus      B. Leuctra      C. Cunaxa      D. Mantinea
34. What Greek city-state founded and led the Delian League after the Persian Wars?  
A. Athens      B. Corinth      C. Delos      D. Samos
35. What Persian attempted to overthrow his brother and make himself king by leading an army of Greek mercenaries into the Persian empire?  
A. Artaxerxes      B. Darius      C. Cyrus      D. Xerxes
36. In what year was the Theban general Epaminondas killed, ending the Theban hegemony?  
A. 404      B. 378      C. 362      D. 356
37. Where was Philip II of Macedonia held as a hostage as a child, where he also learned innovative military tactics?  
A. Athens      B. Persia      C. Sparta      D. Thebes
38. At what battle did the Theban Sacred Band fight to the death, so that all its members were killed?  
A. Chaeronea      B. Cynoscephalae      C. Granicus      D. Leuctra
39. Who was condemned and executed by the Athenians in 399, on the charge that he was "corrupting the young"?  
A. Plato      B. Socrates      C. Aristotle      D. Zeno
40. What city sent a small force to assist the Athenians at the battle of Marathon in 490?  
A. Corinth      B. Plataea      C. Sparta      D. Thebes
41. Where did the Battle of the Hydaspes river, where Alexander defeat king Porus, take place?  
A. Persia      B. Mesopotamia      C. India      D. Asia Minor

42. What Spartan leader enjoyed several successes over the Athenians until he was killed at the battle of Amphipolis?  
A. Archidamus      B. Brasidas      C. Gylippus      D. Lysander
43. Whose bones did the oracle at Delphi instruct the Spartans to recover in order to conquer Tegea?  
A. Achilles      B. Agamemnon      C. Menelaus      D. Orestes
44. What Greek term was used to describe the founder of a Greek colony?  
A. oecist      B. tyrannos      C. archon      D. strategos
45. What event marked the transformation of the Delian League into the Athenian empire?  
A. Removal of its treasury to Athens      B. Battle of Marathon  
C. Death of Xerxes      D. Defeat of Aegina
46. What legendary figure is credited with creating the Spartan constitution?  
A. Cleisthenes      B. Theseus      C. Menelaus      D. Lycurgus
47. Conflict between Corinth and what city, one of its colonies, contributed to the outbreak of the Peloponnesian War?  
A. Thebes      B. Athens      C. Corcyra      D. Megara
48. Where was Alexander recognized as the son of Zeus Ammon?  
A. Alexandria      B. Siwah      C. Delphi      D. Babylon
49. When did Pisistratus first try to make himself tyrant of Athens?  
A. 594      B. 560      C. 445      D. 528
50. Who killed Cylon after he seized the Acropolis and tried to make himself tyrant in Athens?  
A. Solon      B. Draco      C. Pisistratus      D. Megacles