## FJCL State Latin Forum 2005 Roman Empire History

## N.B. All dates are A.D. (C. E.) unless otherwise noted

1. W	hich Visigothic king a. Arbogast	sacked Rome b. Ricimer		ttila	d. Alaric
2. Cc	onstantine the Great	founded his o	capital of the	Eastern Roman	Empire on the site
	of what earlier tow a. Babylon		c. B	yzantium	d. Corinth
3. Th	ne young Nero's tuto a. Petronius	rs included: b. Seneca	c. A	aristotle	d. Fronto
4. Ca	aligula planned but d a. Armenia	lid not carry b. Dacia	out an invasi c. B	on of; ritain	d. Palmyra
5. W	What emperor was for	rced to subdu	ie a serious J	ewish rebellion	in Cyrenaica which
	began in 115? a. Trajan	b. Marcus	Aurelius	c. Gallienus	d. Julienus
6. W	Which dynasty came in a. Severan	first ? b. Julio-Cla	udian	c. Antonine	d. Flavian
7. Tl	ne emperor who bro state religion by cl pagan worship wa a. Constantine	osing all paga is:	ın temples an	nd forbidding pu	f Christianity as the ablic and private d. Constantius II
8. W	That mother of an em Antioch after cons a. Pulcheria d. Galla Placida	piring agains			was ordered to leave a Domna
9. W	That was the battle in a. Hadrianople	which tthe e b. Teutobe	mperor Valer erg Forest	ns was killed in c. Palmyra	378? d. Edessa
10.	The empress Licinia l sacked Rome in: a. 410 b. 45		carried away 55 d. 4		ter the Vandals
11.	The last Antonine en a. Antoninus Pius	nperor was: b. Comr	nodus c	. Lucius Verus	d. Julian
12.	What able general w in-law Tacitus)? a. Belisarius	as well know b. Corbul		er in Britain (as Agricola	described by his son- d. Otho

13.	Gaius Calpurnius Piso formed a conspiracy in 65 to assassinate the emperor: a. Tiberius b. Nero c. Commodus d. Caligula				
14.	Who was the most infamous leader of the Huns? a. Attila b. Alaric c. Gaiseric d. Stilicho				
15.	What emperor engineered the death of his mother? a. Caligula b. Claudius c. Caracalla d. Nero				
16.	The emperormade his sister Drusilla a goddess. a. Caligula b. Commodus c. Vitellius d. Elagabalus				
17.	The stationing of the praetorian guard in a camp at the edge of the city was the idea of:				
	a. Tigellinus b. Narcissus c. Sejanus d. Macro				
18.	The war for the reconquest of Judaea was begun byand completed by  a. Vespasian/Cestius Gallus				
19.	At what battle did Constantine face and defeat his rival Maxentius in 312?  a. Margus River b. Mutina c. Pharsalus d. Milvian Bridge				
20.	The year in which Diocletian and Maximian retired peacefullyand passed their power to their Caesars was:  a. 305  b. 311  c. 313  d. 317				
21.	Which Julio-Claudian is <u>not</u> correctly paired with his wife?  a. Caligula/Caesonia b. Augustus/Livia c. Claudius/Messalina d. Nero/Agrippina the Younger				
22.	Which of the following emperors was praetorian prefect before he was emperor? a. Otho b. Titus c. Vitellius d. Nerva				
23.	New imperial officials under Hadrian ,whose task was to collect overdue debts for the treasury were the:  a. agentes in rebus b. advocati fisci c. publicani d. sexviri monetales				
24.	A false report of the death of Marcus Aurelius in 175 sparked a revolt by: a. Avidius Cassius b. Pertinax c. Lucius Sejanus d. Commodus				
25.	Which of these emperors had the shortest reign? a. Titus b. Nerva c. Otho d. Vitellius				
26.	Julia Maesa and Julia Domna were famous women married to thedynasty. a. Antonines b. Julio-Claudians c. Flavians d. Severans				

27.	Roman citizenship was extended to all free provincials of the empire by: a. Lex Vatinia b. Res Gestae c. Constitutio Antoniana d. Lex Papia Poppaea
28.	The Roman emperor who was killed by the fumes of a brazier in his tent was:  a. Valentinian b. Jovian c. Julian the Apostate d. Constans
29.	Augustus numbered the years of his reign by the number of years he held:  a. the name "Caesar" b. the consulship  c. the tribunica potestas d. the maius imperium
30.	Septimius Severus deffeated his rival at Issus in 194.  a. Clodius Albinus b. Pertinax c. Pescennius Niger d. Didius Julianus
31.	Augustus kept the praetorian prefects under control by limiting them to men of equestrian rank and:  a. by limiting them to a term of one year  b. by having two of them  c. by recruiting themfrom outside of Italy  d. by forbidding them to marry
32.	Constantine put to death his own son, for plotting against him.  a. Constantius II b. Constans c. Crispus d. Constantius I
33.	The real power behind Theodosius II was his sister: a. Aelia Eudoxia b. Pulcheria c. Julia Mammaea d. Galla Placida
34.	The youngest person ever made emperor was:  a. Octavian b. Nero c. Theodosius II d. Valentinian III
35.	The emperor who partially financed the Marcomanni War by the auction of imperial property and furniture of imperial palaces was:  a. Marcus Aurelius b. Hadrian c. Didius Julianus d. Claudius Gothicus
36.	The praetorian prefect who was executed under Septimius Severus was: a. Papinianus b. Plautianus c. Tigellinus d. Macro
37.	Which of the following was <u>not</u> one of Claudius' freedmen?  a. Narcissus b. Pallas c. Epaphroditus d. Callistus
38.	What emperor was enticed to a conference and taken prisoner by the Persian emperor Shapur I ca. 260?  a. Valerian b. Valentinian c. Vitellius d. Jovian
39.	Zenobia and the city of Palmyra revolted against Roman rule in the name of her infant son: a. Odaenathus b. Vaballathus c. Agron d. Sapor II

40.	a. 117 b. 193 c. 258 d. 286
41.	The emperor who reorganized the empire into eastern and western halves ruled by Caesars and Augusti was:  a. Constantine  b. Theodosius II c. Diocletian d. Trajan
42.	Julia Maesa was the real power behind the throne during the reign of :  a. Elagabalus b. Alexander Severus c. Gordian III d. Theodosius II
43.	The emperor in the <b>east</b> when Rome fell in 476 was: a. Zeno b. Leo c. Glycerius d. Athemius
44.	Who were the Caesars under Diocletian? a. Galerius & Maximian b. Constantius & Constans c. Constantius & Galerius d. Constans & Galerius
45.	The emperor who took his own life after the battle of Cremona was: a. Galba b. Otho c. Vitellius d. Vespasian
46.	The relationship of Marcellus, Augustus' first choice of heir, to Augustus was: a. grandson b. great-nephew c. stepson d. nephew
47.	Aulus Plautius, Vespasian, and Ostorius Scapula subdued Britain as a province during the reign of:  a. Vespasian b. Nero c. Claudius d. Tiberius
48.	What famous document was issued by Constantine I which granted an unrestricted freedom of worship to Christians and restored some confiscated properties?  a. Nicene Creed b. <i>Ius Maiorum</i> c. Edict of Nantes  b. Lex Romana Visigothorum
49.	Antoninus Pius was awarded the title"Pius" for what reason?  a. restoring the worship of Mars Ultor  b. building a new home & temple for the Vestals  c. his serious and exemplary lifestyle  d. securing the deification of his adoptive father Hadrian
50.	Which centuries are considered by most to be the era of the <i>Pax Romana</i> ?  a. first B.C.E. & first A.D.(C.E.)  b. first and second A.D.(C.E.)  c. second & third A.D.(C.E.)  d. third & fourth A.D.(C.E.)

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